Package 'dcGSA'

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Title Distance-correlation based Gene Set Analysis for longitudinal

Type Package

gene expression profiles
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Suggests knitr
VignetteBuilder knitr
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Description Distance-correlation based Gene Set Analysis for longitudinal gene expression profiles. In longitudinal studies, the gene expression profiles were collected at each visit from each subject and hence there are multiple measurements of the gene expression profiles for each subject. The dcGSA package could be used to assess the associations between gene sets and clinical outcomes of interest by fully taking advantage of the longitudinal nature of both the gene expression profiles and clinical outcomes.
License GPL-2
LazyData TRUE
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biocViews GeneSetEnrichment,Microarray, StatisticalMethod, Sequencing, RNASeq, GeneExpression
NeedsCompilation no
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dcGSA

dcGSA	Perform gene set	analysis for longitudinal	gene expression profiles.
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Description

Perform gene set analysis for longitudinal gene expression profiles.

Usage

```
dcGSA(data = NULL, geneset = NULL, nperm = 10, c = 0,
    parallel = FALSE, BPparam = MulticoreParam(workers = 4))
```

Arguments

data A list with ID (a character vector for subject ID), pheno (a data frame with each

column being one clinical outcome), gene (a data frame with each column being

one gene).

geneset A list of gene sets of interests (the output of readGMT function).

An integer number of permutations performed to get P values.

c An integer cutoff value for the overlapping number of genes between the data

and the gene set.

parallel A logical value indicating if parallel computing is wanted.

BPparam Parameters to configure parallel evaluation environments if parallel is TRUE.

The default value is to use 4 cores in a single machine. See BiocParallelParam

object in Bioconductor package BiocParallel for more details.

Value

returns a data frame with following columns.

Geneset Names for the gene sets.

TotalSize The original size of each gene set.

OverlapSize The overlapping number of genes between the data and the gene set.

Stats Longitudinal distance covariance between the clinical outcomes and the gene

set.

NormScore Only available when permutation is performed. Normalized longitudinal dis-

tance covariance using the mean and standard deviation of permutated values.

P Only available when permutation is performed. Permutation P values.

References

Distance-correlation based Gene Set Analysis in Longitudinal Studies. Jiehuan Sun, Jose Herazo-Maya, Xiu Huang, Naftali Kaminski, and Hongyu Zhao.

Examples

```
data(dcGSAtest)
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "sample.gmt.txt", package="dcGSA")
GS <- readGMT(file=fpath)
system.time(res <- dcGSA(data=dcGSAtest,geneset=GS,nperm=100))
head(res)</pre>
```

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Description

A R data object of example data to test dcGSA. This is a list comprised of ID, data (phenotypes of interest), gene (longitudinal gene expresion profiles).

Examples

```
data(dcGSAtest) # load the test dataset
```

LDcov

Calculate longitudinal distance covariance statistics.

Description

Calculate longitudinal distance covariance statistics.

Usage

```
LDcov(x.dist = NULL, y.dist = NULL, nums = NULL, bmat = NULL)
```

Arguments

x.dist	A block-diagonal distance matrix of each block being pairwise distance matrix of genes for each subject.
y.dist	A block-diagonal distance matrix of each block being pairwise distance matrix of clinical outcomes for each subject.
nums	A vector of integer numbers indicating the number of repeated measures for each subject.
bmat	A numerical matrix with one column for each subject (binary values indicating the locations of the repeated measures for that subject).

Value

returns the longitudinal distance covariance statistics.

Examples

```
## Not run: require(Matrix)
x <- cbind(rnorm(7),rnorm(7)) ## two genes
y <- cbind(rnorm(7),rnorm(7)) ## two clinical outcomes
## Two subjects: the first one has three measures
## while the other one has four measures
ID <- c(1,1,1,2,2,2,2) ## The IDs for the two subjects.
nums <- c(3,4) ## number of repeated measures for each subjects
## prepare block-diagonal distance matrix for genes and clinical outcomes
lmat <- lapply(nums,function(x){z=matrix(1,nrow=x,ncol=x)})
mat <- as.matrix(bdiag(lmat))</pre>
```

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```
lmat <- lapply(nums,function(x){z=matrix(0,nrow=x,ncol=x);z[,1]=1;z})
bmat <- as.matrix(bdiag(lmat))
ind <- apply(bmat,2,sum)
bmat <- bmat[,ind!=0]
ydist <- as.matrix(dist(y))*mat
xdist <- as.matrix(dist(x))*mat
LDcov(x.dist=xdist,y.dist=ydist,nums=nums,bmat)</pre>
```

readGMT

Read gene set file in gmt format

Description

Read gene set file in gmt format

Usage

```
readGMT(file = NULL)
```

Arguments

file

filename for the gmt file

Value

a list of gene sets with each element being a vector of gene names

Examples

```
fpath <- system.file("extdata", "sample.gmt.txt", package="dcGSA")
GS <- readGMT(file=fpath)</pre>
```

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