

# Package ‘MiPP’

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**Title** Misclassification Penalized Posterior Classification

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**Depends** R (>= 2.4)

**Imports** Biobase, e1071, MASS, stats

**Description** This package finds optimal sets of genes that separate samples into two or more classes.

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**URL** <http://www.healthsystem.virginia.edu/internet/hes/biostat/bioinformatics/>

**biocViews** Microarray, Classification

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## Contents

colon . . . . .	2
cv.mipp.rule . . . . .	2
get.mipp . . . . .	3
get.mipp.lda . . . . .	3
get.mipp.logistic . . . . .	3
get.mipp.qda . . . . .	3
get.mipp.svm.linear . . . . .	3

get.mipp.svm.rbf . . . . .	4
leuk1 . . . . .	4
leuk2 . . . . .	4
leukemia . . . . .	5
linearkernel.decision.function . . . . .	5
mipp . . . . .	6
mipp.preproc . . . . .	8
mipp.rule . . . . .	9
mipp.seq . . . . .	9
pre.select . . . . .	11
quant.normal . . . . .	12
quant.normal2 . . . . .	12
rbfkernel.decision.function . . . . .	12
<b>Index</b>	<b>13</b>

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colon	<i>Gene expression data for colon cancer</i>
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### Description

This data set consists of gene expression of colon cancer study.

### Usage

```
data(colon)
```

### Format

A matrix containing 2000 probe sets and 2 classes (T, F)

### Source

Alon, U., Barkai, N., Notterman, D.A., Gish, K., Ybarra, S., Mack, D., Levine, A.J. (1999). Broad Patterns of Gene Expression Revealed by Clustering Analysis of Tumor and Normal Colon Tissues probed by Oligonucleotide Arrays, PNAS, 96(12), 6745–6750.

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cv.mipp.rule	<i>Fitting cross-validation MiPP</i>
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### Description

Fits cross-validation MiPP

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get.mipp                      *Choosing a rule*

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**Description**

Choose a rule to compute MiPP

---

get.mipp.lda                      *Fitting LDA to compute MiPP*

---

**Description**

Fits LDA to compute MiPP

---

get.mipp.logistic                      *Fitting logistic model to compute MiPP*

---

**Description**

Fits logistic model to compute MiPP

---

get.mipp.qda                      *Fitting QDA to compute MiPP*

---

**Description**

Fits QDA to compute MiPP

---

get.mipp.svm.linear                      *Fitting SVM (linear) to compute MiPP*

---

**Description**

Fits SVM (linear) to compute MiPP

---

get.mipp.svm.rbf	<i>Fitting SVM (RBF) to compute MiPP</i>
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**Description**

Fits SVM (RBF) to compute MiPP

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leuk1	<i>Gene expression data for leukemia</i>
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**Description**

This data set consists of gene expression of leukemia study.

**Usage**

```
data(leukemia)
```

**Format**

A matrix containing 6817 probe sets and 38 samples (2 classes: AML, ALL)

**Source**

Golub, T.R., Slonim, D.K., Tamayo, P., Huard, C., Gaasenbeek, M., Mesirov, P., Coller, H., Loh, M.L., Downing, J.R., Caliguri, M.A., Bloomfield, C.D., and Lander, E.S. (1999) Molecular classification of cancer: class discovery and class prediction by gene expression monitoring. *Science*, 286, 531-537.

---

leuk2	<i>Gene expression data for leukemia</i>
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---

**Description**

This data set consists of gene expression of leukemia study.

**Usage**

```
data(leukemia)
```

**Format**

A matrix containing 6817 probe sets and 34 samples (2 classes: AML, ALL)

**Source**

Golub, T.R., Slonim, D.K., Tamayo, P., Huard, C., Gaasenbeek, M., Mesirov, P., Coller, H., Loh, M.L., Downing, J.R., Caliguri, M.A., Bloomfield, C.D., and Lander, E.S. (1999) Molecular classification of cancer: class discovery and class prediction by gene expression monitoring. *Science*, 286, 531-537.

---

leukemia

*Gene expression data for leukemia*

---

**Description**

This data set consists of gene expression of leukemia study.

**Usage**

`data(leukemia)`

**Format**

A matrix containing 6817 probe sets and 2 classes (AML, ALL)

**Source**

Golub, T.R., Slonim, D.K., Tamayo, P., Huard, C., Gaasenbeek, M., Mesirov, P., Coller, H., Loh, M.L., Downing, J.R., Caliguri, M.A., Bloomfield, C.D., and Lander, E.S. (1999) Molecular classification of cancer: class discovery and class prediction by gene expression monitoring. *Science*, 286, 531-537.

---

`linearkernel.decision.function`

*SVM (linear) kernel to compute MiPP*

---

**Description**

SVM (linear) kernel to compute MiPP

---

mipp

*MiPP-based Classification*


---

### Description

Finds optimal sets of genes for classification

### Usage

```
mipp(x, y, x.test = NULL, y.test = NULL, probe.ID = NULL,
     rule = "lda", method.cut = "t.test", percent.cut = 0.01,
     model.sMiPP.margin = 0.01, min.sMiPP = 0.85, n.drops = 2,
     n.fold = 5, p.test = 1/3, n.split = 20,
     n.split.eval = 100)
```

### Arguments

x	data matrix
y	class vector
x.test	test data matrix if available
y.test	test class vector if available
probe.ID	probe set IDs; if NULL, row numbers are assigned.
rule	classification rule: "lda", "qda", "logistic", "svmlin", "svmrbf"; the default is "lda".
method.cut	method for pre-selection; t-test is available.
percent.cut	proportion of pre-selected genes; the default is 0.01.
model.sMiPP.margin	smallest set of genes s.t. sMiPP <= (max sMiPP - model.sMiPP.margin); the default is 0.01.
min.sMiPP	Adding genes stops if max sMiPP is at least min.sMiPP; the default is 0.85.
n.drops	Adding genes stops if sMiPP decreases (n.drops) times, in addition to min.sMiPP criterion.; the default is 2.
n.fold	number of folds; default is 5.
p.test	partition percent of train and test samples when test samples are not available; the default is 1/3 for test set.
n.split	number of splits; the default is 20.
n.split.eval	numbr of splits for evaluation; the default is 100.

### Value

model	candiadate genes (for each split if no indep set is available)
model.eval	Optimal sets of genes for each split when no indep set is available



```
"T", "N"))

#Deleting contaminated chips
x <- x[,-c(51,55,45,49,56)]
y <- y[ -c(51,55,45,49,56)]

#Compute MiPP
out <- mipp(x=x, y=y, probe.ID = 1:nrow(x), n.fold=5, p.test=1/3, n.split=5, n.split.eval=100,
percent.cut= 0.1, rule="lda")

#Print candidate models for each split
out$model

#Print optimal models and independent evaluation for each split
out$model.eval
```

---

mipp.preproc

*Preprocessing*

---

## Description

Performs IQR normalization, thesholding, and log2-transformation

## Usage

```
mipp.preproc(x, data.type = "MAS5")
```

## Arguments

x	data
data.type	data type is MAS5, MAS4, or dChip

## See Also

[mipp](#)

## Examples

```
library(MiPP)

data(colon)
colon.nor <- mipp.preproc(colon)
```



---

mipp.rule

*Computing MiPP*


---

**Description**

Computes MiPP

---

mipp.seq

*MiPP-based Classification*


---

**Description**

sequentially finds optimal sets of genes for classification

**Usage**

```
mipp.seq(x, y, x.test = NULL, y.test = NULL, probe.ID = NULL,
rule = "lda", method.cut = "t.test", percent.cut = 0.01,
model.sMiPP.margin = 0.01, min.sMiPP = 0.85, n.drops = 2,
n.fold = 5, p.test = 1/3, n.split = 20, n.split.eval = 100,
n.seq=3, cutoff.sMiPP=0.7, remove.gene.each.model="all")
```

**Arguments**

x	data matrix
y	class vector
x.test	test data matrix if available
y.test	test class vector if available
probe.ID	probe set IDs; if NULL, row numbers are assigned.
rule	classification rule: "lda","qda","logistic","svmlin","svmrbf"; the default is "lda".
method.cut	method for pre-selection; t-test is available.
percent.cut	proportion of pre-selected genes; the default is 0.01.
model.sMiPP.margin	smallest set of genes s.t. sMiPP <= (max sMiPP-model.sMiPP.margin); the default is 0.01.
min.sMiPP	Adding genes stops if max sMiPP is at least min.sMiPP; the default is 0.85.
n.drops	Adding genes stops if sMiPP decreases (n.drops) times, in addition to min.sMiPP criterion.; the default is 2.
n.fold	number of folds; default is 5.
p.test	partition percent of train and test samples when test samples are not available; the default is 1/3 for test set.

n.split            number of splits; the default is 20.  
n.split.eval        numbr of splits for evaluation; the default is 100.  
n.seq                Number of sequential gene model selection; the default is 3.  
cutoff.sMiPP        Cutoff point of 5 percent sMiPP to select gene models  
remove.gene.each.model        Re-run after removing all genes in the selected models if "all" and the first gene for each of the selected models if "first"

**Value**

model                candiadate genes (for each split if no indep set is available)  
model.eval            Optimal sets of genes for each split when no indep set is available  
genes.selected        a list of genes selected by sequential selection

**Author(s)**

Soukup M, Cho H, and Lee JK

**References**

Soukup M, Cho H, and Lee JK (2005). Robust classification modeling on microarray data using misclassification penalized posterior, *Bioinformatics*, 21 (Suppl): i423-i430.  
Soukup M and Lee JK (2004). Developing optimal prediction models for cancer classification using gene expression data, *Journal of Bioinformatics and Computational Biology*, 1(4) 681-694

**Examples**

```
#####
#Example 1: When an independent test set is available

data(leukemia)

#Normalize combined data
leukemia <- cbind(leuk1, leuk2)
leukemia <- mipp.preproc(leukemia, data.type="MAS4")

#Train set
x.train <- leukemia[,1:38]
y.train <- factor(c(rep("ALL",27),rep("AML",11)))

#Test set
x.test <- leukemia[,39:72]
y.test <- factor(c(rep("ALL",20),rep("AML",14)))

#Compute MiPP
out <- mipp.seq(x=x.train, y=y.train, x.test=x.test, y.test=y.test, n.fold=5, percent.cut=0.01, rule="lda", n.seq

#Print candidate models
```

```

out$model

#Print the genes selected
out$genes.selected

#####
#Example 2: When an independent test set is not available

data(colon)

#Normalize data
x <- mipp.preproc(colon)
y <- factor(c("T", "N", "T", "N", "T", "N", "T", "N", "T", "N",
             "T", "N", "T", "N", "T", "N", "T", "N", "T", "N",
             "T", "N", "T", "N", "T", "T", "T", "T", "T", "T",
             "T", "T", "T", "T", "T", "T", "T", "T", "N", "T",
             "T", "N", "N", "T", "T", "T", "T", "N", "T", "N",
             "N", "T", "T", "N", "N", "T", "T", "T", "T", "N",
             "T", "N"))

#Deleting contaminated chips
x <- x[,-c(51,55,45,49,56)]
y <- y[ -c(51,55,45,49,56)]

#Compute MiPP
out <- mipp.seq(x=x, y=y, n.fold=5, p.test=1/3, n.split=5, n.split.eval=100,
percent.cut= 0.05, rule="lda", n.seq=2)

#Print candidate models for each split
out$model

#Print optimal models and independent evaluation for each split
out$model.eval

#Print the genes selected
out$genes.selected

```

---

pre.select

*Pre-selection*


---

## Description

Pre-select genes

---

<code>quant.normal</code>	<i>Quantile normalization</i>
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---

**Description**

Performs quantile normalization

---

<code>quant.normal2</code>	<i>Quantile normalization</i>
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---

**Description**

Performs quantile normalization

---

<code>rbfkernel.decision.function</code>	<i>SVM (RBF) kernel to compute MiPP</i>
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---

**Description**

SVM (RBF) kernel to compute MiPP

# Index

## \* datasets

- colon, 2
- leuk1, 4
- leuk2, 4
- leukemia, 5

## \* models

- cv.mipp.rule, 2
- get.mipp, 3
- get.mipp.lda, 3
- get.mipp.logistic, 3
- get.mipp.qda, 3
- get.mipp.svm.linear, 3
- get.mipp.svm.rbf, 4
- linearkernel.decision.function, 5
- mipp, 6
- mipp.preproc, 8
- mipp.rule, 9
- mipp.seq, 9
- pre.select, 11
- quant.normal, 12
- quant.normal2, 12
- rbfkernel.decision.function, 12

colon, 2

cv.mipp.rule, 2

get.mipp, 3

get.mipp.lda, 3

get.mipp.logistic, 3

get.mipp.qda, 3

get.mipp.svm.linear, 3

get.mipp.svm.rbf, 4

leuk1, 4

leuk2, 4

leukemia, 5

leukimia (leukemia), 5

linearkernel.decision.function, 5

mipp, 6, 8

mipp.preproc, 8

mipp.rule, 9

mipp.seq, 9

pre.select, 11

quant.normal, 12

quant.normal2, 12

rbfkernel.decision.function, 12