# Package 'megadepth'

May 11, 2024

Title megadepth: BigWig and BAM related utilities

**Version** 1.14.0 **Date** 2021-08-05

**Description** This package provides an R interface to Megadepth by Christopher Wilks available at https://github.com/ChristopherWilks/megadepth. It is particularly useful for computing the coverage of a set of genomic regions across bigWig or BAM files. With this package, you can build base-pair coverage matrices for regions or annotations of your choice from BigWig files. Megadepth was used to create the raw files provided by https://bioconductor.org/packages/recount3.

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URL https://github.com/LieberInstitute/megadepth

 ${\bf BugReports}\ {\tt https://support.bioconductor.org/t/megadepth}$ 

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(<a href="https://github.com/ChristopherWilks/megadepth">https://github.com/ChristopherWilks/megadepth</a>)

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bam\_to\_bigwig Convert a BAM file to a BigWig

# Description

Given an input BAM file, convert this to the BigWig format which can then be used in get\_coverage().

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## Usage

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```
bam_to_bigwig(
  bam_file,
  prefix = file.path(tempdir(), basename(bam_file)),
  min_unique_qual = FALSE,
  double_count = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

prefix

bam\_file A character(1) with the path to the input BAM file.

A character(1) specifying the output file prefix. This function creates a Big-Wig file called {prefix}.all.bw. By default, the prefix is the BAM file name and the file is created in the tempdir() and will be deleted after you close your R session.

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min\_unique\_qual

A integer(1) specifying a mapping quality threshold and only bases above this will be used to generate the BigWig. If set to FALSE this argument is not used by Megadepth. Otherwise it will generate files {prefix}.unique.bw and {prefix}.unique.tsv.

double\_count

A logical(1) determining whether to count the overlapping ends of paired ends reads twice.

overwrite

A logical(1) specifying whether to overwrite the output file(s), if they exist already.

#### **Details**

Note that this functionality is currently not supported on Windows by Megadepth.

#### Value

A character() with the path to the output files(s).

## **Examples**

```
## Install the latest version if necessary
install_megadepth(force = TRUE)
## Find the example BAM file
example_bam <- system.file("tests", "test.bam",</pre>
    package = "megadepth", mustWork = TRUE
## Create the BigWig file
## Currently Megadepth does not support this on Windows
if (!xfun::is_windows()) {
    example_bw <- bam_to_bigwig(example_bam, overwrite = TRUE)</pre>
    ## Path to the output file(s) generated by bam_to_bigwig()
    example_bw
    ## Use the all.bw file in get_coverage(), first find an annotation file
    annotation_file <- system.file("tests", "testbw2.bed",</pre>
        package = "megadepth", mustWork = TRUE
    ## Compute the coverage
    bw_cov <- get_coverage(</pre>
        example_bw["all.bw"],
        op = "mean",
        annotation = annotation_file
    bw_cov
}
```

bam\_to\_junctions

bam\_to\_junctions

Extract junctions from a BAM file

# **Description**

Given a BAM file, extract junction information including co-ordinates, strand, anchor length for each junction read. For details on the format of the output TSV file, check https://github.com/ChristopherWilks/megadepth#junctions.

A character(1) with the path to the input BAM file.

## Usage

```
bam_to_junctions(
  bam_file,
  prefix = file.path(tempdir(), basename(bam_file)),
  all_junctions = TRUE,
  junctions = FALSE,
  long_reads = FALSE,
  filter_in = 65535,
  filter_out = 260,
  overwrite = FALSE
)
```

# **Arguments**

bam\_file

| prefix        | A character(1) specifying the output file prefix. This function creates a file called prefix.jxs.tsv. By default, the prefix is the BAM file name and the file is created in the tempdir() and will be deleted after you close your R session. |
|---------------|--|
| all_junctions | A logical(1) indicating whether to obtain all junctions.   |
| junctions     | A logical(1) indicating whether to obtain co-occurring jx coordinates.   |
| long_reads    | A logical(1) indicating whether to increase the buffer size to accommodate for long-read RNA-sequencing.   |
| filter_in     | A integer (1) used to filter in read alignments. See https://github.com/ChristopherWilks/megadepth#ban processing and https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf for further documentation on how to apply this parameter.                 |
| filter_out    | A integer (1) used to filter out read alignments. See https://github.com/ChristopherWilks/megadepth#ba processing and https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf for further documentation on how to apply this parameter.                 |

A logical(1) specifying whether to overwrite the output file(s), if they exist

## Value

overwrite

A character(1) with the path to the output junction tsv file.

already.

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## **Examples**

get\_coverage

Compute coverage summarizations across a set of regions

## **Description**

Given an input set of annotation regions, compute coverage summarizations using Megadepth for a given BigWig file.

## Usage

```
get_coverage(
  bigwig_file,
  op = c("sum", "mean", "max", "min"),
  annotation,
  prefix = file.path(tempdir(), "bw.mean")
)
```

# **Arguments**

bigwig\_file A character(1) with the path to the input BigWig file.

op A character(1) specifying the summarization operation to perform.

annotation A character(1) path to a BED file with the genomic coordinates you are in-

terested in.

prefix A character(1) specifying the output file prefix. This function creates a file

called prefix.annotation.tsv that can be read again later with read\_coverage(). By default the file is created in the tempdir() and will be deleted after you close

your R session.

## **Details**

Note that the chromosome names (seqnames) in the BigWig file and the annotation file should use the same format. Otherwise, Megadepth will return 0 counts.

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#### Value

A GRanges-class object with the coverage summarization across the annotation ranges.

#### See Also

Other Coverage functions: read\_coverage()

## **Examples**

```
## Install if necessary
install_megadepth()
## Next, we locate the example BigWig and annotation files
example_bw <- system.file("tests", "test.bam.all.bw",</pre>
    package = "megadepth", mustWork = TRUE
)
annotation_file <- system.file("tests", "testbw2.bed",</pre>
    package = "megadepth", mustWork = TRUE
## Compute the coverage
bw_cov <- get_coverage(example_bw, op = "mean", annotation = annotation_file)</pre>
bw_cov
## If you want to cast this into a RleList object use the following code:
## (it's equivalent to rtracklayer::import.bw(as = "RleList"))
## although in the megadepth case the data has been summarized
GenomicRanges::coverage(bw_cov)
## Checking with derfinder and rtracklayer
bed <- rtracklayer::import(annotation_file)</pre>
## The file needs a name
names(example_bw) <- "example"</pre>
## Read in the base-pair coverage data
if (!xfun::is_windows()) {
    regionCov <- derfinder::getRegionCoverage(</pre>
        regions = bed,
        files = example_bw,
        verbose = FALSE
   )
    ## Summarize the base-pair coverage data.
    ## Note that we have to round the mean to make them comparable.
    testthat::expect_equivalent(
        round(sapply(regionCov[c(1, 3:4, 2)], function(x) mean(x$value)), 2),
        bw_cov$score,
    )
    ## If we compute the sum, there's no need to round
    testthat::expect_equivalent(
```

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```
sapply(regionCov[c(1, 3:4, 2)], function(x) sum(x$value)),
    get_coverage(example_bw, op = "sum", annotation = annotation_file)$score,
)
}
```

install\_megadepth

Install Megadepth

## **Description**

Download the appropriate Megadepth executable for your platform from Github and try to copy it to a system directory so **megadepth** can run the megadepth command.

## Usage

```
install_megadepth(version = "latest", force = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

version A character()' specifying the Megadepth version number, e.g., 1.0.4; the

special value latest means the latest version (fetched from Github releases).

force A logical(1) specifying whether to install megadepth even if it has already

been installed.

#### **Details**

If this function is run in an non-interactive session such as R CMD Check, it will install Megadepth to tempdir(). If this function is run interactively, the user will be prompted to agree to allow Megadepth to be installed at Sys.getenv('APPDATA') on Windows, '~/Library/Application Support' on macOS, and '~/bin/' on other platforms (such as Linux). If these directories are not writable, the package directory 'Megadepth' of **megadepth** will be used. If it still fails, you have to install Megadepth by yourself and make sure it can be found via the environment variable PATH.

If you want to install Megadepth to a custom path, you can set the global option megadepth.dir to a directory to store the Megadepth executable before you call install\_megadepth(), e.g., options(megadepth.hugo.dir = '~/Downloads/Megadepth\_1.0.4/'). This may be useful for you to use a specific version of Megadepth for a specific project. You can set this option per project, similar to how blogdown.hugo.dir is used for specifying the directory for Hugo in the **blogdown** package. See Section 1.4 Global options for details, or store a copy of Megadepth on a USB Flash drive along with your project code.

#### Value

Returns NULL. The main use is to install Megadepth.

## References

This function is based on blogdown::install\_hugo() which is available from https://github.com/rstudio/blogdown/blob/master/R/install.R.

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## **Examples**

```
## Install megadepth
install_megadepth()
```

megadepth\_cmd

Run Megadepth commands

# **Description**

Wrapper functions to run Megadepth commands via system2('megadepth', ...).

# Usage

```
megadepth_cmd(...)
megadepth_shell(input = ".", ...)
```

## **Arguments**

... Arguments to be passed to system2('megadepth', ...), e.g. annotation(path) is basically megadepth\_cmd(c('--annotation', path)) (i.e. run the command megadepth --annotation path).

input A character(1) with the path to the input BAM, BigWig or text file for Megadepth.

## Value

See base::system2() for the types of output you can generate.

A character() with the capture of the standard output stream generated by Megadepth.

## **Functions**

- megadepth\_cmd(): Run an arbitrary Megadepth command.
- megadepth\_shell(): Run an arbitrary Megadepth command.

## References

megadepth\_cmd() is based on blogdown::hugo\_cmd() which is available at https://github.com/rstudio/blogdown/blob/master/R/hugo.R.

megadepth\_shell() is based on the shell\_ls() example from cmdfun which is available at https://snystrom.github.io/cmdfun/index.html.

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#### **Examples**

```
## Install if necessary
install_megadepth()

## Find version
## megadepth_shell() provides an interface more familiar to R users
megadepth_shell(version = TRUE)
## megadepth_cmd() requires using directly the command line syntax for
## Megadepth
megadepth megadepth_cmd("--version", stdout = TRUE)

## Compare the help files:
# megadepth_shell() captures the standard output and returns a character()
# megadepth_cmd() shows the standard output on the console
megadepth_shell("--help")
megadepth_cmd("--help")
```

process\_junction\_table

Process junctions into a STAR compatible format

## Description

Parses the junctions outputted from process\_junction\_table() into an STAR compatible format (SJ.out) for more convenient use in downstream analyses. The columns strand, intron\_motif and annotated will always be 0 (undefined) but can be derived through extracting the dinucleotide motifs for the given reference coordinates for canonical motifs. This function is an R-implementation of the Megadepth helper script, on which further details of column definitions can be found: https://github.com/ChristopherWilks/megadepth#junctions.

## Usage

```
process_junction_table(all_jxs)
```

# **Arguments**

```
all_jxs A tibble::tibble() containing junction data ("all.jxs.tsv") generated by bam_to_junctions(all_junction_table().
```

# Value

Processed junctions in a STAR-compatible format.

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## **Examples**

read\_coverage

Read a coverage TSV file created by Megadepth

## **Description**

Read an \*annotation.tsv file created by get\_coverage() or manually by the user using Megadepth.

## Usage

```
read_coverage(tsv_file, verbose = TRUE)
read_coverage_table(tsv_file)
```

#### **Arguments**

tsv\_file A character(1) specifying the path to the tab-separated (TSV) file created

manually using megadepth\_shell() or on a previous get\_coverage() run.

verbose A logical(1) controlling whether to suppress messages when reading the data.

#### Value

A GRanges-class object with the coverage summarization across the annotation ranges.

A tibble::tibble() with columns chr, start, end and score.

#### **Functions**

• read\_coverage\_table(): Read a coverage TSV file created by Megadepth as a table

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## See Also

Other Coverage functions: get\_coverage()

## **Examples**

```
## Install if necessary
install_megadepth()
## Locate example BigWig and annotation files
example_bw <- system.file("tests", "test.bam.all.bw",</pre>
    package = "megadepth", mustWork = TRUE
)
annotation_file <- system.file("tests", "testbw2.bed",</pre>
    package = "megadepth", mustWork = TRUE
## Compute the coverage
bw_cov <- get_coverage(example_bw, op = "mean", annotation = annotation_file)</pre>
bw_cov
## Read in the coverage file again, using read_coverage()
## First, lets locate the tsv file that was generated by get_coverage()
tsv_file <- file.path(tempdir(), "bw.mean.annotation.tsv")</pre>
bw_cov_manual <- read_coverage(tsv_file)</pre>
stopifnot(identical(bw_cov, bw_cov_manual))
## To get an RleList object, just like the one you would get
## from using rtracklayer::import.bw(as = "RleList") directly on the
## BigWig file, use:
GenomicRanges::coverage(bw_cov_manual)
## The coverage data can also be read as a `tibble::tibble()`
read_coverage_table(tsv_file)
```

 ${\tt read\_junction\_table} \qquad \textit{Read a junction TSV file created by Megadepth as a table}$ 

## **Description**

Read an \*all\_jxs.tsv or \*jxs.tsv file created by bam\_to\_junctions() or manually by the user using Megadepth. The rows of a \*jxs.tsv can have either 7 or 14 columns, which can lead to warnings when reading in - these are safe to ignore. For details on the format of the input TSV file, check https://github.com/ChristopherWilks/megadepth#junctions.

# Usage

```
read_junction_table(tsv_file)
```

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## **Arguments**

tsv\_file

A character(1) specifying the path to the tab-separated (TSV) file created manually using megadepth\_shell() or on a previous bam\_to\_junctions() run.

#### Value

A tibble::tibble() with the junction data that follows the format specified at https://github.com/ChristopherWilks/megadepth#junctions.

## **Examples**

```
## Install if necessary
install_megadepth()

## Find the example BAM file
example_bam <- system.file("tests", "test.bam",
    package = "megadepth", mustWork = TRUE
)

## Run bam_to_junctions()
example_jxs <- bam_to_junctions(example_bam, overwrite = TRUE)

## Read the junctions in as a tibble
all_jxs <- read_junction_table(example_jxs[["all_jxs.tsv"]])
all_jxs</pre>
```

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