The minfi User's Guide

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Abstract

A comprehensive guide to using the minfi package for analyzing DNA methylation microarrays from Illumina.vignettes.

Package version: minfi 1.18.6

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Introduction

The *minfi* package provides tools for analyzing Illumina's Methylation arrays, specifically the 450k and EPIC (also known as the 850k) arrays. We have partial support for the older 27k array.

The tasks addressed in this package include preprocessing, QC assessments, identification of interesting methylation loci and plotting functionality. Analyzing these types of arrays is ongoing research in ours and other groups.

The input data to this package are IDAT files, representing two different color channels prior to normalization. This is the most complete data type, because IDAT files includes measurements on control probes. It is possible to use Genome Studio files together with the data structures contained in this package, but only some functionality is available because Genome Studio output does not contain control probe information. In addition, usually Genome Studio output is normalized using the methods implemented in Genome Studio and these are generally considered inferior.

Citing the minfi package

The MINFI package contains methods which are described across multiple manuscripts, by different non-overlapping authors. This makes citing the package a bit difficult, so here is a guide.

- If you are using MINFI in a publication, please cite (Aryee et al. 2014). This publication includes details on sex estimation using getSex(), quality control using getQC(), quantile normalization using preprocessQuantile(), bump hunting using bumphunter() and block finding using blockFinder().
- If you are using preprocessQuantile(), it would be considerate to also cite (Touleimat and Tost 2012), since this publication describes a method essentially identical to preprocessQuantile().
- If you are using bumphunter(), you should also cite the original bump hunter publication (Jaffe et al. 2012).
- If you are using SWAN normalization as implemented in preprocessSWAN() please cite (???).
- If you are using noob background correction as implemented in preprocessNoob(), please cite (Triche et al. 2013).
- If you are using functional normalization as implemented in preprocessFunnorm(), please cite (Jean-Philippe Fortin et al. 2014). The default in preprocessFunnorm() is to do noob background correction. If this is used, please also cite (Triche et al. 2013).
- If you are estimating A/B compartments as implemented in compartments() and extractAB(), please cite (Jean-Philippe Fortin and Kasper D Hansen 2015).

minfi classes

Reading data

Manifest / annotation

Quality control

- use shinyMethyl
- minfiQC
- getSex checks
- mds plots
- plot conversion probes

Preprocessing

- preprocessRaw
- preprocessIllumina
- preprocessSWAN
- preprocessQuantile
- preprocessNoob
- preprocessFunnorm

SNPs and other issues

- SNPs
- cross reactive probes

- remove bad probes
- detection P
- Gap Hunting

Identifying differentially methylated regions

- DMP finding
- Bump hunting
- Block finding
- plot DMRs with annotation.

Correcting for cell type heterogenity

- estimateCellTypes
- reference packages

Other stuff

- Horvath age estimation
- other packages

Sessioninfo

- R version 3.3.1 (2016-06-21), x86_64-pc-linux-gnu
- Locale: LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8, LC_NUMERIC=C, LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8, LC_COLLATE=C, LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8, LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8, LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8, LC_NAME=C, LC_ADDRESS=C, LC_TELEPHONE=C, LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8, LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
- Base packages: base, datasets, grDevices, graphics, methods, stats, utils
- Other packages: BiocStyle 2.0.2
- Loaded via a namespace (and not attached): Rcpp 0.12.6, digest 0.6.9, evaluate 0.9, formatR 1.4, htmltools 0.3.5, knitr 1.13, magrittr 1.5, rmarkdown 1.0, stringi 1.1.1, stringr 1.0.0, tools 3.3.1, yaml 2.1.13

References

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Jaffe, Andrew E, Peter Murakami, Hwajin Lee, Jeffrey T Leek, M Daniele Fallin, Andrew P Feinberg, and Rafael A Irizarry. 2012. "Bump Hunting to Identify Differentially Methylated Regions in Epigenetic Epidemiology Studies." *International Journal of Epidemiology* 41 (1): 200–209. doi:10.1093/ije/dyr238.

Jean-Philippe Fortin, and Kasper D Hansen. 2015. "Reconstructing A/B compartments as revealed by Hi-C using long-range correlations in epigenetic data." *Genome Biology* 16: 180. doi:10.1186/s13059-015-0741-y.

Jean-Philippe Fortin, Aurélie Labbe, Mathieu Lemire, Brent W Zanke, Thomas J Hudson, Elana J Fertig, Celia MT

Greenwood, and Kasper D Hansen. 2014. "Functional normalization of 450k methylation array data improves replication in large cancer studies." *Genome Biology* 15 (11): 503. doi:10.1186/s13059-014-0503-2.

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Triche, Timothy J, Daniel J Weisenberger, David Van Den Berg, Peter W Laird, and Kimberly D Siegmund. 2013. "Low-level processing of Illumina Infinium DNA Methylation BeadArrays." *Nucleic Acids Research* 41 (7): e90. doi:10.1093/nar/gkt090.