Package 'bnbc'

October 16, 2019
Version 1.6.0
Title Bandwise normalization and batch correction of Hi-C data
Description Tools to normalize (several) Hi-C data from replicates.
Depends R (>= 3.4.0), methods, BiocGenerics, SummarizedExperiment, GenomicRanges
Suggests BiocStyle, knitr, rmarkdown, RUnit
Imports Rcpp (>= 0.12.12), IRanges, GenomeInfoDb, S4Vectors, matrixStats, preprocessCore, sva, parallel, EBImage, utils
LinkingTo Rcpp
VignetteBuilder knitr
License Artistic-2.0
URL https://github.com/hansenlab/bnbc
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/hansenlab/bnbc/issues</pre>
biocViews HiC, Preprocessing, Normalization, Software
git_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/bnbc
git_branch RELEASE_3_9
git_last_commit 0454e24
git_last_commit_date 2019-05-02
Date/Publication 2019-10-15
Author Kipper Fletez-Brant [cre, aut], Kasper Daniel Hansen [aut]
Maintainer Kipper Fletez-Brant <cafletezbrant@gmail.com></cafletezbrant@gmail.com>
R topics documented:
bnbc-package band bnbc cgApply cgEx ContactGroup-class getBandIdx getBandMatrix groupZeros smoothing
smoothing

2 bnbc-package

Index 12

bnbc-package

Bandwise normalization and batch correction of Hi-C data

Description

Tools to normalize (several) Hi-C data from replicates.

Details

The DESCRIPTION file: This package was not yet installed at build time.

Index: This package was not yet installed at build time.

The package implements the bnbc method for normalizing Hi-C data across samples. The name is short for band-wise normalization and batch correction. The main workhorse is the bnbc function. We recommend using smoothing and library size normalization first.

The package implements the ContactGroup class for storing multiple Hi-C contact matrices. This is most naturally done with one object per chromosome, which is ugly.

We also have functions for applying over a ContactGroup (cgApply) and working with matrix bands band, getBandIdx.

Author(s)

NA

Maintainer: NA

References

Fletez-Brant et al. *Distance-dependent between-sample normalization for Hi-C experiments*. In preparation.

See Also

bnbc, ContactGroup, band, cgApply.

```
data(cgEx)
batches <- colData(cgEx)$Batch
cgEx.cpm <- logCPM(cgEx)
cgEx.smooth <- boxSmoother(cgEx, 5, mc.cores=1)
cgEx.bnbc <- bnbc(cgEx.smooth, batches, 1e7, 4e4, bstart=2, nbands=4)</pre>
```

band 3

band Get Band

Description

Get or set band from matrix.

Usage

```
band(mat, band.no)
band(mat, band.no) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

mat A matrix.

band. no Integer specifying which matrix band. band. no = 1 retrieves the main diagonal.

value A scalar or vector equal in length to the matrix band.

Details

A matrix band is the set of elements in a matrix from a specific off-diagonal.

Value

A matrix band in the form of a vector.

See Also

getBandIdx

```
mat <- matrix(1:9, 3, 3)
band(mat, band.no = 2)
mat
band(mat, band.no = 2) <- c(9,10)
mat

data(cgEx)
tact.1 <- contacts(cgEx)[[1]]
b2 <- band(tact.1, 2)
band(tact.1, 2) <- b2</pre>
```

4 bnbc

bnbc	Normalize Contact Matrices with BNBC	

Description

Applies BNBC method to normalize contact matrices.

Usage

```
bnbc(cg, batch, threshold = NULL, step = NULL, qn = TRUE, nbands
= NULL, mod = NULL, mean.only = FALSE, tol = 5, bstart = 2, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

cg	A ContactGroup object.
batch	A single batch indicator variable.
threshold	The maximum distance interacting loci are allowed to be separated by.
step	The step size, or the number of bases a contact matrix cell represents.
qn	Whether to apply quantile normalization on each band matrix. Defaults to TRUE.
bstart	The first band to normalize. Defaults to 2.
nbands	The last band to normalize. Defaults to nrow(cg) -1.
mod	A model matrix specifying which sample information is to be preserved by ComBat. Optional.
mean.only	Whether ComBat should not correct for batch effect in the variances of band matrix rows. Defaults to FALSE, which means variances are corrected. Set to TRUE if there is only one observation per batch.
tol	The number of significant digits for which the mean value of a band matrix must be greater than 0 to be processed by ComBat.

Details

verbose

Normalization and batch correction is performed in a band-wise manner, correcting all samples' observations of one matrix off-diagonal (which we refer to as a matrix "band") at a time. For each matrix band, we collect all samples' observations into a single matrix. We then apply quantile normalization to ensure distributional similarity across samples. Finally, we perform batch effect correction using ComBat on this matrix. Each samples' matrix band is then replaced with its corrected version. We refer to this process of Band-Wise Normalization and Batch Correction as BNBC.

Should the function print progress?

This function applies BNBC to the set of contact matrices and returns a ContactGroup object with matrix bands bstart:nbands corrected. For those rows in the matrix bands which cannot be corrected we set all elements to 0.

Very high bands contain little data in Hi-C experiments, and we don't recommend to analyze those or apply this function to high bands, see the nbands argument to the function.

We recommend performing bnbc on contact matrices which have been converted to log-CPM and smoothed, see the example.

cgApply 5

Value

A ContactGroup object for which matrix bands bstart: nbands have had BNBC applied.

References

Johnson, W.E., Li, C. and Rabinovic, A. *Adjusting batch effects in microarray expression data using empirical Bayes methods.* Biostatistics 2007, 8:118-127. doi: 10.1093/biostatistics/kxj037

Fletez-Brant et al. *Distance-dependent between-sample normalization for Hi-C experiments*. In preparation.

See Also

ContactGroup, logCPM, boxSmoother, band

Examples

```
data(cgEx)
batches <- colData(cgEx)$Batch
cgEx.cpm <- logCPM(cgEx)
cgEx.smooth <- boxSmoother(cgEx, 5, mc.cores=1)
cgEx.bnbc <- bnbc(cgEx.smooth, batches, 1e7, 4e4, bstart=2, nbands=4)</pre>
```

cgApply

Apply-type methods

Description

These functions are apply-type functions for ContactGroup objects.

Usage

```
cgApply(cg, FUN, mc.cores=1, ...)
cgBandApply(cg, FUN, nbands=NULL, mc.cores=1, bstart=2, ...)
```

Arguments

cg	A ContactGroup object.
FUN	A function to be applied. For cgApply this function should operate on a square matrix. For cgBandApply this function should operate on a band, ie. a vector (see band).
mc.cores	The number of cores to be used. Defaults to 1
bstart	The first band to apply a function to. Defaults to 2. Only applicable to cgBandApply.
nbands	The last band to apply a function to. Default is nrow(cg) -1. Only applicable to cgBandApply.
	Passed to mclapply.

6 cgEx

Details

These methods make it easy to apply functions to either all contact matrices or a set of bands in all contact matrices. Both methods accept a function FUN. For cgApply, the first argument should be cg, the contact group itself. For cgBandApply, the first argument should also be cg, and the second argument should be a specific band number. Additionally, the bands to be iterated are specified through bstart:nbands: bstart indicates the starting band, and nbands indicates the last band.

Value

For cgApply, a ContactGroup object. For cgBandApply, a list whose elements are the returned value of FUN.

See Also

ContactGroup, getBandMatrix, band

Examples

```
data(cgEx)
cgEx.1 <- cgApply(cgEx, FUN=function(xx){ xx + 1 })
band.matrix.list <- cgBandApply(cgEx, FUN=getBandMatrix, bstart=2, nbands=5)</pre>
```

cgEx

Sample chr22 Data

Description

This is a sample ContactGroup object representing observations on chr22 from 3 1k Genomes trios' lymphoblastoid cell lines (LCL). colData(cgEx) gives the cell line name (CellLine), the ethnicity of the individual (Population), the family (Family), the gender (Gender), the relationship of the individuals within a trio (Role), the replicate number (Tech) and each sample's batch (Batch).

These data were generated by the dilution Hi-C method using HindIII (Lieberman-Aiden et al.). Hi-C contact matrices were generated by tiling the genome into 40kb bins and counting the number of interactions between bins.

These data have undergone no preprocessing.

Format

The data is an object of class ContactGroup.

Source

Raw data are available from the 4D nucleome data portal (https://data.4dnucleome.org) under accessions 4DNESYUYFD6H, 4DNESVKLYDOH, 4DNESHGL976U, 4DNESJ1VX52C, 4DNESI2UKI7P, 4DNESTAPSPUC, 4DNES4GSP9S4, 4DNESJIYRA44, 4DNESE3ICNE1.

References

Lieberman-Aiden, E, et al. *Comprehensive mapping of long-range interactions reveals folding principles of the human genome*. Science 2009, 326:289-293. doi: 10.1126/science.1181369

ContactGroup-class 7

See Also

ContactGroup

ContactGroup-class Class "ContactGroup"

Description

The ContactGroup class represents a collection of contact matrices which are observations from different samples on the same set of genomic loci.

Usage

ContactGroup(rowData, contacts, colData)

Arguments

rowData Object of class GenomicRanges equal in length to the number of rows/columns

in contact matrices.

contacts Object of class list that contains all contact matrices.

colData Object of class DataFrame containing sample-level information.

Details

The ContactGroup class contains a set of contact matrices in the slot 'contacts'. All matrices are required to be of the same dimensionality. 'ContactGroup()' expects a list of symmetric matrices to be passed to the contstructor. Data about these contact matrices is held in two other slots. Data about the genomic loci represented in the ContactGroup is found in the 'rowData' slot as a GenomicRanges objects, and sample-level information is located in the 'colData' slot as a DataFrame.

Value

A ContactGroup object.

Methods

In the code snippets below, x is a ContactGroup object.

[signature(x = "ContactGroup", i = "ANY", j = "ANY", drop = "ANY"): Allows for subsetting the contact matrices through use of i or of samples through j.

colData signature(x = "ContactGroup"): Get sample-level information about samples in x

colData<- signature(x = "ContactGroup", value = "DataFrame"): Set sample-level information about samples in x. value is expected to be a DataFrame object.

dim signature(x = "ContactGroup"): Obtain the dimensions of a ContactGroup. Returns 2 values: one representing the number of bins in the contact matrices and another representing the number of samples.

rowData signature(x = "ContactGroup"): Get the GenomicRanges object describing the loci in the ContactGroup. value is expected to be a GenomicRanges object.

rowData<- signature(x = "ContactGroup"): Set the GenomicRanges object describing the bins
in the ContactGroup. value is expected to be a GenomicRanges object.</pre>

8 ContactGroup-class

show signature(object = "ContactGroup"): Method to display summary information about a ContactGroup: the number of bins, the width of the bins and the number of samples.

librarySize signature(x = "ContactGroup"): Method to compute the library size of each contact matrix in x. Library size is defined to be the sum of the upper triangle of a contact matrix.

Utilities

contacts(x), contacts(x) <-value: Method to extract the list of contact matrices from a ContactGroup. value is expected to be a list object.

distanceIdx signature(cg = "ContactGroup", threshold="ANY", step="ANY"): Method to identify which matrix bands are no more than threshold bins apart, where each bin represents step base pairs.

References

Law, C.W., Chen, Y., Shi, W. and Smyth G.K. *voom: Precision weights unlock linear model analysis tools for RNA-seq read counts.* Genome Biology 2014, 15:R29. doi: 10.1186/gb2014152r29.

```
data(cgEx)
cgEx[1,]
cgEx[,1]
cd <- colData(cgEx)</pre>
colData(cgEx) <- cd</pre>
gr <- rowData(cgEx)</pre>
rowData(cgEx) <- gr</pre>
cgEx
cl <- contacts(cgEx)</pre>
contacts(cgEx) <- cl
d.idx <- distanceIdx(cgEx, 1e7, 4e4)</pre>
libs <- librarySize(cgEx)</pre>
cgEx.cpm <- logCPM(cgEx)</pre>
## below, upper.mats.list is a list of upper triangular matrices
## SampleData is a DataFrame of sample data and LociData is a GenomicRanges objec
## Not run:
  MatsList <- lapply(upper.mats.list, function(M) M[lower.tri(M)] = M[upper.tri(M)])</pre>
  cg <- ContactGroup(LociData, MatsList, SampleData)</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

getBandIdx 9

getBandIdx Get Band Indices

Description

Get the indices corresponding to a matrix band.

Usage

```
getBandIdx(n, band.no)
```

Arguments

n The number of rows/columns of a contact matrix

band. no Integer specifying which matrix band. band. no = 1 retrieves the main diagonal.

Details

This function is used in subsetting contact matrices, primarily in getBandMatrix. However, users wishing to extract band matrices directly may find this useful

Value

A matrix with 2 columns and as many rows as entries in the matrix band.

See Also

ContactGroup, getBandMatrix, band

Examples

```
data(cgEx)
b2.idx <- getBandIdx(nrow(cgEx), 2)</pre>
```

getBandMatrix

Get Band Matrix

Description

Get band matrix from ContactGroup.

Usage

```
getBandMatrix(cg, band.no=1)
```

Arguments

cg A ContactGroup object.

band. no Integer specifying which matrix band. no = 1 retrieves the main diagonal.

10 groupZeros

Details

A band matrix is a matrix whose columns are the band. no-th off-diagonal of each sample's contact matrix. If there are k samples and matrix band band. no has r entries, then the returned band matrix is of dimension $r \times k$.

Value

A matrix with one column per sample in the ContactGroup and number of rows equal to the length of the matrix band.

See Also

ContactGroup, getBandIdx, band

Examples

```
data(cgEx)
b2 <- getBandMatrix(cgEx, 2)</pre>
```

groupZeros

Group Zero Operations

Description

These functions find and remove rows in the set of contact matrices for which all elements in the row are 0 in all samples.

Usage

```
getGroupZeros(cg)
dropGroupZeros(cg, g0s)
```

Arguments

cg A ContactGroup object.

g0s A list of elements identified as group zeros.

Details

Group zeros are those rows for which all elements of the row in all samples are 0. These can impact estimation of features such as A/B compartment status and so should be removed for many analyses.

Value

A ContactGroup object with the group zeros removed from all rows in all contact matrices.

See Also

ContactGroup

smoothing 11

Examples

```
data(cgEx)
g0s <- getGroupZeros(cgEx)
cgEx <- dropGroupZeros(cgEx, g0s)</pre>
```

smoothing

Smoothing Operations

Description

These functions apply a smoothing kernel to all contact matrices in a ContactGroup object.

Usage

```
boxSmoother(cg, h, mc.cores)
gaussSmoother(cg, radius, sigma, mc.cores)
```

Arguments

cg	A ContactGroup object.
h	The desired smoother radius. Only applies to box smoother. This is an integer.
radius	The desired smoother width. Only applies to Gaussian smoother. This is an integer.
sigma	The desired smoother standard deviation. Only applies to Gaussian smoother. This is a positive number.
mc.cores	The number of cores to be used.

Details

boxSmoother applies a square smoothing kernel of radius h to all contact matrices in a Contact-Group object. Specifying radius h implies that the width of the kernel is 2*h+1 matrix cells. gaussSmoother applies a square Gaussain smoothing kernel of width radius with standard deviation sigma to all contact matrices in a ContactGroup object.

Value

A ContactGroup object is returned that contains the smoothed matrices.

See Also

ContactGroup

```
data(cgEx)
cgEx.smooth <- boxSmoother(cgEx, h=5, mc.cores=1)
cgEx.smooth <- gaussSmoother(cgEx, radius=3, sigma=0.5, mc.cores=1)</pre>
```

Index

```
*Topic classes
                                                 rowData, ContactGroup-method
    ContactGroup-class, 7
                                                          (ContactGroup-class), 7
*Topic datasets
                                                 rowData<-,ContactGroup-method</pre>
                                                          (ContactGroup-class), 7
    cgEx, 6
*Topic package
                                                 show,ContactGroup-method
    bnbc-package, 2
                                                          (ContactGroup-class), 7
[, ContactGroup, ANY, ANY, ANY-method
                                                 smoothing, 11
        (ContactGroup-class), 7
band, 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10
band<- (band), 3
bnbc, 2, 4
bnbc-package, 2
boxSmoother, 5
boxSmoother (smoothing), 11
cgApply, 2, 5
cgBandApply (cgApply), 5
cgEx, 6
colData,ContactGroup-method
        (ContactGroup-class), 7
colData<-,ContactGroup,DataFrame-method</pre>
        (ContactGroup-class), 7
ContactGroup, 2, 5–7, 9–11
ContactGroup (ContactGroup-class), 7
ContactGroup-class, 7
contacts (ContactGroup-class), 7
contacts<- (ContactGroup-class), 7</pre>
dim,ContactGroup-method
        (ContactGroup-class), 7
distanceIdx (ContactGroup-class), 7
dropGroupZeros (groupZeros), 10
gaussSmoother (smoothing), 11
getBandIdx, 3, 9, 10
getBandMatrix, 6, 9, 9
getGroupZeros (groupZeros), 10
groupZeros, 10
librarySize (ContactGroup-class), 7
logCPM, 5
logCPM (ContactGroup-class), 7
```