

Package ‘BASiCS’

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Type Package

Title Bayesian Analysis of Single-Cell Sequencing data

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Description Single-cell mRNA sequencing can uncover novel cell-to-cell heterogeneity in gene expression levels in seemingly homogeneous populations of cells. However, these experiments are prone to high levels of technical noise, creating new challenges for identifying genes that show genuine heterogeneous expression within the population of cells under study. BASiCS (Bayesian Analysis of Single-Cell Sequencing data) is an integrated Bayesian hierarchical model to perform statistical analyses of single-cell RNA sequencing datasets in the context of supervised experiments (where the groups of cells of interest are known a priori, e.g. experimental conditions or cell types). BASiCS performs built-in data normalisation (global scaling) and technical noise quantification (based on spike-in genes).

BASiCS provides an intuitive detection criterion for highly (or lowly) variable genes within a single group of cells. Additionally, BASiCS can compare gene expression patterns between two or more pre-specified groups of cells. Unlike traditional differential expression tools, BASiCS quantifies changes in expression that lie beyond comparisons of means, also allowing the study of changes in cell-to-cell heterogeneity. The latter are quantified via a biological over-dispersion parameter that measures residual over-dispersion (with respect to Poisson sampling) after normalisation and technical noise removal.

License GPL (>= 2)

Depends R (>= 3.4), SingleCellExperiment

Imports SummarizedExperiment, S4Vectors, BiocGenerics, Rcpp (>= 0.11.3), methods, coda, scran, testthat, data.table, matrixStats, graphics, KernSmooth, grDevices, stats, utils

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LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

VignetteBuilder knitr

biocViews Normalization, Sequencing, RNASeq, Software, GeneExpression, Transcriptomics, SingleCell, DifferentialExpression, Bayesian, CellBiology

URL <https://github.com/catavallejos/BASiCS>

BugReports <https://github.com/catavallejos/BASiCS/issues>

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`BASiCS_Chain`

The BASiCS_Chain class

Description

Container of an MCMC sample of the BASiCS' model parameters (see Vallejos et al, 2015) as generated by the function `BASiCS_MCMC`.

Slots

parameters List of matrices containing MCMC chains for each model parameter.

- mu** MCMC chain for gene-specific mean expression parameters μ_i , biological genes only (matrix with q.bio columns, all elements must be positive numbers)
- delta** MCMC chain for gene-specific biological over-dispersion parameters δ_i , biological genes only (matrix with q.bio columns, all elements must be positive numbers)
- phi** MCMC chain for cell-specific mRNA content normalisation parameters ϕ_j (matrix with n columns, all elements must be positive numbers and the sum of its elements must be equal to n)
- s** MCMC chain for cell-specific technical normalisation parameters s_j (matrix with n columns, all elements must be positive numbers)
- nu** MCMC chain for cell-specific random effects ν_j (matrix with n columns, all elements must be positive numbers)
- theta** MCMC chain for technical over-dispersion parameter(s) θ (matrix, all elements must be positive, each column represents 1 batch)

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

Examples

```
# A BASiCS_Chain object created by the BASiCS_MCMC function.
Data <- makeExampleBASiCS_Data()
Chain <- BASiCS_MCMC(Data, N = 100, Thin = 2, Burn = 2)
```

BASiCS_Chain-methods 'show' method for BASiCS_Chain objects

Description

'show' method for [BASiCS_Chain](#) objects.

'updateObject' method for [BASiCS_Chain](#) objects. It is used to convert outdated [BASiCS_Chain](#) objects into a version that is compatible with the Bioconductor release of BASiCS. Do not use this method if [BASiCS_Chain](#) already contains a parameters slot.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BASiCS_Chain'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'BASiCS_Chain'
updateObject(object, ..., verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

object	A BASiCS_Chain object.
...	Additional arguments of updateObject generic method. Not used within BA-SiCS.
verbose	Additional argument of updateObject generic method. Not used within BA-SiCS.

Value

Prints a summary of the properties of object.

Returns an updated [BASiCS_Chain](#) object that contains all model parameters in a single slot object (list).

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

Examples

```
Data <- makeExampleBASiCS_Data()
Chain <- BASiCS_MCMC(Data, N = 50, Thin = 2, Burn = 2)

# Not run
# New_Chain <- updateObject(Old_Chain)
```

BASiCS_DenoisedCounts *Calculates denoised expression expression counts*

Description

Calculates denoised expression counts by removing cell-specific technical variation.

Usage

```
BASiCS_DenoisedCounts(Data, Chain)
```

Arguments

Data	an object of class SingleCellExperiment
Chain	an object of class BASiCS_Chain

Details

See vignette

Value

A matrix of denoised expression counts. In line with global scaling normalisation strategies, these are defined as $X_{ij}/(\phi_j \nu_j)$ for biological genes and $X_{ij}/(\nu_j)$ for spike-in genes. For this calculation $\phi_j \nu_j$ are estimated by their corresponding posterior medians.

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

See Also

[BASiCS_Chain](#)

Examples

```
Data <- makeExampleBASiCS_Data(WithSpikes = TRUE)
Chain <- BASiCS_MCMC(Data, N = 10000, Thin = 10, Burn = 5000,
                      PrintProgress = FALSE)

DC <- BASiCS_DenoisedCounts(Data, Chain)
```

BASiCS_DenoisedRates *Calculates denoised expression rates*

Description

Calculates normalised and denoised expression rates, by removing the effect of technical variation.

Usage

```
BASiCS_DenoisedRates(Data, Chain, Propensities = FALSE)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| Data | an object of class SingleCellExperiment |
| Chain | an object of class BASiCS_Chain |
| Propensities | If TRUE, returns underlying expression propensitites ρ_{ij} . Otherwise, denoised rates $\mu_i \rho_{ij}$ are returned. Default: Propensities = FALSE. |

Details

See vignette

Value

A matrix of denoised expression rates (biological genes only)

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

See Also

[BASiCS_Chain](#)

Examples

```
Data <- makeExampleBASiCS_Data(WithSpikes = TRUE)
Chain <- BASiCS_MCMC(Data, N = 10000, Thin = 10, Burn = 5000,
                      PrintProgress = FALSE)

DR <- BASiCS_DenoisedRates(Data, Chain)
```

BASiCS_DetectHVG

Detection method for highly and lowly variable genes

Description

Functions to detect highly and lowly variable genes

Usage

```
BASiCS_DetectHVG(Chain, VarThreshold, ProbThreshold = NULL, EFDR = 0.1,
                  OrderVariable = "Prob", Plot = FALSE, ...)
```

```
BASiCS_DetectLVG(Chain, VarThreshold, ProbThreshold = NULL, EFDR = 0.1,
                  OrderVariable = "Prob", Plot = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

Chain	an object of class BASiCS_Chain
VarThreshold	Variance contribution threshold (must be a positive value, between 0 and 1)
ProbThreshold	Optional parameter. Posterior probability threshold (must be a positive value, between 0 and 1)
EFDR	Target for expected false discovery rate related to HVG/LVG detection (default = 0.10)
OrderVariable	Ordering variable for output. Possible values: 'GeneIndex', 'Mu', 'Delta', 'Sigma' and 'Prob'.
Plot	If Plot = TRUE error control and expression versus HVG/LVG probability plots are generated
...	Graphical parameters (see par).

Details

See vignette

Value

BASiCS_DetectHVG returns a list of 4 elements:

Table Matrix whose columns contain

- GeneIndex Vector of length q.bio. Gene index as in the order present in the analysed [SingleCellExperiment](#)
- GeneName Vector of length q.bio. Gene name as in the order present in the analysed [SingleCellExperiment](#)
- Mu Vector of length q.bio. For each biological gene, posterior median of gene-specific mean expression parameters μ_i
- Delta Vector of length q.bio. For each biological gene, posterior median of gene-specific biological over-dispersion parameter δ_i
- Sigma Vector of length q.bio. For each biological gene, proportion of the total variability that is due to a biological heterogeneity component.
- Prob Vector of length q.bio. For each biological gene, probability of being highly variable according to the given thresholds.
- HVG Vector of length q.bio. For each biological gene, indicator of being detected as highly variable according to the given thresholds.
- ProbThreshold Posterior probability threshold.
- EFDR Expected false discovery rate for the given thresholds.
- EFNR Expected false negative rate for the given thresholds.

BASiCS_DetectLVG produces a similar output, replacing the column HVG by LVG, an indicator of a gene being detected as lowly variable according to the given thresholds.

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

See Also

[BASiCS_Chain](#)

Examples

```
# See
help(BASiCS_MCMC)
```

`BASiCS_D_TestDE` *Detection of genes with changes in expression.*

Description

This function is no longer in use and will be removed from future releases of BASiCS. Please use [BASiCS_TestDE](#) instead.

Usage

`BASiCS_D_TestDE(...)`

Arguments

`...` Optional parameters.

Details

This function is no longer in use and will be removed from future releases of BASiCS.

Value

This function is no longer in use and will be removed from future releases of BASiCS. Please use [BASiCS_TestDE](#) instead.

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

Examples

```
# Use 'BASiCS_TestDE' instead
help(BASiCS_TestDE)
```

`BASiCS_Filter` *Filter for input datasets*

Description

`BASiCS_Filter` indicates which transcripts and cells pass a pre-defined inclusion criteria. The output of this function can be combined with `newBASiCS_Data` to generate a the [SingleCellExperiment](#) object required to run BASiCS.

Usage

```
BASiCS_Filter(Counts, Tech, SpikeInput, BatchInfo = NULL,
  MinTotalCountsPerCell = 2, MinTotalCountsPerGene = 2,
  MinCellsWithExpression = 2, MinAvCountsPerCellsWithExpression = 2)
```

Arguments

Counts	Matrix of dimensions q times n whose elements corresponds to the simulated expression counts. First q.bio rows correspond to biological genes. Last q-q.bio rows correspond to technical spike-in genes.
Tech	Logical vector of length q. If Tech = FALSE the gene is biological; otherwise the gene is spike-in.
SpikeInput	Vector of length q-q.bio whose elements indicate the simulated input concentrations for the spike-in genes.
BatchInfo	Vector of length n whose elements indicate batch information. Not required if a single batch is present on the data. Default: BatchInfo = NULL.
MinTotalCountsPerCell	Minimum value of total expression counts required per cell (biological and technical). Default: MinTotalCountsPerCell = 2.
MinTotalCountsPerGene	Minimum value of total expression counts required per transcript (biological and technical). Default: MinTotalCountsPerGene = 2.
MinCellsWithExpression	Minimum number of cells where expression must be detected (positive count). Criteria applied to each transcript. Default: MinCellsWithExpression = 2.
MinAvCountsPerCellsWithExpression	Minimum average number of counts per cells where expression is detected. Criteria applied to each transcript. Default value: MinAvCountsPerCellsWithExpression = 2.

Value

A list of 2 elements

Counts	Filtered matrix of expression counts
Tech	Filtered vector of spike-in indicators
SpikeInput	Filtered vector of spike-in genes input molecules
BatchInfo	Filtered vector of the 'BatchInfo' argument
IncludeGenes	Inclusion indicators for transcripts
IncludeCells	Inclusion indicators for cells

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

- Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.
 Vallejos, Richardson and Marioni (2016). Genome Biology.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
Counts <- matrix(rpois(50*10, 2), ncol = 10)
rownames(Counts) <- c(paste0('Gene', 1:40), paste0('Spike', 1:10))
Tech <- c(rep(FALSE,40),rep(TRUE,10))
```

```

set.seed(2)
SpikeInput <- rgamma(10,1,1)
SpikeInfo <- data.frame('SpikeID' = paste0('Spike', 1:10),
                       'SpikeInput' = SpikeInput)

Filter = BASiCS_Filter(Counts, Tech, SpikeInput,
                       MinTotalCountsPerCell = 2,
                       MinTotalCountsPerGene = 2,
                       MinCellsWithExpression = 2,
                       MinAvCountsPerCellsWithExpression = 2)
SpikeInfoFilter <- SpikeInfo[SpikeInfo$SpikeID %in% rownames(Filter$Counts),]
FilterData <- newBASiCS_Data(Filter$Counts, Filter$Tech, SpikeInfoFilter)

```

BASiCS_LoadChain

Loads pre-computed MCMC chains generated by the [BASiCS_MCMC](#) function

Description

Loads pre-computed MCMC chains generated by the [BASiCS_MCMC](#) function, creating a [BASiCS_Chain](#) object

Usage

```
BASiCS_LoadChain(RunName, StoreDir = getwd(), StoreUpdatedChain = FALSE)
```

Arguments

RunName	String used to index ‘.Rds‘ file containing the MCMC chain (produced by the BASiCS_MCMC function, with <code>StoreChains = TRUE</code>)
StoreDir	Directory where ‘.Rds‘ file is stored. Default: <code>StoreDir = getwd()</code>
StoreUpdatedChain	Only required when the input files contain an outdated version of a BASiCS_Chain object. If <code>StoreUpdatedChain = TRUE</code> , an updated object is saved (this overwrites original input file, if it was an ‘.Rds‘ file).

Value

An object of class [BASiCS_Chain](#).

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>, Nils Eling

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

See Also

[BASiCS_Chain](#)

Examples

```
Data <- makeExampleBASiCS_Data()
Chain <- BASiCS_MCMC(Data, N = 50, Thin = 5, Burn = 5,
                      StoreChains = TRUE, StoreDir = tempdir(),
                      RunName = 'Test')
ChainLoad <- BASiCS_LoadChain(RunName = 'Test', StoreDir = tempdir())
```

BASiCS_MCMC

BASiCS MCMC sampler

Description

MCMC sampler to perform Bayesian inference for single-cell mRNA sequencing datasets using the model described in Vallejos et al (2015).

Usage

```
BASiCS_MCMC(Data, N, Thin, Burn, ...)
```

Arguments

Data	A SingleCellExperiment object. This MUST be formatted to include the spike-ins information (see vignette).
N	Total number of iterations for the MCMC sampler. Use <code>N>=max(4,Thin)</code> , N being a multiple of Thin.
Thin	Thinning period for the MCMC sampler. Use <code>Thin>=2</code> .
Burn	Burn-in period for the MCMC sampler. Use <code>Burn>=1</code> , <code>Burn<N</code> , Burn being a multiple of Thin.
...	Optional parameters.
PriorDelta	Specifies the prior used for delta. Possible values are 'gamma' (<code>Gamma(a.theta,b.theta)</code> prior) and 'log-normal' (<code>log-Normal(0,s2.delta)</code> prior) .. Default value: <code>PriorDelta = 'log-normal'</code> .
PriorParam	List of 7 elements, containing the hyper-parameter values required for the adopted prior (see Vallejos et al, 2015, 2016). All elements must be positive real numbers.
s2.mu	Scale hyper-parameter for the <code>log-Normal(0,s2.mu)</code> prior that is shared by all gene-specific expression rate parameters μ_i . Default: <code>s2.mu = 0.5</code> .
s2.delta	Only used when 'PriorDelta == 'log-normal''. Scale hyper-parameter for the <code>log-Normal(0,s2.delta)</code> prior that is shared by all gene-specific over-dispersion parameters δ_i . Default: <code>s2.delta = 0.5</code> .
a.delta	Only used when 'PriorDelta == 'gamma''. Shape hyper-parameter for the <code>Gamma(a.delta,b.delta)</code> prior that is shared by all gene-specific biological over-dispersion parameters δ_i . Default: <code>a.delta = 1</code> .
b.delta	Only used when 'PriorDelta == 'gamma''. Rate hyper-parameter for the <code>Gamma(a.delta,b.delta)</code> prior that is shared by all gene-specific biological over-dispersion hyper-parameters δ_i . Default: <code>b.delta = 1</code> .

p.phi Dirichlet hyper-parameter for the joint of all (scaled by n) cell-specific mRNA content normalising constants ϕ_j/n . Default: p.phi = rep(1, n).

a.s Shape hyper-parameter for the Gamma(a.s,b.s) prior that is shared by all cell-specific capture efficiency normalising constants s_j . Default: a.s = 1.

b.s Rate hyper-parameter for the Gamma(a.s,b.s) prior that is shared by all cell-specific capture efficiency normalising constants s_j . Default: b.s = 1.

a.theta Shape hyper-parameter for the Gamma(a.theta,b.theta) prior for technical noise parameter θ . Default: a.theta = 1.

b.theta Rate hyper-parameter for the Gamma(a.theta,b.theta) prior for technical noise parameter θ . Default: b.theta = 1.

AR Optimal acceptance rate for adaptive Metropolis Hastings updates. It must be a positive number between 0 and 1. Default (and recommended): AR = 0.44.

StopAdapt Iteration at which adaptive proposals are not longer adapted. Use StopAdapt>=1. Default: StopAdapt = Burn.

StoreChains If StoreChains = TRUE, the generated BASiCS_Chain object is stored as a '.Rds' file (RunName argument used to index the file name). Default: StoreChains = FALSE.

StoreAdapt If StoreAdapt = TRUE, trajectory of adaptive proposal variances (in log-scale) for all parameters is stored as a list in a '.Rds' file (RunName argument used to index file name). Default: StoreAdapt = FALSE.

StoreDir Directory where output files are stored. Only required if StoreChains = TRUE and/or StoreAdapt = TRUE). Default: StoreDir = getwd().

RunName String used to index '.Rds' files storing chains and/or adaptive proposal variances.

PrintProgress If PrintProgress = FALSE, console-based progress report is suppressed.

ls.phi0 Starting value for the adaptive concentration parameter of the Metropolis proposals for $\phi = (\phi_1, \dots, \phi_n)'$.

Start Starting values for the MCMC sampler. We do not advise to specify this argument. Default options have been tuned to facilitate convergence. If changed, it must be a list containing the following elements: mu0, delta0, phi0, s0, nu0, theta0, ls.mu0, ls.delta0, ls.phi0, ls.nu0 and ls.theta0

Value

An object of class [BASiCS_Chain](#).

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl> and Nils Eling

References

- Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.
 Vallejos, Richardson and Marioni (2016). Genome Biology.

Examples

```

# Built-in simulated dataset
Data = makeExampleBASiCS_Data()
# To analyse real data, please refer to the instructions in:
# https://github.com/catavallejos/BASiCS/wiki/2.-Input-preparation

# Only a short run of the MCMC algorithm for illustration purposes
# Longer runs might be required to reach convergence
Chain <- BASiCS_MCMC(Data, N = 50, Thin = 2, Burn = 10,
                        PrintProgress = FALSE)

# For illustration purposes we load a built-in 'BASiCS_Chain' object
# (obtained using the 'BASiCS_MCMC' function)
data(ChainSC)

# `displayChainBASiCS` can be used to extract information from this output.
# For example:
head(displayChainBASiCS(ChainSC, Param = 'mu'))

# Traceplot (examples only)
plot(ChainSC, Param = 'mu', Gene = 1)
plot(ChainSC, Param = 'phi', Cell = 1)
plot(ChainSC, Param = 'theta', Batch = 1)

# Calculating posterior medians and 95% HPD intervals
ChainSummary <- Summary(ChainSC)

# `displaySummaryBASiCS` can be used to extract information from this output.
# For example:
head(displaySummaryBASiCS(ChainSummary, Param = 'mu'))

# Graphical display of posterior medians and 95% HPD intervals
# For example:
plot(ChainSummary, Param = 'mu', main = 'All genes')
plot(ChainSummary, Param = 'mu', Genes = 1:10, main = 'First 10 genes')
plot(ChainSummary, Param = 'phi', main = 'All cells')
plot(ChainSummary, Param = 'phi', Cells = 1:5, main = 'First 5 cells')
plot(ChainSummary, Param = 'theta')

# To contrast posterior medians of cell-specific parameters
# For example:
par(mfrow = c(1,2))
plot(ChainSummary, Param = 'phi', Param2 = 's', SmoothPlot = FALSE)
# Recommended for large numbers of cells
plot(ChainSummary, Param = 'phi', Param2 = 's', SmoothPlot = TRUE)

# To contrast posterior medians of gene-specific parameters
par(mfrow = c(1,2))
plot(ChainSummary, Param = 'mu', Param2 = 'delta', log = 'x',
      SmoothPlot = FALSE)
# Recommended
plot(ChainSummary, Param = 'mu', Param2 = 'delta', log = 'x',
      SmoothPlot = TRUE)

# Highly and lowly variable genes detection (within a single group of cells)

```

```

DetectHVG <- BASiCS_DetectHVG(ChainSC, VarThreshold = 0.60,
                                EFDR = 0.10, Plot = TRUE)
DetectLVG <- BASiCS_DetectLVG(ChainSC, VarThreshold = 0.40,
                                EFDR = 0.10, Plot = TRUE)

plot(ChainSummary, Param = 'mu', Param2 = 'delta', log = 'x', col = 8)
with(DetectHVG$Table, points(Mu[HVG == TRUE], Delta[HVG == TRUE],
                             pch = 16, col = 'red', cex = 1))
with(DetectLVG$Table, points(Mu[LVG == TRUE], Delta[LVG == TRUE],
                             pch = 16, col = 'blue', cex = 1))

# If variance thresholds are not fixed
BASiCS_VarThresholdSearchHVG(ChainSC,
                               VarThresholdsGrid = seq(0.55,0.65,by=0.01),
                               EFDR = 0.10)
BASiCS_VarThresholdSearchLVG(ChainSC,
                               VarThresholdsGrid = seq(0.35,0.45,by=0.01),
                               EFDR = 0.10)

# To obtain denoised rates / counts, see:
help(BASiCS_DenoisedRates)
help(BASiCS_DenoisedCounts)

# For examples of differential analyses between 2 populations of cells see:
help(BASiCS_TestDE)

```

BASiCS_Sim

Generates synthetic data according to the model implemented in BA-SiCS

Description

BASiCS_Sim creates a simulated dataset from the model implemented in BASiCS.

Usage

```
BASiCS_Sim(Mu, Mu_spikes, Delta, Phi, S, Theta)
```

Arguments

Mu	Gene-specific mean expression parameters μ_i for all biological genes (vector of length q.bio, all elements must be positive numbers)
Mu_spikes	μ_i for all technical genes defined as true input molecules (vector of length q-q.bio, all elements must be positive numbers)
Delta	Gene-specific biological over-dispersion parameters δ_i , biological genes only (vector of length q.bio, all elements must be positive numbers)
Phi	Cell-specific mRNA content normalising parameters ϕ_j (vector of length n, all elements must be positive numbers and the sum of its elements must be equal to n)
S	Cell-specific technical normalising parameters s_j (vector of length n, all elements must be positive numbers)
Theta	Technical variability parameter θ (must be positive)

Value

An object of class [SingleCellExperiment](#), including synthetic data generated by the model implemented in BASiCS.

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>, Nils Eling

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

Examples

```
# Simulated parameter values for 10 genes
# (7 biological and 3 spike-in) measured in 5 cells
Mu <- c(8.36, 10.65, 4.88, 6.29, 21.72, 12.93, 30.19)
Mu_spike <- c(1010.72, 7.90, 31.59)
Delta <- c(1.29, 0.88, 1.51, 1.49, 0.54, 0.40, 0.85)
Phi <- c(1.00, 1.06, 1.09, 1.05, 0.80)
S <- c(0.38, 0.40, 0.38, 0.39, 0.34)
Theta <- 0.39

Data <- BASiCS_Sim(Mu, Mu_spike, Delta, Phi, S, Theta)
head(assay(Data))
dim(assay(Data))
metadata(Data)$SpikeInput
isSpike(Data)
```

Description

Container of a summary of a [BASiCS_Chain](#) object. In each slot, first column contains posterior medians; second and third columns respectively contain the lower and upper limits of an high posterior density interval (for a given probability).

Slots

parameters List of parameters in which each entry contains a matrix: first column contains posterior medians, second column contains the lower limits of an high posterior density interval and third column contains the upper limits of high posterior density intervals.

mu Posterior medians (1st column), lower (2nd column) and upper (3rd column) limits of gene-specific mean expression parameters μ_i .

delta Posterior medians (1st column), lower (2nd column) and upper (3rd column) limits of gene-specific biological over-dispersion parameters δ_i , biological genes only

phi Posterior medians (1st column), lower (2nd column) and upper (3rd column) limits of cell-specific mRNA content normalisation parameters ϕ_j

- s** Posterior medians (1st column), lower (2nd column) and upper (3rd column) limits of cell-specific technical normalisation parameters $s[j]$
- nu** Posterior medians (1st column), lower (2nd column) and upper (3rd column) limits of cell-specific random effects ν_j
- theta** Posterior median (1st column), lower (2nd column) and upper (3rd column) limits of technical over-dispersion parameter(s) θ (each row represents one batch)

Examples

```
# A BASiCS_Summary object created by the Summary method.
Data = makeExampleBASiCS_Data()
Chain <- BASiCS_MCMC(Data, N = 100, Thin = 2, Burn = 2)
ChainSummary <- Summary(Chain)
```

BASiCS_Summary-methods

'show' method for BASiCS_Summary objects

Description

'show' method for [BASiCS_Summary](#) objects.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BASiCS_Summary'
show(object)
```

Arguments

object A [BASiCS_Summary](#) object.

Value

Prints a summary of the properties of object.

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

Examples

```
# See
help(BASiCS_MCMC)
```

BASiCS_TestDE	<i>Detection of genes with changes in expression</i>
---------------	--

Description

Function to assess changes in expression between two groups of cells (mean and over-dispersion)

Usage

```
BASiCS_TestDE(Chain1, Chain2, EpsilonM = log2(1.5), EpsilonD = log2(1.5),
               ProbThresholdM = NULL, ProbThresholdD = NULL, OrderVariable = "Prob",
               GroupLabel1 = "Group1", GroupLabel2 = "Group2", Plot = TRUE,
               PlotOffset = TRUE, Offset = TRUE, EFDR_M = 0.1, EFDR_D = 0.1,
               GenesSelect = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

Chain1	an object of class BASiCS_Chain containing parameter estimates for the first group of cells
Chain2	an object of class BASiCS_Chain containing parameter estimates for the second group of cells
EpsilonM	Minimum fold change tolerance threshold for detecting changes in overall expression (must be a positive real number). Default value: EpsilonM = log2(1.5) (i.e. 50% increase).
EpsilonD	Minimum fold change tolerance threshold for detecting changes in biological over-dispersion (must be a positive real number). Default value: EpsilonD = log2(1.5) (i.e. 50% increase).
ProbThresholdM	Optional parameter. Probdcne threshold for detecting changes in overall expression (must be a positive value, between 0 and 1)
ProbThresholdD	Optional parameter. Probdcne threshold for detecting changes in cell-to-cell biological over-dispersion (must be a positive value, between 0 and 1)
OrderVariable	Ordering variable for output. Possible values: 'GeneIndex', 'GeneName' and 'Prob'.
GroupLabel1	Label assigned to reference group. Default: GroupLabel1 = 'Group1'
GroupLabel2	Label assigned to reference group. Default: GroupLabel2 = 'Group2'
Plot	If Plot = TRUE, MA and volcano plots are generated.
PlotOffset	If Plot = TRUE, the offset effect is visualised.
Offset	Optional argument to remove a fix offset effect (if not previously removed from the MCMC chains). Default: Offset = TRUE.
EFDR_M	Target for expected false discovery rate related to the comparison of means. Default EFDR_M = 0.10.
EFDR_D	Target for expected false discovery rate related to the comparison of dispersions. Default EFDR_D = 0.10.
GenesSelect	Optional argument to provide a user-defined list of genes to be considered for the comparison. Default: GenesSelect = NULL. When used, this argument must be a vector of TRUE (include gene) / FALSE (exclude gene) indicator, with the same length as the number of intrinsic genes and following the same order

as how genes are displayed in the table of counts. This argument is necessary in order to have a meaningful EFDR calibration when the user decides to exclude some genes from the comparison.

... Graphical parameters (see [par](#)).

Value

`BASiCS_TestDE` returns a list of 4 elements:

`TableMean` A [data.frame](#) containing the results of the differential mean test

`GeneName` Gene name

`MeanOverall` For each gene, the estimated mean expression parameter μ_i is averaged across both groups of cells (weighted by sample size).

`Mean1` Estimated mean expression parameter μ_i for each biological gene in the first group of cells.

`Mean2` Estimated mean expression parameter μ_i for each biological gene in the second group of cells.

`MeanFC` Fold change in mean expression parameters between the first and second groups of cells.

`MeanLog2FC` Log2-transformed fold change in mean expression between the first and second groups of cells.

`ProbDiffMean` Posterior probability for mean expression difference between the first and second groups of cells.

`ResultDiffExp` Indicator if a gene has a higher mean expression in the first or second groups of cells.

`TableDisp` A [data.frame](#) containing the results of the differential dispersion test (excludes genes for which the mean does not changes).

`GeneName` Gene name

`MeanOverall` For each gene, the estimated mean expression parameter μ_i is averaged across both groups of cells (weighted by sample size).

`DispOverall` For each gene, the estimated over-dispersion parameter δ_i is averaged across both groups of cells (weighted by sample size).

`Disp1` Estimated over-dispersion parameter δ_i for each biological gene in the first group of cells.

`Disp2` Estimated over-dispersion parameter δ_i for each biological gene in the second group of cells.

`DispFC` Fold change in over-dispersion parameters between the between the first and second groups of cells.

`DispLog2FC` Log-transformed fold change in over-dispersion between the first and second groups of cells.

`ProbDiffDisp` Posterior probability for over-dispersion difference between the first and second groups of cells.

`ResultDiffDisp` Indicator if a gene has a higher over-dispersion in the first or second groups of cells.

`DiffExpSummary` A list containing the following information for the differential mean expression test:

`ProbThreshold` Posterior probability threshold.

`EFDR` Expected false discovery rate for the given thresholds.

`EFNR` Expected false negative rate for the given thresholds.

DiffOverDispSummary A list containing the following information for the differential over-dispersion test:

- ProbThreshold** Posterior probability threshold.
- EFDR** Expected false discovery rate for the given thresholds.
- EFNR** Expected false negative rate for the given thresholds.
- Chain1_offset** an **BASiCS_Chain** object: Chain1 after offset removal.
- Chain2_offset** an **BASiCS_Chain** object: Chain2 after offset removal (this is only provided for completeness; Chain2 is not affected by the offset).
- OffsetChain** MCMC chain calculated for the offset effect.
- Offset** Estimated offset (posterior median of OffsetChain). Default value set equal to 1 when offset correction is not performed.

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl> and Nils Eling

References

Vallejos, Richardson and Marioni (2016). Genome Biology.

Examples

```
# Loading two 'BASiCS_Chain' objects (obtained using 'BASiCS_MCMC')
data(ChainSC)
data(ChainRNA)

Test <- BASiCS_TestDE(Chain1 = ChainSC, Chain2 = ChainRNA,
                      GroupLabel1 = 'SC', GroupLabel2 = 'P&S',
                      EpsilonM = log2(1.5), EpsilonD = log2(1.5),
                      OffSet = TRUE)

# Results for the differential mean test
head(Test$TableMean)

# Results for the differential over-dispersion test
# This only includes genes marked as 'NoDiff' in Test$TableMean
head(Test$TableDisp)
```

BASiCS_VarianceDecomp *Decomposition of gene expression variability according to BASiCS*

Description

Function to decompose total variability of gene expression into biological and technical components.

Usage

```
BASiCS_VarianceDecomp(Chain, OrderVariable = "BioVarGlobal", Plot = TRUE,
                      ...)
```

Arguments

Chain	an object of class BASiCS_Chain
OrderVariable	Ordering variable for output. Possible values: 'GeneName', 'BioVarGlobal', 'TechVarGlobal' and 'ShotNoiseGlobal'. Default: OrderVariable = "BioVarGlobal".
Plot	If TRUE, a barplot of the variance decomposition (global and by batches, if any) is generated. Default: Plot = TRUE.
...	Other arguments to be passed to barplot

Details

See vignette

Value

A [data.frame](#) whose first 4 columns correspond to

GeneName Gene name (as indicated by user)

BioVarGlobal Percentage of variance explained by a biological component (overall across all cells)

TechVarGlobal Percentage of variance explained by the technical component (overall across all cells)

ShotNoiseGlobal Percentage of variance explained by the shot noise component (baseline Poisson noise, overall across all cells)

If more than 1 batch of cells are being analysed, the remaining columns contain the corresponding variance decomposition calculated within each batch.

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

See Also

[BASiCS_Chain](#)

Examples

```
# See
help(BASiCS_MCMC)
```

BASiCS_VarThresholdSearchHVG

Detection method for highly and lowly variable genes using a grid of variance contribution thresholds

Description

Detection method for highly and lowly variable genes using a grid of variance contribution thresholds

Usage

```
BASiCS_VarThresholdSearchHVG(Chain, VarThresholdsGrid, EFDR = 0.1,
  Progress = TRUE)
```

```
BASiCS_VarThresholdSearchLVG(Chain, VarThresholdsGrid, EFDR = 0.1,
  Progress = TRUE)
```

Arguments

- Chain an object of class [BASiCS_Chain](#)
- VarThresholdsGrid Grid of values for the variance contribution threshold (they must be contained in (0,1))
- EFDR Target for expected false discovery rate related to HVG/LVG detection. Default: EFDR = 0.10.
- Progress If Progress = TRUE, partial output is printed in the console. Default: Progress = TRUE.

Details

See vignette

Value

BASiCS_VarThresholdSearchHVG A table displaying the results of highly variable genes detection for different variance contribution thresholds.

BASiCS_VarThresholdSearchLVG A table displaying the results of lowly variable genes detection for different variance contribution thresholds.

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

See Also

[BASiCS_Chain](#)

Examples

```
# See
help(BASiCS_MCMC)
```

ChainRNA

Extract from the chain obtained in Vallejos et al (2016): pool-and-split samples

Description

Small extract (100 MCMC iterations, 500 randomly selected genes) from the chain obtained in Vallejos et al (2016), related to pool-and-split samples (this corresponds to the RNA 2i samples in Grun et al, 2014).

Usage

ChainRNA

Format

An object of class [BASiCS_Chain](#) containing 10 MCMC iterations.

References

- Vallejos, Richardson and Marioni (2016). Genome Biology.
- Grun, Kester and van Oudenaarden (2014). Nature Methods.

ChainSC

Extract from the chain obtained in Vallejos et al (2016): single-cell samples

Description

Small extract (100 MCMC iterations, 500 randomly selected genes) from the chain obtained in Vallejos et al (2016), related to single-cell samples (this corresponds to the SC 2i samples in Grun et al, 2014).

Usage

ChainSC

Format

An object of class [BASiCS_Chain](#) containing 10 MCMC iterations.

References

- Vallejos, Richardson and Marioni (2016). Genome Biology.
- Grun, Kester and van Oudenaarden (2014). Nature Methods.

displayChainBASiCS-BASiCS_Chain-method
Accessors for the slots of a BASiCS_Chain object

Description

Accessors for the slots of a [BASiCS_Chain](#)

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BASiCS_Chain'  
displayChainBASiCS(object, Param = "mu")
```

Arguments

object	an object of class BASiCS_Chain
Param	Name of the slot to be used for the accessed. Possible values: 'mu', 'delta', 'phi', 's', 'nu' and 'theta'.

Value

The requested slot of a [BASiCS_Chain](#) object

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

See Also

[BASiCS_Chain](#)

Examples

```
# See  
help(BASiCS_MCMC)
```

displaySummaryBASiCS-BASiCS_Summary-method*Accessors for the slots of a [BASiCS_Summary](#) object***Description**

Accessors for the slots of a [BASiCS_Summary](#) object

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BASiCS_Summary'
displaySummaryBASiCS(object, Param = "mu")
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	an object of class BASiCS_Summary
<code>Param</code>	Name of the slot to be used for the accessed. Possible values: 'mu', 'delta', 'phi', 's', 'nu' and 'theta'

Value

The requested slot of a [BASiCS_Summary](#) object

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

See Also

[BASiCS_Summary](#)

Examples

```
# See
help(BASiCS_MCMC)
```

makeExampleBASiCS_Data

Create a synthetic SingleCellExperiment example object with the format required for BASiCS

Description

A synthetic `SingleCellExperiment` object is generated by simulating a dataset from the model underlying BASiCS. This is used to illustrate BASiCS in some of the package and vignette examples.

Usage

```
makeExampleBASiCS_Data(WithBatch = FALSE, WithSpikes = TRUE)
```

Arguments

WithBatch	If TRUE, 2 batches are generated (each of them containing 10 cells). Default: WithBatch = FALSE.
WithSpikes	If TRUE, the simulated dataset contains 20 spike-in genes. Default: WithSpikes = TRUE.

Value

An object of class `SingleCellExperiment`, with synthetic data simulated from the model implemented in BASiCS. If `WithSpikes = TRUE`, it contains 70 genes (50 biological and 20 spike-in) and 20 cells. Alternatively, it contains 50 biological genes and 20 cells.

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl> and Nils Eling

References

- Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.
- Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2016). Genome Biology.

Examples

```
Data <- makeExampleBASiCS_Data()  
is(Data, 'SingleCellExperiment')
```

newBASiCS_Chain *Creates a BASiCS_Chain object from pre-computed MCMC chains*

Description

BASiCS_Chain creates a [BASiCS_Chain](#) object from pre-computed MCMC chains.

Usage

```
newBASiCS_Chain(parameters)
```

Arguments

parameters	List of matrices containing MCMC chains for each model parameter.
mu	MCMC chain for gene-specific mean expression parameters μ_i , biological genes only (matrix with q.bio columns, all elements must be positive numbers)
delta	MCMC chain for gene-specific biological over-dispersion parameters δ_i , biological genes only (matrix with q.bio columns, all elements must be positive numbers)
phi	MCMC chain for cell-specific mRNA content normalisation parameters ϕ_j (matrix with n columns, all elements must be positive numbers and the sum of its elements must be equal to n)
s	MCMC chain for cell-specific technical normalisation parameters s_j (matrix with n columns, all elements must be positive numbers)
nu	MCMC chain for cell-specific random effects ν_j (matrix with n columns, all elements must be positive numbers)
theta	MCMC chain for technical over-dispersion parameter(s) θ (matrix, all elements must be positive, each column represents 1 batch)

Value

An object of class [BASiCS_Chain](#).

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

See Also

[BASiCS_Chain](#)

Examples

```
Data <- makeExampleBASiCS_Data()
Chain <- BASiCS_MCMC(Data, N = 50, Thin = 5, Burn = 5)

ChainMu <- displayChainBASiCS(Chain, 'mu')
ChainDelta <- displayChainBASiCS(Chain, 'delta')
ChainPhi <- displayChainBASiCS(Chain, 'phi')
ChainS <- displayChainBASiCS(Chain, 's')
ChainNu <- displayChainBASiCS(Chain, 'nu')
ChainTheta <- displayChainBASiCS(Chain, 'theta')

ChainNew <- newBASiCS_Chain(parameters = list(mu = ChainMu, delta = ChainDelta,
                                             phi = ChainPhi, s = ChainS,
                                             nu = ChainNu, theta = ChainTheta))
```

newBASiCS_Data	<i>Creates a SingleCellExperiment object from a matrix of expression counts and experimental information about spike-in genes</i>
----------------	---

Description

newBASiCS_Data creates a [SingleCellExperiment](#) object from a matrix of expression counts and experimental information about spike-in genes.

Usage

```
newBASiCS_Data(Counts, Tech, SpikeInfo, BatchInfo = NULL)
```

Arguments

Counts	Matrix of dimensions q times n whose elements contain the expression counts to be analyses (including biological and technical spike-in genes). Gene names must be stored as <code>rownames(Counts)</code> .
Tech	Logical vector of length q. If <code>Tech = FALSE</code> the gene is biological; otherwise the gene is spike-in.
SpikeInfo	<code>data.frame</code> whose first and second columns contain the gene names assigned to the spike-in genes (they must match the ones in <code>rownames(Counts)</code>) and the associated input number of molecules, respectively.
BatchInfo	Vector of length n whose elements indicate batch information. Not required if a single batch is present on the data. Default value: <code>BatchInfo = NULL</code> .

Value

An object of class [SingleCellExperiment](#).

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl> and Nils Eling

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

See Also

[SingleCellExperiment](#)

Examples

```
# Expression counts
set.seed(1)
Counts <- matrix(rpois(50*10, 2), ncol = 10)
rownames(Counts) <- c(paste0('Gene', 1:40), paste0('Spike', 1:10))

# Technical information
Tech <- c(rep(FALSE,40),rep(TRUE,10))

# Spikes input number of molecules
set.seed(2)
SpikeInfo <- data.frame(gene=rownames(Counts)[Tech],amount=rgamma(10,1,1))

# Creating a BASiCS_Data object (no batch effect)
DataExample <- newBASiCS_Data(Counts, Tech, SpikeInfo)

# Creating a BASiCS_Data object (with batch effect)
BatchInfo <- c(rep(1, 5), rep(2, 5))
DataExample <- newBASiCS_Data(Counts, Tech, SpikeInfo, BatchInfo)
```

plot-BASiCS_Chain-method

'plot' method for BASiCS_Chain objects

Description

'plot' method for [BASiCS_Chain](#) objects

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BASiCS_Chain,ANY'
plot(x, Param = "mu", Gene = NULL,
      Cell = NULL, Batch = 1, ylab = "", xlab = "", ...)
```

Arguments

x	A BASiCS_Chain object.
Param	Name of the slot to be used for the plot. Possible values: 'mu', 'delta', 'phi', 's', 'nu' and 'theta'
Gene	Specifies which gene is requested. Required only if Param = 'mu' or 'delta'
Cell	Specifies which cell is requested. Required only if Param = 'phi', 's' or 'nu'

Batch	Specifies which batch is requested. Required only if Param = 'theta'
ylab	As in par .
xlab	As in par .
...	Other graphical parameters (see par).

Value

A plot object

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

Examples

```
# See
help(BASiCS_MCMC)
```

plot-BASiCS_Summary-method
'plot' method for BASiCS_Summary objects

Description

'plot' method for [BASiCS_Summary](#) objects

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BASiCS_Summary,ANY'
plot(x, Param = "mu", Param2 = NULL,
      Genes = NULL, Cells = NULL, Batches = NULL, xlab = "", ylab = "",
      xlim = "", ylim = "", pch = 16, col = "blue", bty = "n",
      SmoothPlot = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A BASiCS_Summary object.
Param	Name of the slot to be used for the plot. Possible values: 'mu', 'delta', 'phi', 's', 'nu' and 'theta'
Param2	Name of the second slot to be used for the plot. Possible values: 'mu', 'delta', 'phi', 's' and 'nu' (combinations between gene-specific and cell-specific parameters are not admitted)
Genes	Specifies which genes are requested. Required only if Param = 'mu' or 'delta'

Cells	Specifies which cells are requested. Required only if Param = 'phi', 's' or 'nu'
Batches	Specifies which batches are requested. Required only if Param = 'theta'
xlab	As in par .
ylab	As in par .
xlim	As in par .
ylim	As in par .
pch	As in par .
col	As in par .
bty	As in par .
SmoothPlot	Logical parameter. If TRUE, transparency will be added to the color of the dots.
...	Other graphical parameters (see par).

Value

A plot object

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

Examples

```
# See
help(BASiCS_MCMC)
```

Summary

'Summary' method for BASiCS_Chain objects

Description

For each of the BASiCS parameters (see Vallejos et al 2015), Summary returns the corresponding posterior medians and limits of the high posterior density interval (probabilty equal to prob)

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BASiCS_Chain'
Summary(x, prob = 0.95)
```

Arguments

x	A BASiCS_Chain object.
prob	prob argument for HPDinterval function.

Value

An object of class [BASiCS_Summary](#).

Author(s)

Catalina A. Vallejos <cnvallej@uc.cl>

References

Vallejos, Marioni and Richardson (2015). PLoS Computational Biology.

Examples

```
help(BASiCS_MCMC)
```

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