# Package 'SwimR'

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Type Package

<b>Title</b> SwimR: A Suite of Analytical Tools for Quantification of C. elegans Swimming Behavior	
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Description SwimR is an R-based suite that calculates, analyses, and plots the frequency of C. elegans swimming behavior over time. It places a particular emphasis on identifying paralysis and quantifying the kinetic elements of paralysis during swimming. Data is input to SwipR from a custom built program that fits a 5 point morphometric spine to videos of single worms swimming in a buffer called Worm Tracker.	
License LGPL-2	
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SwimR-package

SwimR: A Suite of Analytical Tools for Quantification of C. elegans Swimming Behavior

## **Description**

SwimR is an R-based suite that calculates, analyses, and plots the frequency of C. elegans swimming behavior over time. It places a particular emphasis on identifying paralysis and quantifying the kinetic elements of paralysis during swimming. Data is input to SwipR from a custom built program that fits a 5 point morphometric spine to videos of single worms swimming in a buffer called Worm Tracker.

## **Details**

Package: SwimR
Type: Package
Version: 0.99.1
Date: 2013-08-17
License: LGPL (>= 2)

LazyLoad: yes

## Author(s)

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## References

An Open-Source Analytical Platform for Analysis of C. elegans Swimming Induced Paralysis (under reivew).

#### See Also

SwimR

createFrequencyMatrix Analyzing the frequency of worm thrashing over time and creating the frequency matrix and annotation file

## Description

This function analyzes the frequency of worm thrashing over time for the files returned by the Tracker program and then combined the frequency of all files into a matrix and extracted genotype information from tracker file names to create annotation file.

## **Arguments**

inputPath in a directory which contains the files returned by the Tracker pro-

gram. Because annotation file is generated by extracting the genotype information from tracker file names, the user should use dashes to denote genotypes and separate the date in the file name like Genotype\_Drug(if used)\_Dose(if

used)\_Date\_#. The following are some examples of tracker file names: N4\_AMPH\_100uM\_2-

 $11-14\_1\ (genotype\ is\ N4),\ dat-1ok157\_IMI\_10uM\_12-12-12\_7(genotype\ is\ dat-1ok157),\ cat-2e1112dat-1ok157\_2-20-09\_2\ (genotype\ is\ cat-2e1112dat-1ok157)$  and  $dat-1ok157dop-3vs106\_5-17-06\_4\ (genotype\ is\ dat-1ok157dop-3vs106).$ 

outputPath is a directory which saves the plots and files returned by the func-

tion.

method The function provides four different counting methods: "FFT" (Fast Fourier

Transform), "Extrema", "PeakDet" (peak delta) and "RT+GP" (Get Peaks plus Racetrack Filter) and the users can select one of them to output the correspond-

ing frequency matrix. The default outputted method is "Extrema".

Threshold Threshold is the amount of degrees (in radians) required to count at as thrash

and the default is 0.6.

DeltaPeakDt is the threshold for "peak delta" algorithm, similar to Threshold

and the default is 1.6.

MinFrameBtwnMax

MinFrameBtwnMax is the minimum number of frames between maxima and the

default is 4.

MinDelta is similar to DeltaPeakDet and the default is 2.5.

longPeriod is the longest period cycle which is not zerod and the default is 5.

AvWindowSize AvWindowSize is the length of the average window in seconds and the default is

10 seconds.

fps fps is the frame per second and the default is 15.

WindowSize WindowSize is the size of window for computing the Fast Fourier Transform

and the default is 30.

MaxCompWin is the window size on deciding if the current angle is a maxima and

the default is 2.

minTime is the minimum threshold of time points for the following analysis and

the default is 0 second.

maxTime maxTime is the maximum threshold of time points for the following analysis and

the default is 600 seconds.

## **Details**

The createFrequencyMatrix function outputs six files:

- $1. \ output Description\_create Frequency Matrix.html\ contains\ a\ summary\ of\ all\ output\ files.$
- 2. XFig.jpg is the image of scatter plot of one animal plotted as "Frequency vs Time(min)" with all four counting methods overlaid. "X" of "XFig.jpg" represents the input file names.
- 3. XFigSub.jpg is the same as XFig.jpg except counting methods are broken up into four different plots. This is very helpful in checking through a video to make sure that Tracker tracked the worm properly. Bad contrast can be a problem with Tracker missing the worm and these files help to identify troublesome videos for retracking or discarding.

4. XFreq.csv is the CSV file of raw data organized by column, where column one represents frequency as counted by FFT, column two represents frequency calculated by Extrema, column three represents frequency calculated by PeakDt, column four represents frequency as counted by RT+GP and column five represents time in seconds.

- 5. frequencyMatrix.txt is a TXT file which contains the information of frequencyMatrix.
- 6. annotationfile.txt is a TXT file which contains the information of annotation.

#### Value

The createFrequencyMatrix function returns a list object which contains the following information:

frequencyMatrix

frequencyMatrix combines the analysis results of the frequency of worm thrashing over time for all Tracker files in the inputPath.

annotation

annotation contains all genotype information extracted from file names of all Tracker files in the inputPath.

## Note

The worm frequency analysis script in this function is converted from matlab script coded by Katherine Fleming and Paul Fleming.

#### Author(s)

Jing Wang and Andrew Hardaway

#### See Also

SwimR

## **Examples**

```
inputPath <- system.file("extdata","trackerFiles",package="SwimR")
  outputPath <- getwd()
  freMat <- createFrequencyMatrix(inputPath, outputPath, method = "Extrema",
Threshold = 0.6, DeltaPeakDt = 1.6, MinFrameBtwnMax = 4, MinDelta = 2.5, longPeriod = 5,
AvWindowSize = 10, fps = 15, ZP_Length = 100, WindowSize = 30, MaxCompWin = 2, minTime = 0,
maxTime = 600)</pre>
```

SwimR

Analyzing and visualizing worm swimming data

## Description

This function analyzes and visualizes worm swimming data returned by link{createFrequencyMatrix}. It places a particular emphasis on identifying paralysis and quantifying the kinetic elements of paralysis during swimming.

## Arguments

expfile expfile is the path of the frequency matrix returned by the link{createFrequencyMatrix}

function.

annfile annfile is the path of annotation file returned by the link{createFrequencyMatrix}

function.

projectname is the name of the project.

outputPath outputPath is a directory which saves the plots and files returned by the func-

tion.

color The function provides four colors to plot the heat map plot:"red/green", "red/blue",

"yellow/blue" and "white/black". The default color is "red/green".

data.collection.interval

data.collection.interval is the time interval between two points and the

default is 0.067.

window.size window.size is the size of the window for the running average that is calculated

to smooth the data. The default is 150.

mads mads is the number of median absolute deviations that a given animal must de-

viate from the median sum of frequencies to be called an outlier. The default is

4.4478.

quantile quantile is the proportion of data points that are used in calculating the color

scheme for the heat map and the default is 0.95.

interval interval is the minimum time that a given animal must lie below a threshold

to be called a paralyzed worm for the first calculation and the default is 20.

degree is the paralytic degree for the first calculation and the default is 0.2.

paralysis.interval

paralysis.interval is the same as interval but for the second calculation

and the default is 20.

paralysis.degree

paralysis.degree is the paralytic degree for the second calculation and the

default is 0.2.

rev.degree is the threshold that an animal must cross to be called a revertant

and the default is 0.5.

#### **Details**

The SwimR function outputs 13 files: 1. output\_SwimR.html contains a summary of all output files.

- 2. P\_sample\_t\_half.txt is a TXT file which contains the information of sample\_t\_half. "P" of "P\_sample\_t\_half.txt" is the projectname inputted by users.
- 3. P\_group\_data.txt is a TXT file which contains the information of group\_data.
- 4. P\_heatmap\_withingroup\_ordered\_globalcentering. jpg is a JPEG file of the heat map of all of the samples included in the data matrix after outlier exclusion, smoothing, ordering based on the latency to paralyse, and centering the color based on the quantile percent that can be set by the user in the parameters section of SwimR.
- 5. P\_heatmap\_withingroup\_ordered.txt is a TXT file of the raw data used to plot the heat map which is the same with group.ordered.data.
- 6. After exclusion and smoothing, P\_histogram.nooutliers.smoothed.jpg is a JPEG file of all frequency data points broken up into increasing 0.1 Hz bins and then plotted as the fraction of the total as a histogram.

7. P\_histogram.nooutliers.smoothed.data.G.txt is a TXT file of the raw data used to plot the histogram, which is the same with nooutliers.smoothed.data. "G" in the "P\_histogram.nooutliers.smoothed.data.G.tx is the genotype in the annotation file.

- 8. P\_individual\_data.txt is a TXT file which contains the information of individual.data. If there is no paralyzed animal, this file will not be outputted.
- 9. P\_individual\_data1.txt is a TXT file which contains the information of individual.data1. If there is no paralyzed animal, this file will not be outputted.
- 10. P\_intermediate.results.txt describes some key features of your samples after running SwimR, and is a great way to get a quick look at the incidence of paralysis amongst your samples. At the top of the file, it lists the parameters used in the subsequent calculations. Below that, it lists the summed frequency values for each of the animals included in the sample. And then the p value of the bimodal test for each genotype was listed. Below that, it lists each of the animals included and excluded after outlier detection. After that, it lists which animals were considered paralyzed and which not. For paralyzed animals, it then lists which of them were called revertants.
- 11. P\_scatter.jpg is a JPEG image of the average frequency plotted against time after outlier exclusion, but w/o smoothing.
- 12. P\_nooutliers\_smoothed\_scatter.jpg is a JPEG image of the average frequency plotted against time after outlier exclusion and smoothing.
- 13. P\_nooutliers\_smoothed\_scatter\_data.txt is a TXT file of the raw data used to plot the smoothed scatter.pdf, which is the same with group\_means.

#### Value

The SwimR function returns a list object which contains the following information:

sample\_t\_half sample\_t\_half contains each animal and their corresponding latency to paralyze. For non-paralyzers, N/A will be listed.

group\_data

The columns of group\_data is defined as follow. "freq\_max\_mean": Mean maximal swimming frequency; "freq max sd": Standard deviation of Mean maximal swimming frequency; "freq\_min\_mean": Mean minimum swimming frequency; "freq\_min\_sd": Standard deviation of Mean minimum swimming frequency; "freq\_range\_mean": Mean range between maximum and minimum; "freq range sd": Standard deviation of Mean range between maximum and minimum; "paralytic\_count": The number of paralyzed animals amongst the samples; "non-paralytic\_count": The number of non-paralyzed animals amongst the samples; "t\_half\_mean": Mean latency to cross the paralytic threshold set by the users (default is 20 interval (default is 20 seconds); "t\_half\_sd": Standard deviation of t\_half\_mean; "t\_p\_start\_mean": The mean time point (in seconds) at which each animal crosses a frequency that is min+paralytic threshold and stays below that threshold for the paralytic interval; "t\_p\_start\_sd": Standard deviation of t\_p\_start\_mean; "t\_p2end\_mean": The average range of time after paralysis; "t\_p2end\_sd": Standard deviation of t\_p2end\_mean; "rev\_count": The number of revertants amongst the samples as defined by the threshold set by the user (default is animals have to recross 50 frequency range for any length of time; "rev percent": The number of revertants; "rev frequency mean": The number of reversion events; "t\_p2r\_mean": Mean time between 1st reversion and t\_p\_start\_mean; "t\_p2r\_sd": Standard deviation of t\_p2r\_mean; "t\_r\_total\_mean": Mean of total time spent in reversion for all revertants; "t r total sd": Standard deviation of t\_r\_total\_mean; "t\_r\_average\_mean": Mean length of an individual reversion event; "t\_r\_average\_sd": Standard deviation of t\_r\_average\_mean;

"r\_amp\_mean": Mean of total amplitude of reversion for all revertants, where

amplitude is defined by the area beyond the reversion threshold set by user (default is 50 discrete values for each measurement (same unit as frequency); "r\_amp\_sd": Standard deviation of r\_amp\_mean.

## group.ordered.data

group.ordered.data contains the data after outlier exclusion, smoothing and ordering based on the latency to paralyze.

#### individual.data

individual.data contains reversion information for individual animals. The definitions are identical to the group\_data, but "R\_count" is the number of reversion events for that animal. If there is no paralyzed animal, it will not be returned.

## individual.data1

For animals that paralyzed: The R\_instances row tells the user exactly when the animal reverted. For animals that did not revert, N/A will be listed. If there is no paralyzed animal, it will not be returned.

group\_means

group\_means contains average frequency and standard deviation for each group. The row names are the time.

nooutliers.smoothed.data

nooutliers.smoothed.data is a list object which contains all frequency data points broken up into increasing 0.1 Hz bins after exclusion and smoothing for each of genotypes.

## Author(s)

Jing Wang, Andrew Hardaway and Bing Zhang

## See Also

```
createFrequencyMatrix
```

## **Examples**

```
expfile <- system.file("extdata", "SwimExample", "SwimR_Matrix.txt", package="SwimR")
    annfile <- system.file("extdata", "SwimExample", "SwimR_anno.txt", package="SwimR")
    projectname <- "SwimR"
    outputPath <- getwd()
    result <- SwimR(expfile, annfile, projectname, outputPath, color = "red/green",
    data.collection.interval = 0.067, window.size = 150, mads = 4.4478, quantile = 0.95,
    interval = 20, degree = 0.2, paralysis.interval = 20, paralysis.degree = 0.2,
    rev.degree = 0.5)</pre>
```

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