## An overview of yeastRNASeq

## James Bullard and Kasper D. Hansen

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## > require(yeastRNASeq)

This package contains data from

```
> x <- citation(package = "yeastRNASeq")[[1]]
> print(x, bibtex = FALSE)
```

```
Albert Lee, Kasper D. Hansen, James Bullard, Sandrine
Dudoit, Gavin Sherlock (2008). Novel low abundance and
transient RNAs in yeast revealed by tiling microarrays and
ultra high-throughput sequencing are not conserved across
closely related yeast species.
PLoS Genet 4(12): e1000299.
doi:10.1371/journal.pgen.1000299
```

which describes some experiments in S. cerevisiae comparing various mutant strains to a wild-type strain. A full BibTex entry can be obtained by

```
> citation("yeastRNASeq")
```

The subset of the data which this package contains is more specifically data from a wild-type and a single mutant yeast. For each condition (mutant, wild-type) there is two lanes worth of data, each lane containing a sample of 500,000 raw (unaligned) reads from each of 2 lanes each. Each of the four lanes have been aligned against the yeast genome using Bowtie.

The raw reads are contained in 4 FASTQ files and the Bowtie alignment are contained in 4 Bowtie output files. There are 500,000 reads in each of the FASTQ files and fewer reads in each of the Bowtie files. The filenames are

```
> list.files(file.path(system.file(package = "yeastRNASeq"), "reads"))
[1] "mut_1_f.bowtie.gz" "mut_1_f.fastq.gz" "mut_2_f.bowtie.gz"
[4] "mut_2_f.fastq.gz" "wt_1_f.bowtie.gz" "wt_1_f.fastq.gz"
[7] "wt_2_f.bowtie.gz" "wt_2_f.fastq.gz"
```

The reads were aligned to the yeast genome obtained from ftp://ftpmips. gsf.de/yeast/sequences (which was the basis for the Bowtie index available at the Bowtie website at the time of alignment).

These files are ready to be parsed by the tools in the ShortRead package. As an example we read the alignment files by

The constructed object **aligned** is a list with 4 elements. Each element correspond to a lane and is an object of class AlignedRead.

The output from this operation has already been stored as an R object and is accessible by

```
> data(yeastAligned)
> yeastAligned[["mut_1_f"]]
class: AlignedRead
length: 423318 reads; width: 26 cycles
chromosome: Scchr05 Scchr15 ... Scchr08 Scchr13
position: 541317 885627 ... 488228 667296
strand: - + ... - +
alignQuality: NumericQuality
alignData varLabels: similar mismatch
```

The percent of aligned reads is

There are two additional objects available in the package, purely for illustrative purposes (do not use them for analysis). The object yeastAnno is annotation obtained from Ensembl using biomaRt and is a data.frame of annotation:

```
> data(yeastAnno)
> dim(yeastAnno)
[1] 7124
            6
> head(yeastAnno, n = 2)
  ensembl_gene_id chromosome_name start_position end_position strand
1
          YHR055C
                               VIII
                                             214535
                                                           214720
                                                                       -1
2
          YPR161C
                                XVI
                                             864445
                                                           866418
                                                                       -1
    gene_biotype
1 protein_coding
2 protein_coding
> table(yeastAnno$gene_biotype)
         ncRNA protein_coding
                                    pseudogene
                                                           rRNA
             9
                          6698
                                             21
                                                             14
         snRNA
                        snoRNA
                                           tRNA
             6
                             77
                                            299
The other object is called geneLevelData and is a matrix of counts per gene.
```

```
> data(geneLevelData)
> head(geneLevelData, n = 2)
mut_1 mut_2 wt_1 wt_2
YHR055C 0 0 0 0
YPR161C 38 39 35 34
```

Such a matrix may be constructed from yeastAligned and yeastAnno using either the functionality in the IRanges and ShortRead packages or by using the functionality of the Genominator package (which also contains a vignette describing a simplified differential analysis of this dataset).

Note that the data does not contain any biological replicates. In the original publication this was addressed by also analyzing a set of tiling microarrays.