# Package 'DEGseq'

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<b>Description</b> DEGseq is an R package to identify differentially expressed genes from RNA-Seq data.
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Contents
DEGexp  DEGexp2  DEGseq  ConsExpExpExpmodel 1000

DEGe	exp DE0	Зехр:	Ide	enti	fyin	g 1	Dif	fer	ent	ial	ly	E.	хрі	res	se	d	Ge	ne	2 <i>S</i>	fre	m	ıξ	zer	ıe	ех	;-
Index																										17
	refFlatChr21										•	٠		•					•					•		16
	readGeneExp																									
	liverChr21Bowtie																									14
	liverChr21.bed																									14
	kidneyChr21Bowtie																									13
	kidneyChr21.bed																									13
	getGeneExp																									12
	GeneExpExample5000																									11

pression data

Description

This function is used to identify differentially expressed genes when users already have the gene expression values (or the number of reads mapped to each gene).

## Usage

# Arguments

geneExpMatrix1	gene expression matrix for replicates of sample 1 (or replicate 1 when method="CTR").
geneCol1	gene id column in geneExpMatrix1.
expCol1	expression value <i>columns</i> in geneExpMatrix1 for replicates of sample1 (numeric vector).  Note: Each column corresponds to a replicate of sample1.
depth1	the total number of reads uniquely mapped to genome for each replicate of sample1 (numeric vector), default: take the total number of reads mapped to all annotated genes as the depth for each replicate.
groupLabel1	label of group1 on the plots.
geneExpMatrix2	gene expression matrix for replicates of sample2 (or replicate2 when method="CTR").
geneCol2	gene id column in geneExpMatrix2.
expCol2	expression value <i>columns</i> in geneExpMatrix2 for replicates of sample2 (numeric vector).
	<i>Note</i> : Each column corresponds to a replicate of sample2.

depth2 the total number of reads uniquely mapped to genome for each replicate of sam-

ple2 (numeric vector),

default: take the total number of reads mapped to all annotated genes as the depth for each replicate.

groupLabel2 label of group2 on the plots.

method method to identify differentially expressed genes. Possible methods are:

• "LRT": Likelihood Ratio Test (Marioni et al. 2008),

- "CTR": Check whether the variation between Technical Replicates can be explained by the random sampling model (Wang et al. 2009),
- "FET": Fisher's Exact Test (Joshua et al. 2009),
- "MARS": MA-plot-based method with Random Sampling model (Wang et al. 2009),
- "MATR": MA-plot-based method with Technical Replicates (Wang et al. 2009),
- "FC": Fold-Change threshold on MA-plot.

pValue pValue threshold (for the methods: LRT, FET, MARS, MATR).

only used when thresholdKind=1.

zScore zScore threshold (for the methods: MARS, MATR).

only used when thresholdKind=2.

qValue qValue threshold (for the methods: LRT, FET, MARS, MATR).

only used when thresholdKind=3 or thresholdKind=4.

thresholdKind the kind of threshold. Possible kinds are:

• 1: pValue threshold,

2: zScore threshold,

• 3: qValue threshold (Benjamini et al. 1995),

• 4: qValue threshold (Storey et al. 2003),

• 5: qValue threshold (Storey et al. 2003) and Fold-Change threshold on MA-plot are both required (can be used only when method="MARS").

foldChange fold change threshold on MA-plot (for the method: FC).

outputDir the output directory.

normalMethod the normalization method: "none", "loess", "median" (Yang et al. 2002).

recommend: "none".

replicateExpMatrix1

matrix containing gene expression values for replicate batch1 (only used when

method="MATR").

Note: replicate1 and replicate2 are two (groups of) technical replicates of a sam-

ple.

geneColR1 gene id column in the expression matrix for replicate batch1 (only used when

method="MATR").

expColR1 expression value *columns* in the expression matrix for replicate batch1 (numeric

vector) (only used when method="MATR").

depthR1 the total number of reads uniquely mapped to genome for each replicate in repli-

cate batch1 (numeric vector),

default: take the total number of reads mapped to all annotated genes as the

depth for each replicate (only used when method="MATR").

replicateLabel1

label of replicate batch1 on the plots (only used when method="MATR").

replicateExpMatrix2

matrix containing gene expression values for replicate batch2 (only used when

 ${\tt method="MATR"}).$ 

Note: replicate1 and replicate2 are two (groups of) technical replicates of a sam-

ple.

geneColR2 gene id column in the expression matrix for replicate batch2 (only used when

method="MATR").

expColR2 expression value *columns* in the expression matrix for replicate batch2 (numeric

vector) (only used when method="MATR").

depthR2 the total number of reads uniquely mapped to genome for each replicate in repli-

cate batch2 (numeric vector),

default: take the total number of reads mapped to all annotated genes as the

depth for each replicate (only used when method="MATR").

replicateLabel2

label of replicate batch2 on the plots (only used when method="MATR").

rawCount a logical value indicating the gene expression values are based on raw read

counts or normalized values.

#### References

Benjamini, Y. and Hochberg, Y (1995). Controlling the false discovery rate: a practical and powerful approach to multiple testing. *J. R. Stat. Soc. Ser. B* **57**, 289-300.

Jiang, H. and Wong, W.H. (2008) Statistical inferences for isoform expression in RNA-seq. *Bioinformatics*, **25**, 1026-1032.

Bloom, J.S. et al. (2009) Measuring differential gene expression by short read sequencing: quantitative comparison to 2-channel gene expression microarrays. *BMC Genomics*, **10**, 221.

Marioni, J.C. et al. (2008) RNA-seq: an assessment of technical reproducibility and comparison with gene expression arrays. *Genome Res.*, **18**, 1509-1517.

Storey, J.D. and Tibshirani, R. (2003) Statistical significance for genomewide studies. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* **100**, 9440-9445.

Wang, L.K. and et al. (2010) DEGseq: an R package for identifying differentially expressed genes from RNA-seq data, *Bioinformatics* **26**, 136 - 138.

Yang, Y.H. et al. (2002) Normalization for cDNA microarray data: a robust composite method addressing single and multiple slide systematic variation. *Nucleic Acids Research*, **30**, e15.

#### See Also

DEGexp2, DEGseq, getGeneExp, readGeneExp, GeneExpExample1000, GeneExpExample5000.

# **Examples**

DEGexp2

DEGexp2: Identifying Differentially Expressed Genes from gene expression data

### **Description**

This function is another (old) version of DEGexp. It takes the gene expression files as input instead of gene expression matrixs.

# Usage

# Arguments

geneExpFile1 file containing gene expression values for replicates of sample1 (or replicate1

when method="CTR").

geneCol1 gene id column in geneExpFile1.

expCol1 expression value *columns* in geneExpFile1 for replicates of sample1 (numeric

vector).

*Note*: Each column corresponds to a replicate of sample1.

depth1 the total number of reads uniquely mapped to genome for each replicate of sam-

ple1 (numeric vector),

default: take the total number of reads mapped to all annotated genes as the

depth for each replicate.

groupLabel1 label of group1 on the plots.

geneExpFile2 file containing gene expression values for replicates of sample2 (or replicate2

when method="CTR").

geneCol2 gene id column in geneExpFile2.

expCol2 expression value *columns* in geneExpFile2 for replicates of sample2 (numeric

vector).

*Note*: Each column corresponds to a replicate of sample2.

depth2 the total number of reads uniquely mapped to genome for each replicate of sam-

ple2 (numeric vector),

default: take the total number of reads mapped to all annotated genes as the

depth for each replicate.

groupLabel2 label of group2 on the plots.

header a logical value indicating whether geneExpFile1 and geneExpFile2 contain the

names of the variables as its first line. See ?read.table.

sep the field separator character. If sep = "" (the default for read.table) the separator

is white space, that is one or more spaces, tabs, newlines or carriage returns. See

?read.table.

method method to identify differentially expressed genes. Possible methods are:

• "LRT": Likelihood Ratio Test (Marioni et al. 2008),

• "CTR": Check whether the variation between Technical Replicates can be explained by the random sampling model (Wang et al. 2009),

• "FET": Fisher's Exact Test (Joshua et al. 2009),

 "MARS": MA-plot-based method with Random Sampling model (Wang et al. 2009),

• "MATR": MA-plot-based method with Technical Replicates (Wang et al. 2009),

• "FC": Fold-Change threshold on MA-plot.

pValue pValue threshold (for the methods: LRT, FET, MARS, MATR).

only used when thresholdKind=1.

zScore threshold (for the methods: MARS, MATR).

only used when thresholdKind=2.

qValue qValue threshold (for the methods: LRT, FET, MARS, MATR).

only used when thresholdKind=3 or thresholdKind=4.

thresholdKind the kind of threshold. Possible kinds are:

• 1: pValue threshold,

• 2: zScore threshold,

• 3: qValue threshold (Benjamini et al. 1995),

• 4: qValue threshold (Storey et al. 2003),

• 5: qValue threshold (Storey et al. 2003) and Fold-Change threshold on MA-plot are both required (can be used only when method="MARS").

foldChange fold change threshold on MA-plot (for the method: FC).

outputDir the output directory.

normalMethod the normalization method: "none", "loess", "median" (Yang et al. 2002). recommend: "none". replicate1 file containing gene expression values for replicate batch1 (only used when method="MATR"). Note: replicate1 and replicate2 are two (groups of) technical replicates of a samgeneColR1 gene id column in the expression file for replicate batch1 (only used when method="MATR"). expColR1 expression value *columns* in the expression file for replicate batch1 (numeric vector) (only used when method="MATR"). depthR1 the total number of reads uniquely mapped to genome for each replicate in replicate batch1 (numeric vector), default: take the total number of reads mapped to all annotated genes as the depth for each replicate (only used when method="MATR"). replicateLabel1 label of replicate batch1 on the plots (only used when method="MATR"). replicate2 file containing gene expression values for replicate batch2 (only used when method="MATR"). *Note*: replicate1 and replicate2 are two (groups of) technical replicates of a samgeneColR2 gene id column in the expression file for replicate batch2 (only used when method="MATR"). expression value *columns* in the expression file for replicate batch2 (numeric expColR2 vector) (only used when method="MATR"). depthR2 the total number of reads uniquely mapped to genome for each replicate in replicate batch2 (numeric vector), default: take the total number of reads mapped to all annotated genes as the depth for each replicate (only used when method="MATR"). replicateLabel2 label of replicate batch2 on the plots (only used when method="MATR"). a logical value indicating the gene expression values are based on raw read rawCount counts or normalized values.

#### References

Benjamini, Y. and Hochberg, Y (1995). Controlling the false discovery rate: a practical and powerful approach to multiple testing. *J. R. Stat. Soc. Ser. B* **57**, 289-300.

Jiang, H. and Wong, W.H. (2008) Statistical inferences for isoform expression in RNA-seq. *Bioinformatics*, **25**, 1026-1032.

Bloom, J.S. et al. (2009) Measuring differential gene expression by short read sequencing: quantitative comparison to 2-channel gene expression microarrays. *BMC Genomics*, **10**, 221.

Marioni, J.C. et al. (2008) RNA-seq: an assessment of technical reproducibility and comparison with gene expression arrays. *Genome Res.*, **18**, 1509-1517.

Storey, J.D. and Tibshirani, R. (2003) Statistical significance for genomewide studies. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* **100**, 9440-9445.

8 DEGseq

Wang, L.K. and et al. (2010) DEGseq: an R package for identifying differentially expressed genes from RNA-seq data, *Bioinformatics* **26**, 136 - 138.

Yang, Y.H. et al. (2002) Normalization for cDNA microarray data: a robust composite method addressing single and multiple slide systematic variation. *Nucleic Acids Research*, **30**, e15.

#### See Also

DEGexp, DEGseq, getGeneExp, readGeneExp, GeneExpExample1000, GeneExpExample5000.

# **Examples**

DEGseq

DEGseq: Identify Differentially Expressed Genes from RNA-seq data

#### **Description**

This function is used to identify differentially expressed genes from RNA-seq data. It takes uniquely mapped reads from RNA-seq data for the two samples with a gene annotation as input. So users should map the reads (obtained from sequencing libraries of the samples) to the corresponding genome in advance.

#### **Usage**

```
DEGseq(mapResultBatch1, mapResultBatch2, fileFormat="bed", readLength=32,
    strandInfo=FALSE, refFlat, groupLabel1="group1", groupLabel2="group2",
    method=c("LRT", "CTR", "FET", "MARS", "MATR", "FC"),
    pValue=1e-3, zScore=4, qValue=1e-3, foldChange=4, thresholdKind=1,
    outputDir="none", normalMethod=c("none", "loess", "median"),
    depthKind=1, replicate1="none", replicate2="none",
    replicateLabel1="replicate1", replicateLabel2="replicate2")
```

DEGseq 9

#### **Arguments**

mapResultBatch1

vector containing uniquely mapping result files for technical replicates of sample1 (or replicate1 when method="CTR").

mapResultBatch2

vector containing uniquely mapping result files for technical replicates of sample2 (or replicate2 when method="CTR").

fileFormat file format: "bed" or "eland".

example of "bed" format: chr12 7 38 readID 2 + example of "eland" format: readID chr12.fa 7 U2 F

Note: The field separator character is TAB. And the files must follow the format

as one of the examples.

readLength the length of the reads (only used if fileFormat="eland").

strandInfo whether the strand information was retained during the cloning of the cDNAs.

• "TRUE" : retained,

• "FALSE": not retained.

refFlat gene annotation file in UCSC refFlat format.

See http://genome.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/gbdDescriptionsOld.html#RefFlat.

groupLabel1 label of group1 on the plots.

groupLabel2 label of group2 on the plots.

method method to identify differentially expressed genes. Possible methods are:

• "LRT": Likelihood Ratio Test (Marioni et al. 2008),

• "CTR": Check whether the variation between two Technical Replicates can be explained by the random sampling model (Wang et al. 2009),

• "FET": Fisher's Exact Test (Joshua et al. 2009),

• "MARS": MA-plot-based method with Random Sampling model (Wang et al. 2009),

• "MATR": MA-plot-based method with Technical Replicates (Wang et al. 2009),

• "FC": Fold-Change threshold on MA-plot.

pValue pValue threshold (for the methods: LRT, FET, MARS, MATR).

only used when thresholdKind=1.

zScore threshold (for the methods: MARS, MATR).

only used when thresholdKind=2.

qValue qValue threshold (for the methods: LRT, FET, MARS, MATR).

only used when thresholdKind=3 or thresholdKind=4.

thresholdKind the kind of threshold. Possible kinds are:

• 1: pValue threshold,

• 2: zScore threshold,

• 3: qValue threshold (Benjamini et al. 1995),

• 4: qValue threshold (Storey et al. 2003),

DEGseq

• 5: qValue threshold (Storey et al. 2003) and Fold-Change threshold on MA-plot are both required (can be used only when method="MARS").

 $fold Change \ \ \, fold \ \, change \ \, threshold \ \, on \ \, MA-plot \ \, (for \ \, the \ \, method: \ \, FC).$ 

outputDir the output directory.

normalMethod the normalization method: "none", "loess", "median" (Yang,Y.H. et al. 2002).

recommend: "none".

depthKind 1: take the total number of reads uniquely mapped to genome as the depth for

each replicate,

0: take the total number of reads uniquely mapped to all annotated genes as the

depth for each replicate.

We recommend taking depthKind=1, especially when the genes in annotation

file are part of all genes.

replicate1 files containing uniquely mapped reads obtained from replicate batch1 (only

used when method="MATR").

replicate2 files containing uniquely mapped reads obtained from replicate batch2 (only

used when method="MATR").

replicateLabel1

label of replicate batch1 on the plots (only used when method="MATR").

replicateLabel2

label of replicate batch2 on the plots (only used when method="MATR").

# References

Benjamini, Y. and Hochberg, Y. (1995) Controlling the false discovery rate: a practical and powerful approach to multiple testing. *J. R. Stat. Soc. Ser. B* **57**, 289-300.

Jiang, H. and Wong, W.H. (2009) Statistical inferences for isoform expression in RNA-seq. *Bioinformatics*, **25**, 1026-1032.

Bloom, J.S. et al. (2009) Measuring differential gene expression by short read sequencing: quantitative comparison to 2-channel gene expression microarrays. *BMC Genomics*, **10**, 221.

Marioni, J.C. et al. (2008) RNA-seq: an assessment of technical reproducibility and comparison with gene expression arrays. *Genome Res.*, **18**, 1509-1517.

Storey, J.D. and Tibshirani, R. (2003) Statistical significance for genomewide studies. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* **100**, 9440-9445.

Wang, L.K. and et al. (2010) DEGseq: an R package for identifying differentially expressed genes from RNA-seq data, *Bioinformatics* **26**, 136 - 138.

Yang, Y.H. et al. (2002) Normalization for cDNA microarray data: a robust composite method addressing single and multiple slide systematic variation. *Nucleic Acids Research*, **30**, e15.

#### See Also

DEGexp, getGeneExp, readGeneExp, kidneyChr21.bed, liverChr21.bed, refFlatChr21.

## **Examples**

GeneExpExample1000

GeneExpExample1000

# **Description**

GeneExpExample1000.txt includes the first 1000 lines in SupplementaryTable2.txt which is a supplementary file for Marioni,J.C. et al. (2008) (http://genome.cshlp.org/content/18/9/1509/suppl/DC1).

## References

Marioni, J.C. et al. (2008) RNA-seq: an assessment of technical reproducibility and comparison with gene expression arrays. *Genome Res.*, **18**, 1509-1517.

#### See Also

DEGexp, getGeneExp, readGeneExp, GeneExpExample5000.

GeneExpExample5000

GeneExpExample5000

# **Description**

GeneExpExample5000.txt includes the first 5000 lines in SupplementaryTable2.txt which is a supplementary file for Marioni,J.C. et al. (2008) (http://genome.cshlp.org/content/18/9/1509/suppl/DC1).

#### References

Marioni, J.C. et al. (2008) RNA-seq: an assessment of technical reproducibility and comparison with gene expression arrays. *Genome Res.*, **18**, 1509-1517.

# See Also

DEGexp, getGeneExp, readGeneExp, GeneExpExample1000.

12 getGeneExp

getGeneExp	getGeneExp: Count the number of reads and calculate the RPKM for each gene

# Description

This function is used to count the number of reads and calculate the RPKM for each gene. It takes uniquely mapped reads from RNA-seq data for a sample with a gene annotation file as input. So users should map the reads (obtained from sequencing library of the sample) to the corresponding genome in advance.

# Usage

# **Arguments**

mapResultBatch vector containing uniquely mapping result files for a sample.

Note: The sample can have multiple technical replicates.

fileFormat file format: "bed" or "eland".

example of "bed" format: chr12 7 38 readID 2 + example of "eland" format: readID chr12.fa 7 U2 F

*Note*: The field separator character is TAB. And the files must follow the format

as one of the examples.

readLength the length of the reads (only used if fileFormat="eland").

strandInfo whether the strand information was retained during the cloning of the cDNAs.

"TRUE" : retained, "FALSE": not retained.

refFlat gene annotation file in UCSC refFlat format.

See http://genome.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/gbdDescriptionsOld.html#RefFlat.

output the output file.

min.overlapPercent

the minimum percentage of the overlapping length for a read and an exon over the length of the read itself, for counting this read from the exon. should be <=1. 0: at least 1 bp overlap between a read and an exon.

# Note

This function sums up the numbers of reads coming from all exons of a specific gene (according to the known gene annotation) as the gene expression value. The exons may include the 5'-UTR, protein coding region, and 3'-UTR of a gene. All introns are ignored for a gene for the sequenced reads are from the spliced transcript library. If a read falls in an exon (usually, a read is shorter than an exon), the read count for this exon plus 1. If a read is crossing the boundary of an exon, users can tune the parameter min.overlapPercent, which is the minimum percentage of the overlapping length for a read and an exon over the length of the read itself, for counting this read from the exon. The method use the union of all possible exons for calculating the length for each gene.

kidneyChr21.bed 13

## References

Mortazavi, A. et al. (2008) Mapping and quantifying mammalian transcriptomes by RNA-seq. *Nat. Methods*, **5**, 621-628.

#### See Also

DEGexp, DEGseq, readGeneExp, kidneyChr21.bed, liverChr21.bed, refFlatChr21.

# **Examples**

```
kidneyR1L1 <- system.file("extdata", "kidneyChr21.bed.txt", package="DEGseq")
refFlat <- system.file("extdata", "refFlatChr21.txt", package="DEGseq")
mapResultBatch <- list(kidneyR1L1)
output <- file.path(tempdir(), "kidneyChr21.bed.exp")
exp <- getGeneExp(mapResultBatch, refFlat=refFlat, output=output)
write.table(exp[30:35,], row.names=FALSE)
cat("output: ", output, "\n")</pre>
```

kidneyChr21.bed

kidneyChr21.bed

# Description

The reads uniquely mapped to human chromosome 21 obtained from the kidney sample sequenced in Run 1, Lane 1.

#### References

Marioni, J.C. et al. (2008) RNA-seq: an assessment of technical reproducibility and comparison with gene expression arrays. *Genome Res.*, **18**, 1509-1517.

# See Also

DEGexp, DEGseq, getGeneExp, readGeneExp, liverChr21.bed, refFlatChr21.

kidneyChr21Bowtie

kidneyChr21Bowtie

# **Description**

The reads uniquely mapped to human chromosome 21 obtained from the kidney sample sequenced in Run 1, Lane 1.

#### References

Marioni, J.C. et al. (2008) RNA-seq: an assessment of technical reproducibility and comparison with gene expression arrays. *Genome Res.*, **18**, 1509-1517.

14 liverChr21Bowtie

## See Also

DEGexp, DEGseq, getGeneExp, readGeneExp, liverChr21.bed, refFlatChr21.

liverChr21.bed

liverChr21.bed

# **Description**

The reads uniquely mapped to human chromosome 21 obtained from the liver sample sequenced in Run 1, Lane 2.

#### References

Marioni, J.C. et al. (2008) RNA-seq: an assessment of technical reproducibility and comparison with gene expression arrays. *Genome Res.*, **18**, 1509-1517.

#### See Also

DEGexp, DEGseq, getGeneExp, readGeneExp, kidneyChr21.bed, refFlatChr21.

liverChr21Bowtie

liverChr21Bowtie

## **Description**

The reads uniquely mapped to human chromosome 21 obtained from the liver sample sequenced in Run 1, Lane 2.

# References

Marioni, J.C. et al. (2008) RNA-seq: an assessment of technical reproducibility and comparison with gene expression arrays. *Genome Res.*, **18**, 1509-1517.

# See Also

DEGexp, DEGseq, getGeneExp, readGeneExp, kidneyChr21.bed, refFlatChr21.

readGeneExp 15

readGeneExp	readGeneExp: read gene expression values to a matrix	
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# **Description**

This method is used to read gene expression values from a file to a matrix in R workspace. So that the matrix can be used as input of other packages, such as *edgeR*. The input of the method is a file that contains gene expression values.

# Usage

```
readGeneExp(file, geneCol=1, valCol=2, label = NULL, header=TRUE, sep="")
```

# **Arguments**

file	file containing gene expression values.
geneCol	gene id column in file.
valCol	expression value <i>columns</i> to be read in the file.
label	label for the columns.
header	a logical value indicating whether the file contains the names of the variables as its first line. See ?read.table.
sep	the field separator character. If sep = "" (the default for read.table) the separator is <i>white space</i> , that is one or more spaces, tabs, newlines or carriage returns. See ?read.table.

# See Also

getGeneExp, GeneExpExample1000, GeneExpExample5000.

# **Examples**

```
## If the data files are collected in a zip archive, the following
## commands will first extract them to the temporary directory.

geneExpFile <- system.file("extdata", "GeneExpExample1000.txt", package="DEGseq")
exp <- readGeneExp(file=geneExpFile, geneCol=1, valCol=c(7,9,12,15,18,8,10,11,13,16))
exp[30:35,]</pre>
```

refFlatChr21

refFlatChr21 refFlatChr21

# Description

The gene annotation file includes the annotations of genes on chromosome 21, and is in UCSC ref-Flat format. See http://genome.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/gbdDescriptionsOld.html#RefFlat.

# See Also

DEGseq, DEGexp, kidneyChr21.bed, liverChr21.bed.

# **Index**

```
* datasets
    GeneExpExample1000, 11
    GeneExpExample5000, 11
    kidneyChr21.bed, 13
    kidneyChr21Bowtie, 13
    liverChr21.bed, 14
    liverChr21Bowtie, 14
    refFlatChr21, 16
*\ methods
    DEGexp, 2
    DEGexp2, 5
    DEGseq, 8
    getGeneExp, 12
    readGeneExp, 15
DEGexp, 2, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14, 16
DEGexp2, 4, 5
DEGseq, 4, 8, 8, 13, 14, 16
GeneExpExample1000, 4, 8, 11, 11, 15
GeneExpExample5000, 4, 8, 11, 11, 15
getGeneExp, 4, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13–15
kidneyChr21.bed, 10, 13, 13, 14, 16
kidneyChr21Bowtie, 13
liverChr21.bed, 10, 13, 14, 14, 16
liverChr21Bowtie, 14
readGeneExp, 4, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15
refFlatChr21, 10, 13, 14, 16
```