Package 'anamiR'

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Type Package
Title An integrated analysis package of miRNA and mRNA expression data
Version 1.4.2
Description This package is intended to identify potential interactions of miRNA-target gene interactions from miRNA and mRNA expression data. It contains functions for statistical test, databases of miRNA-target gene interaction and functional analysis.
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License GPL-2
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Description

The anamiR package is used to identify miRNA-target genes interactions. The anamiR package provides a whole workflow, which contains important functions: 'normalization', 'differExp_discrete', 'negative_cor', 'miR_converter', 'database_support', 'enrichment'.

normalization

The normalization function is used to normalize the expression data with one of three methods, including normal, quantile, rank.invariant.

$differ Exp_discrete$

The differExp_discrete function is used to find the differential genes or miRNAs from given expression data with one of three statistical methods, including t.test, wilcox.test,limma and DESeq. The miRNA would remain if its p-value lower than the cutoff value.

miR_converter

The miR_annotation function is used to convert the older miRNA annotation to the miRBase 21 version.

negative_cor

The negative_cor function is used to identify the possible miRNA-target gene interactions from given miRNA and mRNA expression data by caculating the correlation coefficient between each miRNA and gene. interaction would remain if its correlation coefficient is negative and lower than cutoff value.

database_support 3

database_support

The database_support function would search information about miRNA-target gene interactions from an integrated database, which contains 8 algorithm predicted databases and 2 experiment validated databases. Eventually return a big table, which is in data.frame format and contains extra 10 columns for those 10 databases to count if interactions were predicted or validated by these databases.

enrichment

The enrichment function is used to do the functional analysis from the output of 'database_support'. Not only p-value from hypergeometric test but empirical p-value from 10000 times of permutation would be provided by this function.

database_support

Intersect with databases for potential miRNA-target gene interactions

Description

This function will interst potential miRNA-target gene interactions from the input matrix, which is generated by negative_cor or miR_converter, with 8 predict databases and 2 validate databases about miRNA-target gene interactions. If the input caontains hundreds of interactions, it would take a few minutes to intersect all of them.

Usage

```
database_support(cor_data, org = "hsa", Sum.cutoff = 2)
```

Arguments

cor_data matrix format generated from negative_cor or miR_converter, including miRNA,

gene, correlation coefficient for column names.

org species of genes and miRNAs, only support "hsa", "mmu"

Sum.cutoff a Threshold for total hits by predict databases. This one should not be greater

than 8. Default is 2.

Value

data.frame format. Each row represent one potential interaction. The first four columns are information about interactions: miRNA, gene symbol, Ensembl ID, gene ID, as for column 5 to 12 represent the predict dataases, while column 13 to 14 are validate databases. if databases truly hit this interactions, the number in it would be 1. The column 'Sum' means total hits by 8 databases, and column 'Validate' would be TRUE if at least one validate database hit the interaction. Furthermore, 'Fold-Change' and 'P-adjust' can also be found in this output, and if the 'de novo' column contains 1 means that row is not supported by any databases. The column 'evidence' represents if the experiment for validation is strong or limited, considering http://mirtarbase.mbc.nctu.edu.tw/.

Examples

```
## Use the internal dataset
data("mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("pheno.mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("mrna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("pheno.mrna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mirna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(</pre>
 assays = SimpleList(counts=mirna),
 colData = pheno.mirna)
## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mrna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(</pre>
assays = SimpleList(counts=mrna),
colData = pheno.mrna)
## Finding differential miRNA from miRNA expression data with t.test
mirna_d <- differExp_discrete(</pre>
   se = mirna_se,
   class = "ER",
   method = "t.test"
## Finding differential mRNA from mRNA expression data with t.test
mrna_d <- differExp_discrete(</pre>
   se = mrna_se,
   class = "ER",
   method = "t.test"
## Convert annotation to miRBse 21
mirna_21 <- miR_converter(data = mirna_d, original_version = 17)</pre>
## Correlation
cor <- negative_cor(mrna_data = mrna_d, mirna_data = mirna_21)</pre>
## Intersect with known databases
sup <- database_support(cor_data = cor)</pre>
```

differExp_continuous Find differential expression genes or miRNAs from given expression data

Description

This function will apply linear regression model to find differential expression genes or miRNAs with continuous phenotype data, and then filter the genes or miRNAs (rows) which have bigger p-value than cutoff.

differExp_discrete 5

Usage

```
differExp_continuous(se, class, log2 = FALSE, p_value.cutoff = 0.05)
```

Arguments

se SummarizedExperiment for input format.

class string. Choose one features from all rows of phenotype data.

logical, if this data hasn't been log2 transformed yet, this one should be TRUE.

Default is FALSE.

p_value.cutoff an numeric value indicating a threshold of p-value for every genes or miRNAs

(rows). Default is 0.05.

Value

data expression data in matrix format, with sample name in columns and gene symbol or miRNA name in rows.

See Also

1m for fitting linear models.

Examples

```
## Use the internal dataset
data("mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("pheno.mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())

## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mirna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(
    assays = SimpleList(counts=mirna),
    colData = pheno.mirna)

## Finding differential miRNA from miRNA expression data with lm
differExp_continuous(
    se = mirna_se, class = "Survival"
)</pre>
```

differExp_discrete

Find differential expression genes or miRNAs from given expression data

Description

This function will apply one of three statistical methods, including t.test, wilcox.test and limma, to find differential expression genes or miRNAs with, discrete phenotype data, and then filter the genes or miRNAs (rows) which have bigger p-value than cutoff.

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Usage

```
differExp_discrete(se, class, method = c("t.test", "limma", "wilcox.test",
   "DESeq"), limma.trend = FALSE, t_test.var = FALSE, log2 = FALSE,
   p_value.cutoff = 0.05, p_adjust.method = "BH", logratio = 0.5)
```

Arguments

se SummarizedExperiment for input format. class string. Choose one features from all rows of phenotype data. method statistical method for finding differential genes or miRNAs, including "t.test", "wilcox.test", "limma". Default is "t.test". limma.trend logical, only matter when limma is chosen to be the method. From function eBayes. logical, only matter when limma is chosen to be the method. Whether to treat t_test.var the two variances as being equal. From function t.test log2 logical, if this data hasn't been log2 transformed yet, this one should be TRUE Default is FALSE. an numeric value indicating a threshold of p-value for every genes or miRNAs p_value.cutoff (rows). Default is 0.05. p_adjust.method Correction method for multiple testing. (If you are using DESeq for method, this param would not affect the result) From function p. adjust. Default is "BH". logratio an numeric value indicating a threshold of logratio for every genes or miRNAs

Value

data expression data in matrix format, with sample name in columns and gene symbol or miRNA name in rows.

See Also

t. test for Student's t-Test; wilcox. test for Wilcoxon Rank Sum and Signed Rank Tests.

Examples

```
## Use the internal dataset
data("mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("pheno.mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())

## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mirna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(
    assays = SimpleList(counts=mirna),
    colData = pheno.mirna)

## Finding differential miRNA from miRNA expression data with t.test
mirna_d <- differExp_discrete(
    se = mirna_se,
    class = "ER",
    method = "t.test"
)</pre>
```

(rows). Default is 0.5.

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egSymb

A table with information of gene symbol and gene ID

Description

This table is originally from gage, including 40784 genes.

Usage

egSymb

Format

A large matrix with 40784 rows and 2 columns:

```
eg gene ID, in columnsym gene symbol, in column
```

Value

matrix

Source

gage https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/gage.html

enrichment Enrich pathway with genes from potential miRNA-target gene interactions.

Description

This function will do function analysis with genes from potential miRNA-target gene interactions in the input data.frame, which is generated by database_support, with total 4 kinds of pathway databases, including mouse and human two species, beseides, this function will permute 5000 times for each pathway to show an empirical p_value to avoid the bias from hypergeometric p-value, this indicating that it would take a few minutes to do functional analysis.

Usage

```
enrichment(data_support, org = c("hsa", "mmu"), per_time = 5000)
```

Arguments

data_support matrix format generated from database_support.

org species of genes and miRNAs, only support "hsa", "mmu"

per_time Times of permutation about each enriched pathways, higher times, more precise

empirical p-value user can obtain, meanwhile, this function would cost more

time. Default is 5000.

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Value

matrix format. There are 7 columns in it, including database, term, total genes of the term, targets in the term, targets in total genes of the term (p-value.

See Also

phyper for details.

```
## Use the internal dataset
data("mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("pheno.mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("mrna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("pheno.mrna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mirna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(</pre>
assays = SimpleList(counts=mirna),
colData = pheno.mirna)
## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mrna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(</pre>
assays = SimpleList(counts=mrna),
colData = pheno.mrna)
## Finding differential miRNA from miRNA expression data with t.test
mirna_d <- differExp_discrete(</pre>
   se = mirna_se,
   class = "ER",
   method = "t.test"
## Finding differential mRNA from mRNA expression data with t.test
mrna_d <- differExp_discrete(</pre>
   se = mrna_se,
   class = "ER",
   method = "t.test"
)
## Convert annotation to miRBse 21
mirna_21 <- miR_converter(data = mirna_d, original_version = 17)</pre>
## Correlation
cor <- negative_cor(mrna_data = mrna_d, mirna_data = mirna_21)</pre>
## Intersect with known databases
sup <- database_support(cor_data = cor)</pre>
## Functional analysis
pat <- enrichment(data_support = sup, org = "hsa", per_time = 100)</pre>
```

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GSEA_ana	This function will do GSEA analysis.	

Description

This function will do GSEA analysis through the function gage. After obtaining the ranking of pathways, this function will choose the top five (default) pathaways, and then find the related miRNAs based on their gene set.

Usage

```
GSEA_ana(mrna_se, mirna_se, class, compare = "unpaired", eg2sym = TRUE,
  pathway_num = 5)
```

Arguments

mrna_se	SummarizedExperiment for input format and it contains mRNA information.
mirna_se	${\tt SummarizedExperiment}\ for\ input\ format,\ and\ it\ contains\ miRNA\ information.$
class	string. Choose one features from all rows of phenotype data.
compare	character, if the length of case is the same as control, use "paired".Default is "unpaired".
eg2sym	logical. conversion between Entrez Gene IDs and official gene symbols for human genes.
pathway_num	The number of chosen pathways from the result of GSEA analysis.

Value

list format containing both selected gene and miRNA expression data for each chosen pathway.

See Also

```
gage for GSEA analysis.
```

```
require(data.table)
## Load example data
aa <- system.file("extdata", "GSE19536_mrna.csv", package = "anamiR")
mrna <- fread(aa, fill = TRUE, header = TRUE)

bb <- system.file("extdata", "GSE19536_mirna.csv", package = "anamiR")
mirna <- fread(bb, fill = TRUE, header = TRUE)

cc <- system.file("extdata", "pheno_data.csv", package = "anamiR")
pheno.data <- fread(cc, fill = TRUE, header = TRUE)

## adjust data format
mirna_name <- mirna[["miRNA"]]
mrna_name <- mrna[["Gene"]]</pre>
```

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```
mirna <- mirna[, -1]</pre>
mrna <- mrna[, -1]</pre>
mirna <- data.matrix(mirna)</pre>
mrna <- data.matrix(mrna)</pre>
row.names(mirna) <- mirna_name</pre>
row.names(mrna) <- mrna_name</pre>
pheno_name <- pheno.data[["Sample"]]</pre>
pheno.data <- pheno.data[, -1]</pre>
pheno.data <- as.matrix(pheno.data)</pre>
row.names(pheno.data) <- pheno_name</pre>
## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mirna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(</pre>
assays = SimpleList(counts=mirna),
colData = pheno.data)
mrna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(</pre>
 assays = SimpleList(counts=mrna),
 colData = pheno.data)
table <- GSEA_ana(mrna_se = mrna_se,
 mirna_se = mirna_se, class = "ER",
 pathway_num = 2)
```

GSEA_res

Pipeline of anamiR is applied to given output from GSEA_ana.

Description

This function will use differExp_discrete and negative_cor to do the deeper analysis of given data which is from GSEA_ana.

Usage

```
GSEA_res(table, pheno.data, class, DE_method = c("t.test", "limma",
   "wilcox.test", "DESeq"), limma.trend = FALSE, t_test.var = FALSE,
   log2 = FALSE, p_adjust.method = "BH", cor_cut = -0.3)
```

Arguments

table	list format containing both selected gene and miRNA expression data for each chosen pathway. output of GSEA_ana
pheno.data	phenotype data.
class	string. Choose one features from all rows of phenotype data.
DE_method	statistical method for finding differential genes or miRNAs, including "t.test", "wilcox.test", "limma". Default is "t.test".
limma.trend	logical, only matter when limma is chosen to be the method. From function eBayes.
t_test.var	logical, only matter when limma is chosen to be the method. Whether to treat the two variances as being equal. From function $t.test$

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logical, if this data hasn't been log2 transformed yet, this one should be TRUE.

Default is FALSE.

p_adjust.method

Correction method for multiple testing. (If you are using DESeq for method, this param would not affect the result) From function p.adjust. Default is "BH".

cor_cut

an numeric value indicating a threshold of correlation coefficient for every potential miRNA-genes interactions. Default is -0.3, however, if no interaction pass the threshold, this function would add 0.2 value in threshold until at least one interaction passed the threshold.

Value

list format containing matrix for each chosen pathway. The format of matrix is like the output from negative_cor.

See Also

differExp_discrete and negative_cor.

Examples

```
## Load example data
require(data.table)

cc <- system.file("extdata", "pheno_data.csv", package = "anamiR")
pheno.data <- fread(cc, fill = TRUE, header = TRUE)

## adjust data format
pheno_name <- pheno.data[["Sample"]]
pheno.data <- pheno.data[, -1]
pheno.data <- as.matrix(pheno.data)
row.names(pheno.data) <- pheno_name
data(table_pre)

result <- GSEA_res(table = table_pre, pheno.data = pheno.data,
    class = "ER", DE_method = "limma", cor_cut = 0)</pre>
```

heat_vis

Using correlation information to draw a heatmaps

Description

This function would base on Fold-Change information from the output of negative_cor, differ-Exp_discrete and show heatmaps to users. Note that if miRNA-gene interactions (row) from input are larger than 100, the lable in plot would be unclear.

Usage

```
heat_vis(cor_data, mrna_d, mirna_21)
```

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Arguments

mrna_d differential expressed data in data.frame format, with sample name in columns and gene symbol in rows, which is generated by differExp_discrete or differExp_continuous.

mirna_21 differential expressed data in data.frame format, with sample name in columns and miRNAl in rows, which is generated by differExp_discrete or differExp_continuous, miRNA should be miRBase 21 version now.

Value

heatmap plots of miRNA and gene.

See Also

heatmap. 2 for plot.

```
## Use the internal dataset
data("mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("pheno.mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("mrna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("pheno.mrna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mirna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(</pre>
assays = SimpleList(counts=mirna),
colData = pheno.mirna)
## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mrna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(</pre>
assays = SimpleList(counts=mrna),
colData = pheno.mrna)
\#\# Finding differential miRNA from miRNA expression data with t.test
mirna_d <- differExp_discrete(</pre>
   se = mirna_se,
   class = "ER",
   method = "t.test"
## Finding differential mRNA from mRNA expression data with t.test
mrna_d <- differExp_discrete(</pre>
   se = mrna_se,
   class = "ER",
   method = "t.test"
)
## Convert annotation to miRBse 21
mirna_21 <- miR_converter(data = mirna_d, original_version = 17)</pre>
## Correlation
```

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```
cor <- negative_cor(mrna_data = mrna_d, mirna_data = mirna_21)
## Draw heatmap
heat_vis(cor, mrna_d, mirna_21)</pre>
```

mirna

miRNA expression data about breast cancer

Description

This miRNA expression dataset is originally from GSE19536. To make dataset smaller, we have selected 30 samples in columns and 489 miRNAs in rows.

Usage

mirna

Format

A data frame with 489 obs (miRNAs) and 30 variables:

BC.M.014 sample name, in column

BC.M.015 sample name, in column

BC.M.017 sample name, in column

BC.M.019 sample name, in column

BC.M.023 sample name, in column

BC.M.031 sample name, in column

BC.M.053 sample name, in column

BC.M.083 sample name, in column

BC.M.088 sample name, in column

BC.M.112 sample name, in column

BC.M.119 sample name, in column

BC.M.144 sample name, in column

BC.M.148 sample name, in column

BC.M.150 sample name, in column

BC.M.209 sample name, in column

BC.M.220 sample name, in column

BC.M.221 sample name, in column

BC.M.300 sample name, in column

BC.M.308 sample name, in column

BC.M.309 sample name, in column

BC.M.318 sample name, in column

BC.M.357 sample name, in column

BC.M.381 sample name, in column

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```
BC.M.388 sample name, in column
BC.M.406 sample name, in column
BC.M.451 sample name, in column
BC.M.457 sample name, in column
BC.M.493 sample name, in column
BC.M.512 sample name, in column
BC.M.709 sample name, in column
```

Value

data.frame

Source

```
NCBI GEO: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/
```

miR_converter

Convert miRNA annotation to the miRBase 21 version

Description

This function will convert the miRNA names from the data frame, which is produced by differ-Exp_discrete, to the miRBase 21 version of miRNA annotation. If the input contains hundreds of miRNAs, it would take a few minutes to convert all of them.

Usage

```
miR_converter(data, remove_old = TRUE, original_version,
    latest_version = 21)
```

Arguments

data expression data in data.frame format, with sample name in columns and miRNA

name in rows.

remove_old logical value, if the miRNA is deleted in miRBase 21, should it be removed from

row? Default is TRUE.

original_version

the original version of miRNA in input matrix. This one is necessary.

 ${\tt latest_version} \quad choose \ an \ interger \ under \ 21, \ and \ this \ function \ would \ convert \ miRNA \ annotation$

to that version. Default is 21.

Value

expression data in data.frame format, with sample name in columns and miRNA name for miRBase version 21 in rows.

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Examples

```
## Use the internal dataset
data("mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("pheno.mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mirna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(</pre>
assays = SimpleList(counts=mirna),
 colData = pheno.mirna)
\mbox{\#\#} Finding differential miRNA from miRNA expression data with t.test
mirna_d <- differExp_discrete(</pre>
   se = mirna_se,
   class = "ER",
   method = "t.test"
)
## Convert annotation to miRBse 21
mirna_21 <- miR_converter(data = mirna_d, original_version = 17)</pre>
```

mrna

mRNA expression data about breast cancer

Description

This mRNA expression dataset is originally from GSE19536. To make dataset smaller, we have selected 30 samples in columns and 19210 genes in rows.

Usage

mrna

Format

A data frame with 15000 rows (genes) and 30 variables:

BC.M.014 sample name, in column BC.M.015 sample name, in column BC.M.017 sample name, in column BC.M.019 sample name, in column BC.M.023 sample name, in column BC.M.031 sample name, in column BC.M.053 sample name, in column BC.M.083 sample name, in column BC.M.088 sample name, in column BC.M.088 sample name, in column BC.M.112 sample name, in column

BC.M.119 sample name, in column

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```
BC.M.144 sample name, in column
BC.M.148 sample name, in column
BC.M.150 sample name, in column
BC.M.209 sample name, in column
BC.M.220 sample name, in column
BC.M.221 sample name, in column
BC.M.300 sample name, in column
BC.M.308 sample name, in column
BC.M.309 sample name, in column
BC.M.318 sample name, in column
BC.M.357 sample name, in column
BC.M.381 sample name, in column
BC.M.388 sample name, in column
BC.M.406 sample name, in column
BC.M.451 sample name, in column
BC.M.457 sample name, in column
BC.M.493 sample name, in column
BC.M.512 sample name, in column
BC.M.709 sample name, in column
```

Value

data.frame

Source

NCBI GEO: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/

msigdb.gs

MsigDB C2 pathways with gene set information

Description

This table is originally from gage, including 4731 pathways.

Usage

msigdb.gs

Format

A list with 4731 C2 pathways from MsigDB.

Value

list

Source

GSEA MsigDB http://software.broadinstitute.org/gsea/msigdb

multi_Differ 17

multi_Differ	Find differential expression groups of each genes or miRNA from expression data
--------------	---

Description

This function will apply anova a statistical methods, for each gene or miRNA (row) to find not only whether expression data of multiple groups differential expressed or not, but also tell specifically two groups from all are differential expression.

Usage

```
multi_Differ(se, class, anova_p_value = 0.05, post_hoc = c("scheffe.test",
   "duncan.test", "HSD.test"), post_hoc_p_value = 0.05)
```

Arguments

se SummarizedExperiment for input format.

class string. Choose one features from all rows of phenotype data.

anova_p_value an numeric value indicating a threshold of p-value from anova for every genes or miRNAs (rows). Default is 0.05.

post_hoc post hoc test for anova, including "scheffe.test", "HSD.test", "duncan.test".

post_hoc_p_value

an numeric value indicating a threshold of p-value from post hoc test for every genes or miRNAs (rows). Default is 0.05.

Value

data.frame format with extra columns containing information about differential expressed groups among all.

See Also

aov for fit an analysis of variance model.

```
## Use the internal dataset
data("mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("pheno.mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())

## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mirna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(
    assays = SimpleList(counts=mirna),
    colData = pheno.mirna)

## Finding differential miRNA from miRNA expression data with anova
aov <- multi_Differ(se = mirna_se, class = "Subtype",
    post_hoc = "scheffe.test")</pre>
```

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negative_cor

Find the correlation coefficient between each gene and miRNA.

Description

This function will calculate the correlation coefficient between each gene and miRNA from differential expressed data, which are produced by differExp_discrete or differExp_continuous. After filtering the positive and higher than cutoff value of correlation, this function would return a matrix with seven columns, including miRNA, gene, correlation coefficients and Fold change, P-adjust value for miRNA and gene. Each row represents one potential miRNA-target gene interaction.

Usage

```
negative_cor(mrna_data, mirna_data, method = c("pearson", "kendall",
    "spearman"), cut.off = -0.5)
```

Arguments

mrna_data	differential expressed data in matrix format, with sample name in columns and gene symbol in rows, which is generated by differExp_discrete or differExp_continuous.
mirna_data	differential expressed data in matrix format, with sample name in columns and miRNA in rows, which is generated by differExp_discrete or differExp_continuous, miRNA should be miRBase 21 version now.
method	methods for calculating correlation coefficient, including "pearson", "spearman", "kendall". Default is "pearson". From function cor
cut.off	an numeric value indicating a threshold of correlation coefficient for every potential miRNA-genes interactions. Default is -0.5, however, if no interaction pass the threshold, this function would add 0.2 value in threshold until at least one interaction passed the threshold.

Value

matrix format with each row indicating one potential miRNA-target gene interaction and seven columns are miRNA, gene, correlation coefficient and Fold change, P-adjust value for miRNA and gene.

See Also

cor for calculation of correlation.

```
## Use the internal dataset
data("mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("pheno.mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("mrna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
data("pheno.mrna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mirna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(</pre>
```

normalization 19

```
assays = SimpleList(counts=mirna),
 colData = pheno.mirna)
## SummarizedExperiment class
require(SummarizedExperiment)
mrna_se <- SummarizedExperiment(</pre>
assays = SimpleList(counts=mrna),
colData = pheno.mrna)
## Finding differential miRNA from miRNA expression data with t.test
mirna_d <- differExp_discrete(</pre>
   se = mirna_se,
   class = "ER",
   method = "t.test"
)
## Finding differential mRNA from mRNA expression data with t.test
mrna_d <- differExp_discrete(</pre>
   se = mrna_se,
   class = "ER",
   method = "t.test"
)
## Correlation
cor <- negative_cor(mrna_data = mrna_d, mirna_data = mirna_d,</pre>
     method = "pearson"
```

normalization

Normalize expression data

Description

This function will normalize the given expression data and return it in the same data format.

Usage

```
normalization(data, method = c("quantile", "normal", "rank.invariant"))
```

Arguments

data expression data in matrix format, with sample name in columns and gene symbol

or miRNA name in rows.

method normalization methods, including "quantile", "normal", "rank.invariant". De-

fault is "quantile". As for method "normal", we trim the extreme value and

calculate the mean in the data.

Value

SummarizedExperiment for return object.

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See Also

normalizeQuantiles for quantile normalization; rankinvariant for rank invariant normalization.

Examples

```
## Use the internal dataset
data("mirna", package = "anamiR", envir = environment())
## Normalize miRNA expression data
normalization(data = mirna, method = "quantile")
```

pheno.mirna

phenotype data of mirna about breast cancer

Description

This phenotype dataset is originally from GSE19536. It contains 3 features in row and 30 samples in column.

Usage

```
pheno.mirna
```

Format

A data frame with 30 obs and 3 variables:

ER estrogen receptor status

Subtype breast cancer subtype

Survival disease free survival time (months)

Value

data.frame

Source

```
NCBI GEO: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/
```

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pheno.mrna

phenotype data of mrna about breast cancer

Description

This phenotype dataset is originally from GSE19536. It contains 3 features in row and 30 samples in column.

Usage

pheno.mrna

Format

A data frame with 30 obs and 3 variables:

ER estrogen receptor status

Subtype breast cancer subtype

Survival disease free survival time (months)

Value

data.frame

Source

NCBI GEO: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/

table_pre

A list with information of genes and miRNAs.

Description

This table is generated from miR_converter, including 4 files.

Usage

table_pre

Format

A large list with 2 gene expression files and 2 miRNAs files

Value

list

Source

NCBI GEO: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/

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