Package 'peakPantheR'

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Title Peak Picking and Annotation of High Resolution Experiments

Version 1.2.0

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Description An automated pipeline for the detection, integration and reporting of predefined features across a large number of mass spectrometry data files.

Depends R (>= 4.0)

Imports foreach (>= 1.4.4), doParallel (>= 1.0.11), ggplot2 (>= 2.2.1), gridExtra (>= 2.3), MSnbase (>= 2.4.0), mzR (>= 2.12.0), stringr (>= 1.2.0), methods (>= 3.4.0), XML (>= 3.98.1.10), minpack.lm (>= 1.2.1), scales(>= 0.5.0), utils

biocViews MassSpectrometry, Metabolomics, PeakDetection

License GPL-3

BugReports https://github.com/phenomecentre/peakPantheR/issues/new

URL https://github.com/phenomecentre/peakPantheR

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData false

RoxygenNote 7.1.0

Suggests testthat, faahKO, msdata, knitr, rmarkdown, pander, BiocStyle

VignetteBuilder knitr

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Author Arnaud Wolfer [aut, cre] (<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5856-3218>),
Goncalo Correia [aut] (<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8271-9294>),
Jake Pearce [ctb],
Caroline Sands [ctb]

Maintainer Arnaud Wolfer <adwolfer@gmail.com>

R **topics documented:**

acquisitionTime,peakPantheRAnnotation-method

acquisitionTime accessor returns value as.POSIXct

Description

acquisitionTime accessor returns value as.POSIXct

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
acquisitionTime(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(POSIXct) A character vector of acquisition date-time (converted from POSIXct) or NA

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                c('cpdID', 'cpdName', 'rtMin', 'rt', 'rtMax', 'mzMin', 'mz',
                'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                        522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                        496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                    FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)
```

```
## acquisitionTime can only be extracted from NetCDF files
acquisitionTime(annotation)
# [1] NA NA NA
}
```

---

annotationDiagnosticMultiplot
Generate a multiplot of all diagnostic plots

Description

Generate a multiplot of all diagnostic plots (as generated by `annotationDiagnosticPlots()`) for each compound

Usage

```
annotationDiagnosticMultiplot(annotationDiagnosticPlotList)
```

Arguments

annotationDiagnosticPlotList

> (list) List of (one per compound) of list of diagnostic plots as generated by `annotationDiagnosticPlots()`

Value

A list of multiplots (one per compound)

---

annotationDiagnosticPlots,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
Generate fit diagnostic plots

Description

Generate fit diagnostic plots for each ROI: `EICFit` the raw data and detected feature fit, `rtPeakwidthVert` detected peaks retention time apex and peakwidth (vertical and no run order), `rtPeakwidthHorzRunOrder` detected peaks retention time apex and peakwidth by run order, `mzPeakwidthHorzRunOrder` detected peaks m/z apex and peakwidth by run order, `areaRunOrder` detected peaks area by run order, `rtHistogram` histogram of detected peaks retention time, `mzHistogram` histogram of detected peaks m/z, `areaHistogram` histogram of detected peaks area.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
annotationDiagnosticPlots(object,
    sampleColour, sampling, verbose)
```

Arguments

`object`	(peakPantheRAnnotation) Annotated peakPantheRAnnotation object
`sampleColour`	(str) NULL or vector colour for each sample
`sampling`	(int) Number of points to employ when plotting fittedCurve
`verbose`	(bool) if TRUE message the plot generation progress

Value

A list (one list per compound) of diagnostic plots: `result[[i]]$EICFit`, `result[[i]]$rtPeakwidthVert`, `result[[i]]$rtPeakwidthHorzRunOrder`, `result[[i]]$mzPeakwidthHorzRunOrder`, `result[[i]]$areaRunOrder` `result[[i]]$rtHistogram`, `result[[i]]$mzHistogram`, `result[[i]]$areaHistogram`, `result[[i]]$title`

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                         522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                         496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

emptyAnnotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                         targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

annotationDiagnosticPlots(emptyAnnotation)
# Warning: the object has not been annotated, return an empty diagnostic plot
# list
# [[1]]
# NULL
# [[2]]
# NULL
}
```

---

annotationParamsDiagnostic,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
Set uROI and FIR based on annotation results

Description

Set updated ROI (uROI) and Fallback Integration Regions (FIR) based on the annotation results. If
the object is not annotated, it is returned untouched. ROI is not modified. If uROI exist they are left
untouched, otherwise they are set as the minimum and maximum found peaks limits (+/-5% of ROI
in retention time). If FIR are used they are left untouched, otherwise they are set as the median of
the found limits (rtMin, rtMax, mzMin, mzMax).

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
annotationParamsDiagnostic(object,
    verbose)
```

Arguments

object	(peakPantheRAnnotation) Annotated peakPantheRAnnotation object
verbose	(bool) If TRUE message progress of uROI and FIR calculation

Value

(peakPantheRAnnotation) object with updated ROI and FIR set from annotation results

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

emptyAnnotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                         targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

annotationParamsDiagnostic(emptyAnnotation, verbose=TRUE)
# Warning: the object has not been annotated, return the object untouched
# An object of class peakPantheRAnnotation
#  2 compounds in 3 samples.
#   updated ROI do not exist (uROI)
#   does not use updated ROI (uROI)
#   does not use fallback integration regions (FIR)
```

```
#    is not annotated
}
```

---

annotationTable,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
annotationTable accessor

Description

annotationTable returns a dataframe (row samples, col compounds) filled with a specific peakTable
column

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
annotationTable(object, column)
```

Arguments

object	peakPantheRAnnotation
column	a peakTable columns

Value

(data.frame) (row samples, col compounds) filled with a specific peakTable column

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                   system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                   system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                   c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                   'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                    FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                     targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

## default values without annotation
annotationTable(annotation)
```

```
#                                      ID-1 ID-2
# C:/R/R-3.6.0/library/faahKO/cdf/KO/ko15.CDF   NA   NA
# C:/R/R-3.6.0/library/faahKO/cdf/KO/ko16.CDF   NA   NA
# C:/R/R-3.6.0/library/faahKO/cdf/KO/ko18.CDF   NA   NA
}
```

---

cpdID,peakPantheRAnnotation-method

cpdID accessor

Description

cpdID accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
cpdID(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(str) A character vector of compound IDs, of length number of compounds

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                        c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin',
                        'mz', 'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                        522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                        496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

cpdID(annotation)
```

```
# [1] 'ID-1' 'ID-2'
}
```

---

cpdMetadata,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
cpdMetadata accessor

Description

cpdMetadata accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
cpdMetadata(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(data.frame) A data.frame of compound metadata, with compounds as row and metadata as columns

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                         522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                         496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

## default values not initialised
cpdMetadata(annotation)
# data frame with 0 columns and 2 rows
}
```

cpdName,peakPantheRAnnotation-method

cpdName accessor

Description

cpdName accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
cpdName(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(str) A character vector of compound names, of length number of compounds

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                c('cpdID', 'cpdName', 'rtMin', 'rt', 'rtMax', 'mzMin', 'mz',
                'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                         522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                         496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

cpdName(annotation)
# [1] 'Cpd 1' 'Cpd 2'
}
```

```
dataPoints,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
```
dataPoints accessor

Description

dataPoints accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
dataPoints(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

A list of length number of spectra files. Each list element is a *ROIsDataPoint* list of data.frame of raw data points for each ROI/uROI (retention time 'rt', mass 'mz' and intensity 'int' (as column) of each raw data points (as row))

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                         522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                         496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

## default values without annotation
dataPoints(annotation)
# [[1]]
# NULL
# [[2]]
```

```
# NULL
# [[3]]
# NULL
}
```

EICs,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
                              EICs accessor

Description

EICs accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
EICs(object, aggregationFunction)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

aggregationFunction

                    (str) Function to use in order to aggregate intensities across mz in each scan.
                    One of sum, max, min, mean

Value

(float) Extracted Ion Chromatogram aggregated across mz in each scan

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                         522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                         496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)
```

```
## default values without annotation
EICs(annotation)
# [[1]]
# list()
# [[2]]
# list()
# [[3]]
# list()
}
```

---

extractSignalRawData *Extract signal in a multiple defined mz rt window from a raw data file*

Description

Extract all signal from multiple defined mz rt window from raw data and returns a data.frame. If no rt-mz window is provided, all signal in the raw data file are returned

Usage

```
extractSignalRawData(rawSpec, rt, mz, msLevel = 1L, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

rawSpec	an OnDiskMSnExp-class
rt	(numeric(2) or two-column matrix) the lower and upper retention time range from which the data should be extracted. If a matrix is passed, each row corresponds to a different window. If not provided, the full retention time range will be extracted.
mz	(numeric(2) or two-column matrix) the lower and upper mass range from which the data should be extracted. If a matrix is passed, each row corresponds to a different window. If not provided, the full mass range will be extracted.
msLevel	(int) the MS level at which the data should be extracted (default to MS level 1)
verbose	(bool) If TRUE message progress and warnings

Details

Examples cannot be computed as the function is not exported: ## Use a file form the faahKO package and extract data from a region of ## interest library(faahKO) rawSpec <- MSnbase::readMSData(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF',package='faahKO'), centroided=TRUE, mode='onDisk') dataPoints <- extractSignalRawData(rawSpec, rt = c(3290., 3410.), mz = c(522.194778, 522.205222), verbose=TRUE) # Reading data from 1 windows

dataPoints # [[1]] # rt mz int # 1 3290.115 522.2 1824 # 2 3291.680 522.2 1734 # 3 3293.245 522.2 1572 # 4 3294.809 522.2 1440 # 5 3299.504 522.2 1008 # 6 3301.069 522.2 871 # 7 3302.634 522.2 786 # 8 3304.199 522.2 802 # 9 3305.764 522.2 834 # 10 3307.329 522.2 839 # 11 3315.154 522.2 2187 # 12 3316.719 522.2 3534 # 13 3318.284 522.2 6338 # 14 3319.849 522.2 11718 # 15 3321.414 522.2 21744 # 16 3322.979 522.2 37872 # 17 3324.544 522.2 62424 # 18 3326.109 522.2 98408 # 19 3327.673 522.2 152896 # 20 3329.238 522.2 225984 # 21 3330.803 522.2 308672 # 22 3332.368 522.2 399360 # 23 3333.933 522.2 504000 # 24 3335.498 522.2 614656 # 25 3337.063 522.2 711872 # 26 3338.628 522.2 784704 # 27 3340.193 522.2 836608 # 28 3341.758 522.2

866304 # 29 3343.323 522.2 882304 # 30 3344.888 522.2 889280 # 31 3346.453 522.2 888256 # 32 3348.018 522.2 866816 # 33 3349.583 522.2 827392 # 34 3351.148 522.2 777728 # 35 3352.713 522.2 727040 # 36 3354.278 522.2 678464 # 37 3355.843 522.2 629120 # 38 3357.408 522.2 578048 # 39 3358.973 522.2 524288 # 40 3360.538 522.2 471040 # 41 3362.102 522.2 416320 # 42 3363.667 522.2 360064 # 43 3365.232 522.2 302400 # 44 3366.797 522.2 249152 # 45 3368.362 522.2 202560 # 46 3369.927 522.2 161024 # 47 3371.492 522.2 123520 # 48 3373.057 522.2 93160 # 49 3374.622 522.2 71856 # 50 3376.187 522.2 58392 # 51 3377.752 522.2 51072 # 52 3379.317 522.2 48376 # 53 3380.882 522.2 49168 # 54 3382.447 522.2 53120 # 55 3384.012 522.2 62488 # 56 3385.577 522.2 78680 # 57 3387.142 522.2 102840 # 58 3388.707 522.2 134656 # 59 3390.272 522.2 173440 # 60 3391.837 522.2 217088 # 61 3393.402 522.2 268864 # 62 3394.966 522.2 330496 # 63 3396.531 522.2 395776 # 64 3398.096 522.2 453376 # 65 3399.661 522.2 499072 # 66 3401.226 522.2 537024 # 67 3402.791 522.2 570304 # 68 3404.356 522.2 592512 # 69 3405.921 522.2 598912 # 70 3407.486 522.2 595008 # 71 3409.051 522.2 588416

Value

a list (one entry per window) of data.frame with signal as row and retention time ('rt'), mass ('mz') and intensity ('int') as columns.

---

filename,peakPantheRAnnotation-method

filename accessor by spliting filepath

Description

filename accessor by spliting filepath

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
filename(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(str) filename

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
```

```
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                    c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                    'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                        522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                        496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                    FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

filename(annotation)
# [1] 'ko15' 'ko16' 'ko18'
}
```

```
filepath,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
```
filepath accessor

Description

filepath accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
filepath(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(str) A character vector of file paths, of length number of spectra files

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                    system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                    system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                c('cpdID', 'cpdName', 'rtMin', 'rt', 'rtMax', 'mzMin', 'mz',
                'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
```

```
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                    FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                     targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)
filepath(annotation)
# [1] 'C:/R/R-3.6.0/library/faahKO/cdf/KO/ko15.CDF'
# [2] 'C:/R/R-3.6.0/library/faahKO/cdf/KO/ko16.CDF'
# [3] 'C:/R/R-3.6.0/library/faahKO/cdf/KO/ko18.CDF'
}
```

findTargetFeatures   *Find and integrate target features in each ROI*

Description

For each ROI, fit a curve and integrate the largest feature in the box. Each entry in `ROIsDataPoints`
must match the corresponding row in `ROI`. The curve shape to employ for fitting can be changed
with `curveModel` while fitting parameters can be changed with `params` (list with one param per
ROI window). `rtMin` and `rtMax` are established at 0.5 outward (the window is the ROI width); if
after 8 iterations `rtMin` or `rtMax` is not found, NA is returned and the peak fit rejected. `peakArea` is
calculated from `rtMin` to `rtMax`. `mz` is the weighted (by intensity) average mz of datapoints falling
into the `rtMin` to `rtMax` range, `mzMin` and `mzMax` are the minimum and maxmimum mass in these
range. If `rtMin` or `rtMax` falls outside of ROI (extracted scans), `mzMin` or `mzMax` are returned as the
input ROI limits and `mz` is an approximation on the datapoints available (if no scan of the ROI fall
between rtMin/rtMax, `mz` would be NA, the peak is rejected). If any of the two following ratio are
superior to `maxApexResidualRatio`, the fit is rejected: 1) ratio of fit residuals at the apex (predicted
apex fit intensity vs measured apex intensity: fit overshoots the apex), 2) ratio of predicted apex fit
intensity vs maximum measured peak intensity (fit misses the real apex in the peak).

Usage

```
findTargetFeatures(ROIsDataPoints, ROI, curveModel = "skewedGaussian",
    params = "guess", sampling = 250, maxApexResidualRatio = 0.2,
    verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

ROIsDataPoints	(list) A list (one entry per ROI window) of data.frame with signal as row and retention time ('rt'), mass ('mz') and intensity ('int') as columns. Must match each row of ROI.
ROI	(data.frame) A data.frame of compounds to target as rows. Columns: `rtMin` (float in seconds), `rtMax` (float in seconds), `mzMin` (float), `mzMax` (float)
curveModel	(str) Name of the curve model to fit (currently `skewedGaussian`)
params	(list or str) Either 'guess' for automated parametrisation or list (one per ROI windows) of 'guess' or list of curve fit parameters

sampling	(int) Number of points to employ when subsampling the fittedCurve (rt, rtMin, rtMax, integral calculation)
maxApexResidualRatio	
	(float) Ratio of maximum allowed fit residual at the peak apex, compared to the fit max intensity. (e.g. 0.2 for a maximum residual of 20% of apex intensity)
verbose	(bool) If TRUE message the time taken and number of features found
...	Passes arguments to `fitCurve` to alter peak fitting (`params`)

Details

Examples cannot be computed as the function is not exported: ## Load data library(faahKO) library(MSnbase) netcdfFilePath <- system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO') raw_data <- MSnbase::readMSData(netcdfFilePath,centroided=TRUE,mode='onDisk')

targetFeatTable targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(), c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin', 'mz','mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE) targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778, 522.2, 522.205222) targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038, 496.2, 496.204962) targetFeatTable[,3:8] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,3:8], as.numeric, FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

ROIsPt <- extractSignalRawData(raw_data, rt=targetFeatTable[,c('rtMin','rtMax')], mz=targetFeatTable[,c('mzMin','mz verbose=TRUE) # Reading data from 2 windows

foundPeaks <- findTargetFeatures(ROIsPt, targetFeatTable, verbose=TRUE) # Warning: rtMin/rtMax outside of ROI; datapoints cannot be used for # mzMin/mzMax calculation, # approximate mz and returning ROI$mzMin and ROI$mzMax for ROI #1 # Found 2/2 features in 0.07 secs

foundPeaks # $peakTable # found rtMin rt rtMax mzMin mz mzMax peakArea # 1 TRUE 3309.759 3346.828 3385.410 522.1948 522.2 522.2052 26133727 # 2 TRUE 3345.377 3386.529 3428.279 496.2000 496.2 496.2000 35472141 # maxIntMeasured maxIntPredicted # 1 889280 901015.8 # 2 1128960 1113576.7 # # $curveFit # $curveFit[[1]] # $amplitude # [1] 162404.8 # # $center # [1] 3341.888 # # $sigma # [1] 0.07878613 # # $gamma # [1] 0.00183361 # # $fitStatus # [1] 2 # # $curveModel # [1] 'skewedGaussian' # # attr(,'class') # [1] 'peakPantheR_curveFit' # # $curveFit[[2]] # $amplitude # [1] 199249.1 # # $center # [1] 3382.577 # # $sigma # [1] 0.07490442 # # $gamma # [1] 0.00114719 # # $fitStatus # [1] 2 # # $curveModel # [1] 'skewedGaussian' # # attr(,'class') # [1] 'peakPantheR_curveFit'

Value

A list: `list()$peakTable` (*data.frame*) with targeted features as rows and peak measures as columns (see Details), `list()$curveFit` (*list*) a list of peakPantheR_curveFit or NA for each ROI.

Details:: The returned `data.frame` is structured as follow:

found	was the peak found
rt	retention time of peak apex (sec)
rtMin	leading edge of peak retention time (sec) determined at 0.5% of apex intensity
rtMax	trailing edge of peak retention time (sec) determined at 0.5% of apex intensity
mz	weighted (by intensity) mean of peak m/z across scans
mzMin	m/z peak minimum (between rtMin, rtMax)
mzMax	m/z peak maximum (between rtMin, rtMax)
peakArea	integrated peak area
maxIntMeasured	maximum peak intensity in raw data
maxIntPredicted	maximum peak intensity based on curve fit (at apex)

FIR,peakPantheRAnnotation-method

FIR accessor returns targetFeatTable with cpdID, cpdName added

Description

FIR accessor returns targetFeatTable with cpdID, cpdName added

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
FIR(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(data.frame) target feature table with compounds as row and FIR parameters as columns

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
               c('cpdID', 'cpdName', 'rtMin', 'rt', 'rtMax', 'mzMin', 'mz',
               'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                        522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                        496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

## default values without annotation
FIR(annotation)
#   rtMin rtMax mzMin mzMax cpdID cpdName
# 1    NA    NA    NA    NA  ID-1   Cpd 1
# 2    NA    NA    NA    NA  ID-2   Cpd 2
}
```

`fitCurve`	*Curve fitting using minpack.lm*

Description

Fit different curve models using `minpack`. Fitting parameters can be passed or guessed.

Usage

```
fitCurve(x, y, curveModel = "skewedGaussian", params = "guess")
```

Arguments

`x`	(numeric) x values (e.g. retention time)
`y`	(numeric) y observed values (e.g. spectra intensity)
`curveModel`	(str) name of the curve model to fit (currently `skewedGaussian`)
`params`	(list or str) either 'guess' for automated parametrisation or list of initial parameters (`$init_params`), lower parameter bounds (`$lower_bounds`) and upper parameter bounds (`$upper_bounds`)

Details

Examples cannot be computed as the function is not exported: ## x is retention time, y corresponding intensity input_x <- c(3362.102, 3363.667, 3365.232, 3366.797, 3368.362, 3369.927, 3371.492, 3373.057, 3374.622, 3376.187, 3377.752, 3379.317, 3380.882, 3382.447, 3384.012, 3385.577, 3387.142, 3388.707, 3390.272, 3391.837, 3393.402, 3394.966, 3396.531, 3398.096, 3399.661, 3401.226, 3402.791, 3404.356, 3405.921, 3407.486, 3409.051) input_y <- c(51048, 81568, 138288, 233920, 376448, 557288, 753216, 938048, 1091840, 1196992, 1261056, 1308992, 1362752, 1406592, 1431360, 1432896, 1407808, 1345344, 1268480, 1198592, 1126848, 1036544, 937600, 849792, 771456, 692416, 614528, 546088, 492752, 446464, 400632)

Fit fitted_curve <- fitCurve(input_x, input_y, curveModel='skewedGaussian', params='guess')

Returns the optimal fitting parameters fitted_curve # # $amplitude # [1] 275371.1 # # $center # [1] 3382.577 # # $sigma # [1] 0.07904697 # # $gamma # [1] 0.001147647 # # $fitStatus # [1] 2 # # $curveModel # [1] 'skewedGaussian' # # attr(,'class') # [1] 'peakPantheR_curveFit'

Value

A 'peakPantheR_curveFit': a list of fitted curve parameters, `fitStatus` from `nls.lm$info` and curve shape name `curveModel`. `fitStatus=0` unsuccessful completion: improper input parameters, `fitStatus=1` successful completion: first convergence test is successful, `fitStatus=2` successful completion: second convergence test is successful, `fitStatus=3` successful completion: both convergence test are successful, `fitStatus=4` questionable completion: third convergence test is successful but should be carefully examined (maximizers and saddle points might satisfy), `fitStatus=5` unsuccessful completion: excessive number of function evaluations/iterations

generateIonChromatogram

Generate ion chromatogram from raw data points

Description

On the input raw data, aggregate intensites across the mz range at each retention time to generate an ion chromatogram: sum for EIC/TIC, max, min or mean. The number of data points returned correspond to the number of unique scans/retention time measurements in the input data

Usage

```
generateIonChromatogram(ROIDataPoint, aggregationFunction = "sum")
```

Arguments

ROIDataPoint   (data.frame) retention time 'rt', mass 'mz' and intensity 'int' (as column) of each raw data points (as row) to use for the ion chromatogram

aggregationFunction

(str) Function to use in order to aggregate intensities across mz in each scan. One of sum, max, min, mean

Details

Examples cannot be computed as the function is not exported: ## Input data points in_rt <- c(3362.102, 3362.102, 3363.667, 3363.667, 3365.232, 3365.232, 3366.797, 3366.797, 3368.362, 3368.362) in_mz <- c(496.2, 497.2, 496.2, 497.2, 496.2, 497.2, 496.2, 497.2, 496.2, 497.2) in_int <- c(39616, 11432, 63344, 18224, 107352, 30936, 182144, 51776, 295232, 81216) input_ROIDataPoints <- data.frame(rt=in_rt, mz=in_mz, int=in_int)

Aggregate mz to generate EIC EIC <- generateIonChromatogram(input_ROIDataPoints,aggregationFunction='sum') EIC # rt int # 1 3362.102 51048 # 2 3363.667 81568 # 3 3365.232 138288 # 4 3366.797 233920 # 5 3368.362 376448

Value

A data.frame of retention time 'rt' and aggregated intensities 'int'

getAcquisitionDatemzML

Parse acquisition date from a mzML file

Description

Extract acquisition date (''startTimeStamp''') from a mzML file. In case of failure (or the file is not a mzML) returns NULL

Usage

```
getAcquisitionDatemzML(mzMLPath, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

mzMLPath	(str) path to mzML raw data file
verbose	(bool) if TRUE message progress

Value

POSIXct or NA

---

getTargetFeatureStatistic

Calculate chromatographic peak properties

Description

Calculate the ppm error, retention time deviation, tailing factor and asymmetry factor for each measured feature.

Usage

```
getTargetFeatureStatistic(fittedCurves, targetFeatTable, foundPeakTable,
    verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

fittedCurves	(list) A list (one entry per ROI window) of peakPantheR_curveFit or NA
targetFeatTable	
	a [data.frame](#) of compounds to target as rows. Columns: cpdID (str), cpdName (str), rtMin (float in seconds), rt (float in seconds, or *NA*), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mz (float or *NA*), mzMax (float).
foundPeakTable	a data.frame as generated by [findTargetFeatures](#), with features as rows and peak properties as columns. The following columns are mandatory: mzMin, mz, mzMax, rtMin, rt, rtMax
verbose	(bool) if TRUE message when NA scans are removed

Details

Examples cannot be computed as the function is not exported: # fittedCurve cFit1 <- list(amplitude=162404.80579182 center=3341.888, sigma=0.078786133031045896, gamma=0.0018336101984172684, fitStatus=2, curveModel='skewedGaussian') class(cFit1) <- 'peakPantheR_curveFit' cFit2 <- list(amplitude=199249.10572753669, center=3382.577, sigma=0.074904415304607966, gamma=0.0011471899372353885, fitStatus=2, curveModel='skewedGaussian') class(cFit2) <- 'peakPantheR_curveFit' input_fitCurves <- list(cFit1, cFit2)

ROI input_ROI <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(), c('cpdID', 'cpdName', 'rtMin', 'rt', 'rtMax', 'mzMin', 'mz', 'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE) input_ROI[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'testCpd 1', 3310., 3344.88, 3390., 522.19, 522.2, 522.21) input_ROI[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'testCpd 2', 3280., 3385.58, 3440., 496.19, 496.2, 496.21) input_ROI[,3:8] <- vapply(input_ROI[,3:8], as.numeric, FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

foundPeakTable input_foundPeakTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 10, dimnames=list(c(), c('found', 'rtMin', 'rt', 'rtMax', 'mzMin', 'mz', 'mzMax','peakArea','maxIntMeasured','maxIntPredicted'))),

stringsAsFactors=FALSE) input_foundPeakTable[1,] <- c(TRUE, 3309.758, 3346.827, 3385.410, 522.19, 522.2, 522.21, 26133726, 889280, 901015) input_foundPeakTable[2,] <- c(TRUE, 3345.376, 3386.529, 3428.279, 496.19, 496.2, 496.21, 35472141, 1128960, 1113576) input_foundPeakTable[,1] <- vapply(input_foundPeakTable[,c(1)], as.logical, FUN.VALUE=logical(1))

Run peak statistics peakStatistics <- getTargetFeatureStatistic(input_fitCurves, input_ROI, input_foundPeakTable) peakStatistics # found rtMin rt rtMax mzMin mz mzMax peakArea # 1 TRUE 3309.758 3346.827 3385.410 522.19 522.2 522.21 26133726 # 2 TRUE 3345.376 3386.529 3428.279 496.19 496.2 496.21 35472141 # maxIntMeasured maxIntPredicted ppm_error rt_dev_sec tailing-Factor # 1 889280 901015 0 1.947 1.015385 # 2 1128960 1113576 0 0.949 1.005372 # asymmetry-Factor # 1 1.026886 # 2 1.009304

Value

A `data.frame` with measured compounds as rows and measurements and properties as columns (see Details).

> **Details::** The returned `data.frame` is structured as follow:

found	was the peak found
rt	retention time of peak apex (sec)
rtMin	leading edge of peak retention time (sec) determined at 0.5% of apex intensity
rtMax	trailing edge of peak retention time (sec) determined at 0.5% of apex intensity
mz	weighted (by intensity) mean of peak m/z across scans
mzMin	m/z peak minimum (between rtMin, rtMax)
mzMax	m/z peak maximum (between rtMin, rtMax)
peakArea	integrated peak area
maxIntMeasured	maximum peak intensity in raw data
maxIntPredicted	maximum peak intensity based on curve fit
ppm_error	difference in ppm between the expected and measured m/z
rt_dev_sec	difference in seconds between the expected and measured rt
tailingFactor	the tailing factor is a measure of peak tailing. It is defined as the distance from the front slope of the p
asymmetryFactor	the asymmetry factor is a measure of peak tailing. It is defined as the distance from the center line of t

---

integrateFIR	*Integrate fallback integration regions*

Description

Integrate region defined in FIR if a feature is not found

Usage

```
integrateFIR(rawSpec, FIR, foundPeakTable, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

rawSpec	an [OnDiskMSnExp-class]
FIR	(data.frame) Fallback Integration Regions (FIR) to integrate when a feature is not found. Compounds as row are identical to the targeted features, columns are `rtMin` (float in seconds), `rtMax` (float in seconds), `mzMin` (float), `mzMax` (float)

foundPeakTable a data.frame as generated by [findTargetFeatures](#), with features as rows and peak properties as columns. The following columns are mandatory: `found`, `is_filled`, `mz`, `mzMin`, `mzMax`, `rt`, `rtMin`, `rtMax`, `peakArea`, `maxIntMeasured`, `maxIntPredicted`.

verbose (bool) if TRUE message progress

Value

an updated foundPeakTable with FIR integration values

```
is.peakPantheR_curveFit
```
Check if object is of class peakPantheR_curveFit

Description

Check if object is of class peakPantheR_curveFit

Usage

```
is.peakPantheR_curveFit(x)
```

Arguments

x object to test

Value

(bool) TRUE or FALSE

```
isAnnotated,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
```
isAnnotated accessor

Description

isAnnotated accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
isAnnotated(object)
```

Arguments

object peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(bool) flag if the annotation has taken place

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                         522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                         496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

isAnnotated(annotation)
# [1] FALSE
}
```

---

nbCompounds,peakPantheRAnnotation-method

nbCompounds accessor established on cpdID

Description

nbCompounds accessor established on cpdID

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
nbCompounds(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(int) number of samples

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
##   compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

nbCompounds(annotation)
# [1] 2
}
```

---

nbSamples,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
nbSamples accessor established on filepath

Description

nbSamples accessor established on filepath

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
nbSamples(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(int) number of samples

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                  FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                  targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

nbSamples(annotation)
# [1] 3
}
```

---

outputAnnotationDiagnostic,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
                    Save to disk the annotation parameters as CSV and a diagnostic plot
                    per fitted compound

Description

Save to disk the annotation parameters as CSV (as generated by outputAnnotationParamsCSV())
and a diagnostic plot per fitted compound (as generated by annotationDiagnosticMultiplot())
if savePlots is TRUE

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
outputAnnotationDiagnostic(object,
    saveFolder, savePlots = TRUE, sampleColour = NULL, verbose = TRUE,
    ncores = 0, ...)
```

Arguments

object	(peakPantheRAnnotation) Annotated peakPantheRAnnotation object
saveFolder	(str) Path of folder where annotationParameters_summary.csv and plots will be saved

savePlots	(bool) If TRUE save a diagnostic plot for each compound
sampleColour	(str) NULL or vector colour for each sample
verbose	(bool) If TRUE message progress
ncores	(int) Number of cores to use to save plots in parallel
...	Additional parameters for plotting i.e. sampling for the number of points to employ when plotting fittedCurve

Value

None

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                    FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

emptyAnnotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                          targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

# Calculate annotation
annotation <- peakPantheR_parallelAnnotation(emptyAnnotation, ncores=0,
                                getAcquTime=FALSE, verbose=FALSE)$annotation

# temporary location
savePath1        <- tempdir()
outputAnnotationDiagnostic(annotation, saveFolder=savePath1, savePlots=FALSE,
                            verbose=TRUE)
}
```

---

outputAnnotationParamsCSV,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
Save annotation parameters as CSV

Description

Save annotation parameters (ROI, uROI and FIR) to disk as a CSV file for editing

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
outputAnnotationParamsCSV(object,
    saveFolder, verbose)
```

Arguments

object	(peakPantheRAnnotation) Annotated peakPantheRAnnotation object
saveFolder	(str) Path of folder where annotationParameters_summary.csv will be saved
verbose	(bool) If TRUE message progress

Value

None

---

outputAnnotationResult,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
Save to disk all annotation results as csv files

Description

Save to disk all annotation results as annotationName_ ... .csv files: compound metadata (cpdMetadata, cpdID, cpdName) and spectra metadata (spectraMetadata, acquisitionTime, TIC), summary of fit (ratio of peaks found: ratio_peaks_found, ratio of peaks filled: ratio_peaks_filled, mean ppm_error: ppm_error, mean rt_dev_sec: rt_dev_sec), and a file for each column of peakTables (with samples as rows and compounds as columns)

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
outputAnnotationResult(object,
    saveFolder, annotationName = "annotationResult", verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

object	(peakPantheRAnnotation) Annotated peakPantheRAnnotation object
saveFolder	(str) Path of folder where the annotation result csv will be saved
annotationName	(str) name of annotation to use in the saved csv
verbose	(bool) If TRUE message progress

Value

None

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                         522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                         496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

emptyAnnotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                         targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

# Calculate annotation
annotation      <- peakPantheR_parallelAnnotation(emptyAnnotation, ncores=0,
                               getAcquTime=FALSE, verbose=FALSE)$annotation

# temporary location
savePath1       <- tempdir()
outputAnnotationResult(annotation, saveFolder=savePath1,
                       annotationName='testProject', verbose=TRUE)
}
```

```
peakFit,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
```
                         peakFit accessor

Description

peakFit accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
peakFit(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

A list of length number of spectra files. Each list element is a *curveFit* list of peakPantheR_curveFit or NA for each ROI

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                    FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

## default values without annotation
peakFit(annotation)
# [[1]]
# NULL
# [[2]]
# NULL
# [[3]]
# NULL
}
```

---

peakPantheR   *peakPantheR: A package for Peak Picking and ANnoTation of High*
                               resolution Experiments

Description

peakPantheR detects, integrates and reports pre-defined features in mass spectrometry data files. It enables the real time annotation of multiple compounds in a single file, or the parallel annotation of multiple compounds in multiple files.

Details

The main functions of **peakPantheR** are peakPantheR_singleFileSearch for realtime annotation, and peakPantheR_parallelAnnotation for parallel annotation. The peakPantheRAnnotation object stores parallel annotation results, while reporting functions help assess and the quality of annotation and update fitting parameters. Refer to the vignettes for graphical user interface and command line tutorials.

Author(s)

Maintainer: Arnaud Wolfer <adwolfer@gmail.com> (ORCID)

Authors:

- Goncalo Correia <gscorreia89@gmail.com> (ORCID)

Other contributors:

- Jake Pearce <jake.pearce@gmail.com> [contributor]
- Caroline Sands <caz119@hotmail.co.uk> [contributor]

See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/phenomecentre/peakPantheR>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/phenomecentre/peakPantheR/issues/new>

---

peakPantheRAnnotation   *An S4 class to represent peakPantheR annotation results*

Description

The peakPantheRAnnotation class is designed to run and store peakPantheR parallel annotation results. Instances of the class are created with the peakPantheRAnnotation constructor function, which initialises an object of proper dimension with spectraPaths (set samples to process) and targetFeatTable (set compounds to target). spectraPaths is a character vector of spectra file paths. targetFeatTable is a data.frame of compounds to target as rows and parameters as columns: cpdID (int), cpdName (str), rtMin (float in seconds), rt (float in seconds, or *NA*), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mz (float or *NA*), mzMax (float).

peakPantheRAnnotation(): create an instance of the peakPantherAnnotation class.

Usage

```
peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths = NULL, targetFeatTable = NULL,
    cpdID = character(), cpdName = character(), ROI = data.frame(rtMin
    = numeric(), rt = numeric(), rtMax = numeric(), mzMin = numeric(), mz =
    numeric(), mzMax = numeric(), stringsAsFactors = FALSE),
    FIR = data.frame(rtMin = numeric(), rtMax = numeric(), mzMin =
    numeric(), mzMax = numeric(), stringsAsFactors = FALSE),
    uROI = data.frame(rtMin = numeric(), rt = numeric(), rtMax = numeric(),
    mzMin = numeric(), mz = numeric(), mzMax = numeric(), stringsAsFactors =
    FALSE), filepath = character(), cpdMetadata = data.frame(),
```

```
    spectraMetadata = data.frame(), acquisitionTime = character(),
    uROIExist = FALSE, useUROI = FALSE, useFIR = FALSE,
    TIC = numeric(), peakTables = list(), dataPoints = list(),
    peakFit = list(), isAnnotated = FALSE)

peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths = NULL, targetFeatTable = NULL,
    cpdID = character(), cpdName = character(), ROI = data.frame(rtMin
    = numeric(), rt = numeric(), rtMax = numeric(), mzMin = numeric(), mz =
    numeric(), mzMax = numeric(), stringsAsFactors = FALSE),
    FIR = data.frame(rtMin = numeric(), rtMax = numeric(), mzMin =
    numeric(), mzMax = numeric(), stringsAsFactors = FALSE),
    uROI = data.frame(rtMin = numeric(), rt = numeric(), rtMax = numeric(),
    mzMin = numeric(), mz = numeric(), mzMax = numeric(), stringsAsFactors =
    FALSE), filepath = character(), cpdMetadata = data.frame(),
    spectraMetadata = data.frame(), acquisitionTime = character(),
    uROIExist = FALSE, useUROI = FALSE, useFIR = FALSE,
    TIC = numeric(), peakTables = list(), dataPoints = list(),
    peakFit = list(), isAnnotated = FALSE)
```

Arguments

spectraPaths   NULL or a character vector of spectra file paths, to set samples to process

targetFeatTable

                  NULL or a [data.frame](#) of compounds to target as rows and parameters as columns: cpdID (str), cpdName (str), rtMin (float in seconds), rt (float in seconds, or *NA*), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mz (float or *NA*), mzMax (float). Set compounds to target.

cpdID   A character vector of compound IDs, of length number of compounds

cpdName   A character vector of compound names, of length number of compounds

ROI   A data.frame of Regions Of Interest (ROI) with compounds as row and ROI parameters as columns: rtMin (float in seconds), rt (float in seconds, or *NA*), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mz (float or *NA*), mzMax (float).

FIR   A data.frame of Fallback Integration Regions (FIR) with compounds as row and FIR parameters as columns: rtMin (float in seconds), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mzMax (float).

uROI   A data.frame of updated Regions Of Interest (uROI) with compounds as row and uROI parameters as columns: rtMin (float in seconds), rt (float in seconds, or *NA*), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mz (float or *NA*), mzMax (float).

filepath   A character vector of file paths, of length number of spectra files

cpdMetadata   A data.frame of compound metadata, with compounds as row and metadata as columns

spectraMetadata

                  A data.frame of sample metadata, with samples as row and metadata as columns

acquisitionTime

                  A character vector of acquisition date-time (converted from POSIXct) or NA

uROIExist   A logical stating if uROI have been set

useUROI   A logical stating if uROI are to be used

useFIR   A logical stating if FIR are to be used

TIC   A numeric vector of TIC or NA, of length number of spectra files

peakTables	A list of peakTable data.frame, of length number of spectra files. Each peak-Table data.frame has compounds as rows and peak annotation results as columns.
dataPoints	A list of length number of spectra files. Each list element is a *ROIsDataPoint* list of data.frame of raw data points for each ROI/uROI (retention time 'rt', mass 'mz' and intensity 'int' (as column) of each raw data points (as row))
peakFit	A list of length number of spectra files. Each list element is a *curveFit* list of peakPantheR_curveFit or NA for each ROI
isAnnotated	A logical stating in the annotation took place

Details

The validObject method ensures the conformity of an object to the peakPantheRAnnotation-class. The number of compounds is based on cpdID() length, and the number of samples is based on filepath() length. Slot type is not checked as setClass enforces it. peakTables and EICs type are checked on the first list element. annotationTable(object, column) where *column* is a column from *peakTable*, returns a data.frame of values with the samples as rows, ROI as columns.

Value

(peakPantheRAnnotation)

Slots

cpdID A character vector of compound IDs, of length number of compounds

cpdName A character vector of compound names, of length number of compounds

ROI A data.frame of Regions Of Interest (ROI) with compounds as row and ROI parameters as columns: rtMin (float in seconds), rt (float in seconds, or *NA*), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mz (float or *NA*), mzMax (float).

FIR A data.frame of Fallback Integration Regions (FIR) with compounds as row and FIR parameters as columns: rtMin (float in seconds), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mzMax (float).

uROI A data.frame of updated Regions Of Interest (uROI) with compounds as row and uROI parameters as columns: rtMin (float in seconds), rt (float in seconds, or *NA*), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mz (float or *NA*), mzMax (float).

filepath A character vector of file paths, of length number of spectra files

cpdMetadata A data.frame of compound metadata, with compounds as row and metadata as columns

spectraMetadata A data.frame of sample metadata, with samples as row and metadata as columns

acquisitionTime A character vector of acquisition date-time (converted from POSIXct) or NA

uROIExist A logical stating if uROI have been set

useUROI A logical stating if uROI are to be used

useFIR A logical stating if FIR are to be used

TIC A numeric vector of TIC or NA, of length number of spectra files

peakTables A list of peakTable data.frame, of length number of spectra files. Each peakTable data.frame has compounds as rows and peak annotation results as columns.

dataPoints A list of length number of spectra files. Each list element is a *ROIsDataPoint* list of data.frame of raw data points for each ROI/uROI (retention time 'rt', mass 'mz' and intensity 'int' (as column) of each raw data points (as row))

peakFit A list of length number of spectra files. Each list element is a *curveFit* list of peakPantheR_curveFit
       or NA for each ROI

isAnnotated A logical stating if the annotation has taken place

> **Details::** The *peakTables* data.frame are structured as follow:

cpdID	database compound ID
cpdName	compound name
found	was the peak found
rt	retention time of peak apex (sec)
rtMin	leading edge of peak retention time (sec) determined at 0.5% of apex intensity
rtMax	trailing edge of peak retention time (sec) determined at 0.5% of apex intensity
mz	weighted (by intensity) mean of peak m/z across scans
mzMin	m/z peak minimum (between rtMin, rtMax)
mzMax	m/z peak maximum (between rtMin, rtMax)
peakArea	integrated peak area
maxIntMeasured	maximum peak intensity in raw data
maxIntPredicted	maximum peak intensity based on curve fit
is_filled	Logical indicate if the feature was integrated using FIR (Fallback Integration Region)
ppm_error	difference in ppm between the expected and measured m/z
rt_dev_sec	difference in seconds between the expected and measured rt
tailingFactor	the tailing factor is a measure of peak tailing.It is defined as the distance from the front slope of the pe
asymmetryFactor	the asymmetry factor is a measure of peak tailing. It is defined as the distance from the center line of t

See Also

Other peakPantheR: peakPantheR_parallelAnnotation, peakPantheR_singleFileSearch

Other parallelAnnotation: peakPantheR_parallelAnnotation, peakPantheR_singleFileSearch

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(),2,8,dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                     targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)
```

```
annotation
# An object of class peakPantheRAnnotation
#  2 compounds in 3 samples.
#   updated ROI do not exist (uROI)
#   does not use updated ROI (uROI)
#   does not use fallback integration regions (FIR)
#   is not annotated

slotNames(annotation)
# [1] 'cpdID'       'cpdName'       'ROI'              'FIR'         'uROI'
# [6] 'filepath'    'cpdMetadata'   'spectraMetadata' 'acquisitionTime'
# [10] 'uROIExist'  'useUROI'       'useFIR'           'TIC'         'peakTables'
# [15] 'dataPoints' 'peakFit'       'isAnnotated'

## Slots shouldn't be accessed directly, accessors are available:
cpdID(annotation)
# [1] 'ID-1' 'ID-2'
cpdName(annotation)
# [1] 'Cpd 1' 'Cpd 2'
ROI(annotation)
#   rtMin       rt rtMax    mzMin    mz    mzMax cpdID cpdName
# 1 3310 3344.888  3390 522.1948 522.2 522.2052  ID-1   Cpd 1
# 2 3280 3385.577  3440 496.1950 496.2 496.2050  ID-2   Cpd 2
FIR(annotation)
#   rtMin rtMax mzMin mzMax cpdID cpdName
# 1    NA    NA    NA    NA  ID-1   Cpd 1
# 2    NA    NA    NA    NA  ID-2   Cpd 2
uROI(annotation)
#   rtMin rt rtMax mzMin mz mzMax cpdID cpdName
# 1    NA NA    NA    NA NA    NA  ID-1   Cpd 1
# 2    NA NA    NA    NA NA    NA  ID-2   Cpd 2
filepath(annotation)
# [1] 'C:/R/R-3.6.0/library/faahKO/cdf/KO/ko15.CDF'
# [2]'C:/R/R-3.6.0/library/faahKO/cdf/KO/ko16.CDF'
# [3] 'C:/R/R-3.6.0/library/faahKO/cdf/KO/ko18.CDF'
cpdMetadata(annotation)
# data frame with 0 columns and 2 rows
spectraMetadata(annotation)
# data frame with 0 columns and 3 rows
acquisitionTime(annotation)
# [1] NA NA NA
uROIExist(annotation)
# [1] FALSE
useUROI(annotation)
# [1] FALSE
useFIR(annotation)
# [1] FALSE
TIC(annotation)
# [1] NA NA NA
peakTables(annotation)
# [[1]]
# NULL
# [[2]]
# NULL
# [[3]]
# NULL
```

```
dataPoints(annotation)
# [[1]]
# NULL
# [[2]]
# NULL
# [[3]]
# NULL
peakFit(annotation)
# [[1]]
# NULL
# [[2]]
# NULL
# [[3]]
# NULL
isAnnotated(annotation)
# [1] FALSE
}
```

---

peakPantheR_loadAnnotationParamsCSV

Load fit parameters from CSV

Description

Initialise a new peakPantheRAnnotation object after loading ROI, uROI and FIR parameters from
CSV. spectraPaths, spectraMetadata or cpdMetadata are not initialised and will need to be
filled before annotation. useUROI and useFIR are set to FALSE and will need to be set accordingly.
uROIExist is established depending on the uROI columns present in the CSV and will be set to
TRUE only if no NA are present

Usage

```
peakPantheR_loadAnnotationParamsCSV(CSVParamPath, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

CSVParamPath   (str) Path to a CSV file of fit parameters as saved by outputAnnotationDiagnostic

verbose   (bool) If TRUE message progress

Value

(peakPantheRAnnotation) Object initialised with ROI, uROI and FIR read from the CSV file

Examples

```
## Input data
input_CSV <- data.frame(matrix(nrow=2,ncol=21,dimnames=list(c(),
    c('cpdID', 'cpdName',
    'X','ROI_rt', 'ROI_mz', 'ROI_rtMin', 'ROI_rtMax','ROI_mzMin','ROI_mzMax',
    'X','uROI_rtMin', 'uROI_rtMax', 'uROI_mzMin', 'uROI_mzMax', 'uROI_rt',
    'uROI_mz', 'X', 'FIR_rtMin', 'FIR_rtMax', 'FIR_mzMin', 'FIR_mzMax'))))
input_CSV[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', '|', 1., 2., 3., 4., 5., 6., '|',
```

```
                   7.,  8.,  9.,  10., 11., 12., '|', 13., 14., 15., 16.)
input_CSV[2,]  <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', '|', 17., 18., 19., 20., 21., 22., '|',
                   23., 24., 25., 26., 27., 28., '|', 29., 30., 31., 32.)
input_CSV[,-c(1,2,3,10,17)]  <- vapply(input_CSV[,-c(1,2,3,10,17)],
                                       as.numeric, FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

# temporary file location
savePath1      <- tempfile(pattern='file', tmpdir=tempdir(), fileext='.csv')
# save csv
utils::write.csv(input_CSV, file=savePath1, row.names=FALSE)

# Load parameters from CSV
loadedAnnotation <- peakPantheR_loadAnnotationParamsCSV(savePath1,
                                                       verbose=TRUE)
# uROIExist set to TRUE
# New peakPantheRAnnotation object initialised for 2 compounds
# An object of class peakPantheRAnnotation
#  2 compounds in 0 samples.
#   updated ROI exist (uROI)
#   does not use updated ROI (uROI)
#   does not use fallback integration regions (FIR)
#   is not annotated
```

---

peakPantheR_parallelAnnotation

Search, integrate and report targeted features in a multiple spectra

---

Description

Integrate all target features in all files defined in the initialised input object and store results. The use of updated ROI and the integration of FIR are controled by the input object slots useUROI and useFIR. Files are processed in parallel using peakPantheR_singleFileSearch; ncores controls the number of cores used for parallelisation, with ncores=0 corresponding to serial processing. If the processing of a file fails (file does not exist or error during execution) the sample is removed from the outputed object.

Usage

```
peakPantheR_parallelAnnotation(object, ncores = 0, getAcquTime = TRUE,
    resetWorkers = 1, centroided = TRUE, verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

object	(peakPantheRAnnotation) Initialised peakPantheRAnnotation object defining the samples to process and compounds to target. The slots useUROI and useFIR controls if uROI must be used and FIR integrated if a feature is not found
ncores	(int) Number of cores to use for parallelisation. Default 0 for no parallelisation.
getAcquTime	(bool) If TRUE will extract sample acquisition date-time from the mzML metadata (the additional file access will impact run time)
resetWorkers	(int) If 0, the parallel cluster is only initiated once. If >0 the cluster will be reset (and the memory of each worker freed) once ncores * resetWorkers files have been processed. Default value is 1, the cluster is reset once ncores files have

been processed. While potentially impacting performance (need to wait until
all ncores * resetWorkers files are processed before restarting the cluster),
shutting down the workers processes regularly will ensure the OS can reallocate
memory more efficiently. For values >1, ensure sufficient system memory is
available

centroided   (bool) use TRUE if the data is centroided, used by readMSData when reading
                  the raw data files

verbose   (bool) If TRUE message calculation progress, time taken, number of features
                  found (total and matched to targets) and failures

...   Passes arguments to findTargetFeatures to alter peak-picking parameters

Value

a list: list()$result *(peakPantheRAnnotation)* fully annotated object, list()$failures *(list)*
list of failed samples and error message

See Also

Other peakPantheR: peakPantheRAnnotation, peakPantheR_singleFileSearch()

Other parallelAnnotation: peakPantheRAnnotation, peakPantheR_singleFileSearch()

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Load data
library(faahKO)

# 3 files
input_spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                        system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                        system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# 4 features
input_ROI     <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 4, 8,
                    dimnames=list(c(), c('cpdID', 'cpdName', 'rtMin', 'rt',
                                            'rtMax', 'mzMin', 'mz', 'mzMax'))),
                    stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
input_ROI[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                    522.2, 522.205222)
input_ROI[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                    496.2, 496.204962)
input_ROI[3,] <- c('ID-3', 'Cpd 3', 3420., 3454.435, 3495., 464.195358,
                    464.2, 464.204642)
input_ROI[4,] <- c('ID-4', 'Cpd 4', 3670., 3701.697, 3745., 536.194638,
                    536.2, 536.205362)
input_ROI[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(input_ROI[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                            FUN.VALUE=numeric(4))

# Initialise object
initAnnotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=input_spectraPaths,
                                        targetFeatTable=input_ROI)
# to use updated ROI:
# uROIExist=TRUE, useUROI=TRUE, uROI=input_uROI
# to use FallBack Integration Regions:
# useFIR=TRUE, FIR=input_FIR
```

```
# Run serially
result_parallelAnnotation <- peakPantheR_parallelAnnotation(initAnnotation,
                                                ncores=0,
                                                getAcquTime=FALSE,
                                                verbose=TRUE)
# Processing 4 compounds in 3 samples:
#  uROI:\tFALSE
#  FIR:\tFALSE
# ----- ko15 -----
# Polarity can not be extracted from netCDF files, please set manually the
#  polarity with the 'polarity' method.
# Reading data from 4 windows
# Data read in: 0.24 secs
# Warning: rtMin/rtMax outside of ROI; datapoints cannot be used for
#  mzMin/mzMax calculation, approximate mz and returning ROI$mzMin and
#  ROI$mzMax for ROI #1
# Warning: rtMin/rtMax outside of ROI; datapoints cannot be used for
#  mzMin/mzMax calculation, approximate mz and returning ROI$mzMin and
#  ROI$mzMax for ROI #3
# Found 4/4 features in 0.06 secs
# Peak statistics done in: 0.02 secs
# Feature search done in: 0.76 secs
# ----- ko16 -----
# Polarity can not be extracted from netCDF files, please set manually the
#  polarity with the 'polarity' method.
# Reading data from 4 windows
# Data read in: 0.24 secs
# Warning: rtMin/rtMax outside of ROI; datapoints cannot be used for
#  mzMin/mzMax calculation, approximate mz and returning ROI$mzMin and
#  ROI$mzMax for ROI #1
# Warning: rtMin/rtMax outside of ROI; datapoints cannot be used for
#  mzMin/mzMax calculation, approximate mz and returning ROI$mzMin and
#  ROI$mzMax for ROI #2
# Warning: rtMin/rtMax outside of ROI; datapoints cannot be used for
#  mzMin/mzMax calculation, approximate mz and returning ROI$mzMin and
#  ROI$mzMax for ROI #3
# Warning: rtMin/rtMax outside of ROI; datapoints cannot be used for
#  mzMin/mzMax calculation, approximate mz and returning ROI$mzMin and
#  ROI$mzMax for ROI #4
# Found 4/4 features in 0.08 secs
# Peak statistics done in: 0 secs
# Feature search done in: 0.71 secs
# ----- ko18 -----
# Polarity can not be extracted from netCDF files, please set manually the
#  polarity with the 'polarity' method.
# Reading data from 4 windows
# Data read in: 0.25 secs
# Warning: rtMin/rtMax outside of ROI; datapoints cannot be used for
#  mzMin/mzMax calculation, approximate mz and returning ROI$mzMin and
#  ROI$mzMax for ROI #1
# Warning: rtMin/rtMax outside of ROI; datapoints cannot be used for
#  mzMin/mzMax calculation, approximate mz and returning ROI$mzMin and
#  ROI$mzMax for ROI #2
# Warning: rtMin/rtMax outside of ROI; datapoints cannot be used for
#  mzMin/mzMax calculation, approximate mz and returning ROI$mzMin and
#  ROI$mzMax for ROI #4
```

```
# Found 4/4 features in 0.06 secs
# Peak statistics done in: 0 secs
# Feature search done in: 0.71 secs
# ----------------
# Parallel annotation done in: 2.18 secs

# No failures
result_parallelAnnotation$failures

result_parallelAnnotation$annotation
# An object of class peakPantheRAnnotation
#  4 compounds in 3 samples.
#    updated ROI do not exist (uROI)
#    does not use updated ROI (uROI)
#    does not use fallback integration regions (FIR)
#    is annotated
}
```

---

peakPantheR_plotEICFit

Plot samples raw data and detected feature for a single ROI

Description

plot a ROI across multiple samples (x axis is RT, y axis is intensity). If curveFit is provided, the fitted curve for each sample is added.

Usage

```
peakPantheR_plotEICFit(ROIDataPointSampleList, curveFitSampleList = NULL,
    rtMin = NULL, rtMax = NULL, sampling = 250, sampleColour = NULL,
    verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

ROIDataPointSampleList

(list) list of data.frame of raw data points for each sample (retention time 'rt', mass 'mz' and intensity 'int' (as column) of each raw data points (as row)).

curveFitSampleList

(list) NULL or a list of peakPantheR_curveFit (or NA) for each sample

rtMin   (float) NULL or vector of detected peak minimum retention time (in sec)

rtMax   (float) NULL or vector ofdetected peak maximum retention time (in sec)

sampling   (int) Number of points to employ when plotting fittedCurve

sampleColour   (str) NULL or vector colour for each sample (same length as ROIDataPointSampleList, rtMin, rtMax)

verbose   (bool) if TRUE message when NA scans are removed

Value

Grob (ggplot object)

Examples

```
## Input data
# fake sample 1
# ROI data points
rt1             <- seq(990, 1010, by=20/250)
mz1             <- rep(522., length(rt1))
int1            <- (dnorm(rt1, mean=1000, sd=1.5) * 100) + 1
tmp_DataPoints1 <- data.frame(rt=rt1, mz=mz1, int=int1)
# fittedCurve
fit1      <- list(amplitude=37.068916502809756, center=999.3734222573454,
                  sigma=0.58493182568124724, gamma=0.090582029276037035,
                  fitStatus=2, curveModel='skewedGaussian')
class(fit1)     <- 'peakPantheR_curveFit'

# fake sample 2
# ROI data points
rt2             <- seq(990, 1010, by=20/250)
mz2             <- rep(522., length(rt2))
int2            <- (dnorm(rt2, mean=1002, sd=1.5) * 100) + 1
tmp_DataPoints2 <- data.frame(rt=rt2, mz=mz2, int=int2)
# fittedCurve
fit2      <- list(amplitude=37.073067416755556, center=1001.3736564832565,
                  sigma=0.58496485738212201, gamma=0.090553713725151905,
                  fitStatus=2, curveModel='skewedGaussian')
class(fit2)     <- 'peakPantheR_curveFit'

## Plot features in 1 sample without colours
peakPantheR_plotEICFit(ROIDataPointSampleList=list(tmp_DataPoints1),
                       curveFitSampleList=list(fit1),
                       rtMin=995., rtMax=1005.,
                       sampling=250, sampleColour=NULL, verbose=FALSE)

## Plot features in 2 samples with colours
peakPantheR_plotEICFit(
               ROIDataPointSampleList=list(tmp_DataPoints1,tmp_DataPoints2),
               curveFitSampleList=list(fit1, fit2),
               rtMin=c(995., 997.), rtMax=c(1005.,1007.),
               sampling=250, sampleColour=c('blue', 'red'), verbose=FALSE)
```

---

peakPantheR_plotPeakwidth

Plot peak value and peakwidth by acquisition time or in input order

---

Description

For a single ROI, plot the peak value and peakwidth (RT, m/z, ...) of detected peaks across multiple samples, by acquisition time or in input order. If rotateAxis=FALSE x is run order / plot order, y is the apexValue / widthMin / widthMax, if rotateAxis=TRUE x is the measurement values and y the run order.

Usage

```
peakPantheR_plotPeakwidth(apexValue, widthMin = NULL, widthMax = NULL,
    acquTime = NULL, varName = "variable", sampleColour = NULL,
    rotateAxis = FALSE, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

apexValue	(float) vector of apex value
widthMin	(float) vector of detected peak minimum peakwidth value or NULL (if NULL no peakwidth)
widthMax	(float) vector of detected peak maximum peakwidth value or NULL (uf NULL no peakwidth)
acquTime	(POSIXct) vector of sample acquisition time as POSIXct or NULL (if NULL points are plotted in the order values are passed as input with the first on top or left)
varName	(str) Name of the variable to plot
sampleColour	(str) NULL or vector colour for each sample (same length as apexValue, widthMin, widthMax, acquTime)
rotateAxis	(bool) if TRUE x and y axis are reversed
verbose	(bool) if TRUE message when NA scans are removed

Value

Grob (ggplot object)

Examples

```
## Input data
apexVal <- c(1, 2, 3, 4)
minVal  <- c(0, 0, 2, 2)
maxVal  <- c(2, 4, 4, 5)
acqTime <- as.POSIXct(c('2017-07-13 21:06:14', '2017-07-14 21:06:14',
                        '2017-07-15 21:06:14', '2017-07-16 21:06:14'))

## Plot 4 sampels with colour
peakPantheR_plotPeakwidth(apexValue=apexVal, widthMin=minVal,widthMax=maxVal,
                        acquTime=NULL, varName='Test variable 1',
                        sampleColour=c('blue','red','green','orange'),
                        rotateAxis=FALSE, verbose=FALSE)

## Plot 4 samples with colour by acquisition time
peakPantheR_plotPeakwidth(apexValue=apexVal, widthMin=minVal,widthMax=maxVal,
                        acquTime=acqTime, varName='Test variable 2',
                        sampleColour=c('blue','red','green','orange'),
                        rotateAxis=FALSE, verbose=FALSE)

## Plot 4 samples with colour, rotate axis
peakPantheR_plotPeakwidth(apexValue=apexVal, widthMin=minVal,widthMax=maxVal,
                        acquTime=NULL, varName='Test variable 3',
                        sampleColour=c('blue','red','green','orange'),
                        rotateAxis=TRUE, verbose=FALSE)

## Plot 4 samples with colour by acquisition time, rotate axis
```

```
peakPantheR_plotPeakwidth(apexValue=apexVal, widthMin=minVal,widthMax=maxVal,
                    acquTime=acqTime, varName='Test variable 4',
                    sampleColour=c('blue','red','green','orange'),
                    rotateAxis=FALSE, verbose=FALSE)
```

---

peakPantheR_ROIStatistics

Save to disk each ROI EIC and mean IS RT

Description

Using reference samples (`referenceSpectraFiles`), save (to `saveFolder`) each ROI EIC (`ROI`) and reports the mean apex RT for all IS (`IS_ROI`) across samples

Usage

```
peakPantheR_ROIStatistics(referenceSpectraFiles, saveFolder, ROI = NULL,
    IS_ROI = NULL, sampleColour = NULL, ncores = 0,
    saveISPlots = TRUE, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

referenceSpectraFiles

(str) A character vector of paths to the reference spectra files

saveFolder   (str) Path to the folder where EICs and IS mean RT (`IS_mean_RT.csv`) will be saved

ROI   (data.frame) NULL or a data.frame of Regions Of Interest (ROI) with compounds as row and ROI parameters as columns: `rtMin` (float in seconds), `rt` (float in seconds, or *NA*), `rtMax` (float in seconds), `mzMin` (float), `mz` (float or *NA*), `mzMax` (float) (if NULL, ROI EICs are not saved)

IS_ROI   (data.frame) NULL or a data.frame of IS ROI with IS as row and ROI parameters as columns: `rtMin` (float in seconds), `rt` (float in seconds, or *NA*), `rtMax` (float in seconds), `mzMin` (float), `mz` (float or *NA*), `mzMax` (float) (if NULL IS mean RT is not calculated and saved in `IS_mean_RT.csv`)

sampleColour   (str) NULL or vector colour for each sample

ncores   (int) Number of cores to use to integrate IS in parallel

saveISPlots   (bool) If TRUE save a diagnostic plot for each IS to `saveFolder/IS_search` compound

verbose   (bool) If TRUE message progress

Value

None

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 2 samples and 1 targeted
## compound

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 1, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                   c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                   'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                         522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(1))

# input
refSpecFiles  <- spectraPaths
input_ROI     <- targetFeatTable
input_IS_ROI  <- targetFeatTable
sampleColour  <- c('blue', 'red')

# temporary saveFolder
saveFolder1   <- tempdir()

# Calculate ROI statiscs
peakPantheR_ROIStatistics(refSpecFiles, saveFolder1, ROI=input_ROI,
                          IS_ROI=input_IS_ROI, sampleColour=sampleColour,
                          ncores=0, saveISPlots=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
}
```

---

peakPantheR_singleFileSearch

Search, integrate and report targeted features in a raw spectra

---

Description

Report for a raw spectra the TIC, acquisition time, integrated targeted features, fitted curves and datapoints for each region of interest. Optimised to reduce the number of file access. Features not detected can be integrated using fallback integration regions (FIR).

Usage

```
peakPantheR_singleFileSearch(singleSpectraDataPath, targetFeatTable,
    peakStatistic = FALSE, plotEICsPath = NA, getAcquTime = FALSE,
    FIR = NULL, centroided = TRUE, verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

singleSpectraDataPath

(str) path to netCDF or mzML raw data file (centroided, **only with the channel of interest**).

targetFeatTable

a [data.frame](#) of compounds to target as rows. Columns: cpdID (str), cpdName (str), rtMin (float in seconds), rt (float in seconds, or *NA*), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mz (float or *NA*), mzMax (float).

peakStatistic   (bool) If TRUE calculates additional peak statistics: 'ppm_error', 'rt_dev_sec', 'tailing factor' and 'asymmetry factor'

plotEICsPath   (str or NA) If not NA, will save a *.png* of all ROI EICs at the path provided ('filepath/filename.png' expected). If NA no plot saved

getAcquTime   (bool) If TRUE will extract sample acquisition date-time from the mzML metadata (the additional file access will impact run time)

FIR   (data.frame or NULL) If not NULL, integrate Fallback Integration Regions (FIR) when a feature is not found. Compounds as row are identical to targetFeatTable, columns are rtMin (float in seconds), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mzMax (float).

centroided   (bool) use TRUE if the data is centroided, used by [readMSData](#) when reading the raw data file

verbose   (bool) If TRUE message calculation progress, time taken and number of features found

...   Passes arguments to findTargetFeatures to alter peak-picking parameters (e.g. curveModel, sampling, params as a list of parameters for each ROI or 'guess',...)

Value

a list: list()$TIC *(int)* TIC value, list()$peakTable *(data.frame)* targeted features results (see Details), list()$curveFit *(list)* list of peakPantheR_curveFit or NA for each ROI, list()$acquTime *(POSIXct or NA)* date-time of sample acquisition from mzML metadata, list()$ROIsDataPoint *(list)* a list of data.frame of raw data points for each ROI (retention time 'rt', mass 'mz' and intensity 'int' (as column) of each raw data points (as row)).

Details:: The returned *peakTable* data.frame is structured as follow:

cpdID	database compound ID
cpdName	compound name
found	was the peak found
rt	retention time of peak apex (sec)
rtMin	leading edge of peak retention time (sec) determined at 0.5% of apex intensity
rtMax	trailing edge of peak retention time (sec) determined at 0.5% of apex intensity
mz	weighted (by intensity) mean of peak m/z across scans
mzMin	m/z peak minimum (between rtMin, rtMax)
mzMax	m/z peak maximum (between rtMin, rtMax)
peakArea	integrated peak area
maxIntMeasured	maximum peak intensity in raw data
maxIntPredicted	maximum peak intensity based on curve fit
is_filled	Logical indicate if the feature was integrated using FIR (Fallback Integration Region)
ppm_error	difference in ppm between the expected and measured m/z
rt_dev_sec	difference in seconds between the expected and measured rt

tailingFactor   the tailing factor is a measure of peak tailing.It is defined as the distance from the front slope of the pe

asymmetryFactor   the asymmetry factor is a measure of peak tailing. It is defined as the distance from the center line of t

See Also

Other peakPantheR: peakPantheRAnnotation, peakPantheR_parallelAnnotation()

Other parallelAnnotation: peakPantheRAnnotation, peakPantheR_parallelAnnotation()

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Load data
library(faahKO)
netcdfFilePath <- system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO')

## targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                   c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                   'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

res <- peakPantheR_singleFileSearch(netcdfFilePath,targetFeatTable,
                                    peakStatistic=TRUE)
# Polarity can not be extracted from netCDF files, please set manually the
#    polarity with the 'polarity' method.
# Reading data from 2 windows
# Data read in: 0.16 secs
# Warning: rtMin/rtMax outside of ROI; datapoints cannot be used for
#   mzMin/mzMax calculation, approximate mz and returning ROI$mzMin and
#   ROI$mzMax for ROI #1
# Found 2/2 features in 0.05 secs
# Peak statistics done in: 0 secs
# Feature search done in: 0.75 secs

res
# $TIC
# [1] 2410533091
#
# $peakTable
#   found    rtMin      rt    rtMax    mzMin    mz   mzMax peakArea
# 1  TRUE 3309.759 3346.828 3385.410 522.1948 522.2 522.2052 26133727
# 2  TRUE 3345.377 3386.529 3428.279 496.2000 496.2 496.2000 35472141
#   maxIntMeasured maxIntPredicted cpdID cpdName is_filled  ppm_error
# 1         889280        901015.8  ID-1   Cpd 1     FALSE 0.02337616
# 2        1128960       1113576.7  ID-2   Cpd 2     FALSE 0.02460103
#   rt_dev_sec tailingFactor asymmetryFactor
# 1  1.9397590      1.015357        1.026824
# 2  0.9518072      1.005378        1.009318
#
# $acquTime
```

```
# [1] NA
#
#
# $curveFit
# $curveFit[[1]]
# $amplitude
# [1] 162404.8
#
# $center
# [1] 3341.888
#
# $sigma
# [1] 0.07878613
#
# $gamma
# [1] 0.00183361
#
# $fitStatus
# [1] 2
#
# $curveModel
# [1] 'skewedGaussian'
#
# attr(,'class')
# [1] 'peakPantheR_curveFit'
#
# $curveFit[[2]]
# $amplitude
# [1] 199249.1
#
# $center
# [1] 3382.577
#
# $sigma
# [1] 0.07490442
#
# $gamma
# [1] 0.00114719
#
# $fitStatus
# [1] 2
#
# $curveModel
# [1] 'skewedGaussian'
#
# attr(,'class')
# [1] 'peakPantheR_curveFit'
#
#
# $ROIsDataPoint
# $ROIsDataPoint[[1]]
#          rt    mz    int
# 1  3315.154 522.2   2187
# 2  3316.719 522.2   3534
# 3  3318.284 522.2   6338
# 4  3319.849 522.2  11718
# 5  3321.414 522.2  21744
```

```
# 6  3322.979 522.2  37872
# 7  3324.544 522.2  62424
# 8  3326.109 522.2  98408
# 9  3327.673 522.2 152896
# 10 3329.238 522.2 225984
# ...
#
# $ROIsDataPoint[[2]]
#          rt    mz     int
# 1  3280.725 496.2    1349
# 2  3290.115 496.2    2069
# 3  3291.680 496.2    3103
# 4  3293.245 496.2    5570
# 5  3294.809 496.2   10730
# 6  3296.374 496.2   20904
# 7  3297.939 496.2   38712
# 8  3299.504 496.2   64368
# 9  3301.069 496.2   97096
# 10 3302.634 496.2  136320
# ...
}
```

peakTables,peakPantheRAnnotation-method

peakTables accessor with cpdID and cpdName added back

Description

peakTables accessor with cpdID and cpdName added back

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
peakTables(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(data.frame) A list of peakTable data.frame, of length number of spectra files. Each peakTable
data.frame has compounds as rows and peak annotation results as columns, with added compound
ID and name.

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
```

```
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                   system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                   system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                   c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                   'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                         522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                         496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

## default values without annotation
peakTables(annotation)
# [[1]]
# NULL
# [[2]]
# NULL
# [[3]]
# NULL
}
```

---

plotEICDetectedPeakwidth

Plot samples raw data and detected feature for a single ROI

Description

Plot a ROI across multiple samples (x axis is RT, y axis is intensity) with the matching detected
peak rt and peakwidth under it. If curveFit is provided, the fitted curve for each compound is added.
RT and peakwidth are plotted in the order spectra are passed, with the first spectra on top.

Usage

```
plotEICDetectedPeakwidth(ROIDataPointSampleList, cpdID, cpdName, rt, rtMin,
    rtMax, mzMin, mzMax, ratio = 0.85, sampling = 250,
    curveFitSampleList = NULL, sampleColour = NULL, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

ROIDataPointSampleList

(list) list of data.frame of raw data points for each sample (retention time 'rt',
mass 'mz' and intensity 'int' (as column) of each raw data points (as row)).

cpdID   (str) Compound ID

cpdName   (str) Compound Name

rt   (float) vector of detected peak apex retention time (in sec)

rtMin	(float) vector of detected peak minimum retention time (in sec)
rtMax	(float) vector ofdetected peak maximum retention time (in sec)
mzMin	(float) ROI minimum m/z (matching EIC)
mzMax	(float) ROI maximum m/z (matching EIC)
ratio	(float) value between 0 and 1 defining the vertical percentage taken by the EICs subplot
sampling	(int) Number of points to employ when plotting fittedCurve
curveFitSampleList	
	(list) NULL or a list of peakPantheR_curveFit (or NA) for each sample
sampleColour	(str) NULL or vector colour for each sample (same length as EICs, rt, rtMin, rtMax)
verbose	(bool) if TRUE message when NA scans are removed

Value

Grob (ggplot object)

---

plotHistogram	*Plot variable histogram and density*

Description

Plot the histogram and density of the variable

Usage

```
plotHistogram(var, varName = "Variable", density = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

var	(float) vector of values to plot
varName	(str) Name of the variable to plot
density	(bool) If TRUE plot overlay the density on the variable
...	Passes arguments to ggplot2::geom_histogram, e.g. bins=20, binwidth=1

Value

Grob (ggplot object)

---

predictCurve   *Predict curve values*

Description

Evaluate fitted curve values at x data points

Usage

```
predictCurve(fittedCurve, x)
```

Arguments

fittedCurve   (peakPantheR_curveFit) A 'peakPantheR_curveFit': a list of curve fitting pa-
                rameters, curve shape model curveModel and nls.lm fit status fitStatus.

x   (numeric) values at which to evaluate the fitted curve

Details

Examples cannot be computed as the function is not exported: ## Input a fitted curve fittedCurve
<- list(amplitude=275371.1, center=3382.577, sigma=0.07904697, gamma=0.001147647, fitSta-
tus=2, curveModel='skewedGaussian') class(fittedCurve) <- 'peakPantheR_curveFit' input_x <-
c(3290, 3300, 3310, 3320, 3330, 3340, 3350, 3360, 3370, 3380, 3390, 3400, 3410)

Predict y at each input_x pred_y <- predictCurve(fittedCurve, input_x) pred_y # [1] 2.347729e-
08 1.282668e-05 3.475590e-03 4.676579e-01 3.129420e+01 # [6] 1.043341e+03 1.736915e+04
1.447754e+05 6.061808e+05 1.280037e+06 # [11] 1.369651e+06 7.467333e+05 2.087477e+05

Value

fitted curve values at x

---

resetAnnotation,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
                Reset a peakPantheRAnnotation and alter samples and compounds in-
                formation

Description

Reset a peakPantheRAnnotation (remove results and set isAnnotated=FALSE). If a different num-
ber of samples (spectraPaths) or compounds (targetFeatTable) are passed, the object will be
initialised to the new size. For input values left as NULL, the slots (filepath (from spectraPaths),
ROI, cpdID, cpdName (from targetFeatTable), uROI, FIR, cpdMetadata, spectraMetadata, uROIExist,
useUROI and useFIR) will be filled with values from previousAnnotation.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
resetAnnotation(previousAnnotation,
    spectraPaths = NULL, targetFeatTable = NULL, uROI = NULL,
    FIR = NULL, cpdMetadata = NULL, spectraMetadata = NULL,
    uROIExist = NULL, useUROI = NULL, useFIR = NULL, verbose = TRUE,
    ...)
```

Arguments

previousAnnotation

(peakPantheRAnnotation) object to reset

spectraPaths   NULL or a character vector of spectra file paths, to set samples to process

targetFeatTable

NULL or a [data.frame](#) of compounds to target as rows and parameters as columns: cpdID (str), cpdName (str), rtMin (float in seconds), rt (float in seconds, or *NA*), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mz (float or *NA*), mzMax (float). Set compounds to target.

uROI   NULL or a data.frame of updated Regions Of Interest (uROI) with compounds as row and uROI parameters as columns: rtMin (float in seconds), rt (float in seconds, or *NA*), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mz (float or *NA*), mzMax (float).

FIR   NULL or a data.frame of Fallback Integration Regions (FIR) with compounds as row and FIR parameters as columns: rtMin (float in seconds), rtMax (float in seconds), mzMin (float), mzMax (float).

cpdMetadata   NULL or a data.frame of compound metadata, with compounds as row and metadata as columns

spectraMetadata

NULL or a data.frame of sample metadata, with samples as row and metadata as columns

uROIExist   NULL or a logical stating if uROI have been set

useUROI   NULL or a logical stating if uROI are to be used

useFIR   NULL or a logical stating if FIR are to be used

verbose   (bool) If TRUE message progress

...   Additional slots and values to set when resetting the object (cpdID, cpdName, ROI, filepath, TIC, acquisitionTime, peakTables, dataPoints, peakFit)

Value

(peakPantheRAnnotation) object reset with previous results removed and slots updated

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
```

```
                    system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                    c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                    'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                        522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                        496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                    FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

smallAnnotation  <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)
smallAnnotation
# An object of class peakPantheRAnnotation
#  2 compounds in 2 samples.
#  updated ROI do not exist (uROI)
#  does not use updated ROI (uROI)
#  does not use fallback integration regions (FIR)
#  is not annotated

# Reset and change number of spectra
newSpectraPaths  <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                    system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                    system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))
largerAnnotation <- resetAnnotation(smallAnnotation,
                                    spectraPaths=newSpectraPaths,
                                    verbose=TRUE)
largerAnnotation
# An object of class peakPantheRAnnotation
#  2 compounds in 3 samples.
#  updated ROI do not exist (uROI)
#  does not use updated ROI (uROI)
#  does not use fallback integration regions (FIR)
#  is not annotated
}
```

---

resetFIR,peakPantheRAnnotation-method

> *Reset FIR windows to uROI or ROI values Reset FIR windows to uROI (or ROI if* `uROIExist=FALSE`*)*

Description

Reset FIR windows to uROI or ROI values Reset FIR windows to uROI (or ROI if `uROIExist=FALSE`)

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
resetFIR(object, verbose)
```

Arguments

object	(peakPantheRAnnotation) object for which FIR are to be reset
verbose	(bool) If TRUE message progress

Value

(peakPantheRAnnotation) object with FIR values reset

Examples

```
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 2 targeted compounds

## targetFeatTable
input_targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8,
                         dimnames=list(c(), c('cpdID', 'cpdName', 'rtMin',
                         'rt', 'rtMax', 'mzMin', 'mz', 'mzMax'))),
                         stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
input_targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3., 1., 4., 5., 2., 6.)
input_targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 19., 17., 20., 21., 18., 22.)
input_targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- sapply(input_targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)],
                                       as.numeric)
## FIR
input_FIR      <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 4, dimnames=list(c(),
                               c('rtMin', 'rtMax', 'mzMin', 'mzMax'))),
                               stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
input_FIR[1,]  <- c(13., 14., 15., 16.)
input_FIR[2,]  <- c(29., 30., 31., 32.)

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(targetFeatTable = input_targetFeatTable,
                                   FIR = input_FIR, uROIExist = FALSE)

## Reset FIR with ROI values as uROI are not set
updatedAnnotation <- resetFIR(annotation, verbose=TRUE)
# FIR will be reset with ROI values as uROI values are not set
```

ROI,peakPantheRAnnotation-method

ROI accessor returns targetFeatTable with cpdID, cpdName added

---

Description

ROI accessor returns targetFeatTable with cpdID, cpdName added

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
ROI(object)
```

Arguments

object	peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(data.frame) target feature table with compounds as row and ROI parameters as columns

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                    system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                    system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                c('cpdID', 'cpdName', 'rtMin', 'rt', 'rtMax', 'mzMin', 'mz',
                'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                        522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                        496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                    FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

ROI(annotation)
#    rtMin       rt rtMax    mzMin    mz    mzMax cpdID cpdName
# 1   3310 3344.888  3390 522.1948 522.2 522.2052  ID-1   Cpd 1
# 2   3280 3385.577  3440 496.1950 496.2 496.2050  ID-2   Cpd 2
}
```

```
saveSingleFileMultiEIC
```
                    Save to disk a plot of all ROI EIC and detected feature range

---

Description

Plot and save a `.png` of all ROI (x is RT, y is intensity), with the matching detected peak rt and peakwidth under it.

Usage

```
saveSingleFileMultiEIC(ROIsDataPoint, curveFit, foundPeakTable, savePath,
    width = 15, height = 15, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

ROIsDataPoint   (list) a list of data.frame of raw data points for each ROI (retention time 'rt', mass 'mz' and intensity 'int' (as column) of each raw data points (as row)).

curveFit   (list) a list of peakPantheR_curveFit or NA for each ROI

foundPeakTable   (data.frame) data.frame as generated by [findTargetFeatures](#), with features as
                  rows and peak properties as columns. The following columns are mandatory:
                  cpdID, cpdName, rt, rtmin, rtmax, mzmin, mzmax.

savePath   (str) Full path to save a *.png* of all ROI EICs, expect `'filepath/filename.png'`.

width   (float) Width in cm for a single ROI plot (if more than one plot in total, 2
                  columns will be used). dpi set to a 100.

height   (float) height in a cm for a single ROI plot. dpi set to 100

verbose   (bool) if TRUE message progress

Value

None

---

skewedGaussian_guess   *Guess function for initial skewed gaussian parameters and bounds*

Description

Guess function for initial skewed gaussian parameters and bounds, at the moment only checks the
x position

Usage

```
skewedGaussian_guess(x, y)
```

Arguments

x   (numeric) x values (e.g. retention time)

y   (numeric) y observed values (e.g. spectra intensity)

Value

A list of guessed starting parameters `list()$init_params`, lower `list()$lower_bounds` and up-
per bounds `list()$upper_bounds` ($gamma, $center, $sigma, $amplitude)

---

skewedGaussian_minpack.lm

                   *Implementation of the Skewed Gaussian peak shape for use with min-
                   pack.lm*

Description

Implementation of the Skewed Gaussian peak shape for use with minpack.lm

Usage

```
skewedGaussian_minpack.lm(params, xx)
```

Arguments

params	(list) skewed gaussian parameters (`params$gamma`, `params$center`, `params$sigma`, `params$amplitude`)
xx	(numeric) values at which to evalute the skewed gaussian

Value

value of the skewed gaussian evaluated at xx

---

skewedGaussian_minpack.lm_objectiveFun

Skewed Gaussian minpack.lm objective function

Description

Skewed Gaussian minpack.lm objective function, calculates residuals using the skewed gaussian Peak Shape

Usage

```
skewedGaussian_minpack.lm_objectiveFun(params, observed, xx)
```

Arguments

params	(list) skewed gaussian parameters (`params$gamma`, `params$center`, `params$sigma`, `params$amplitude`)
observed	(numeric) observed y value at xx
xx	(numeric) value at which to evalute the skewed gaussian

Value

difference between observed and expected skewed gaussian value evaluated at xx

---

skew_erf *Gaussian Error function*

Description

Implementation of the gaussian error function

Usage

```
skew_erf(x)
```

Arguments

x	(numeric) value at which to evaluate the gaussian error function

Value

Value of the gaussian error function evaluated at x

spectraMetadata,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
spectraMetadata accessor

Description

spectraMetadata accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
spectraMetadata(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(data.frame) A data.frame of sample metadata, with samples as row and metadata as columns

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

## default values not initialised
spectraMetadata(annotation)
# data frame with 0 columns and 3 rows
}
```

TIC,peakPantheRAnnotation-method

TIC accessor

Description

TIC accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
TIC(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(float) A numeric vector of Total Ion Chromatogram or NA, of length number of spectra files

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

## default values without annotation
TIC(annotation)
# [1] NA NA NA
}
```

---

uROI,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
                              uROI accessor returns targetFeatTable with cpdID, cpdName added

---

Description

uROI accessor returns targetFeatTable with cpdID, cpdName added

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
uROI(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(data.frame) target feature table with compounds as row and uROI parameters as columns

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable     <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                c('cpdID', 'cpdName', 'rtMin', 'rt', 'rtMax', 'mzMin', 'mz',
                'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                        522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                        496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                    FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

## default values without annotation
uROI(annotation)
#   rtMin rt rtMax mzMin mz mzMax cpdID cpdName
# 1    NA NA    NA    NA NA    NA  ID-1   Cpd 1
# 2    NA NA    NA    NA NA    NA  ID-2   Cpd 2
}
```

---

uROIExist,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
uROIExist accessor

Description

uROIExist accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
uROIExist(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(bool) flag if uROI have been set

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                         522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                         496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

uROIExist(annotation)
# [1] FALSE
}
```

useFIR,peakPantheRAnnotation-method

useFIR accessor

Description

useFIR accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
useFIR(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(bool) flag if FIR are to be used

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                    FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

useFIR(annotation)
# [1] FALSE
}
```

useUROI,peakPantheRAnnotation-method
                    useUROI accessor

Description

useUROI accessor

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation'
useUROI(object)
```

Arguments

object   peakPantheRAnnotation

Value

(bool) flag if uROI are to be used

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace('faahKO')){
## Initialise a peakPantheRAnnotation object with 3 samples and 2 targeted
## compounds

# Paths to spectra files
library(faahKO)
spectraPaths <- c(system.file('cdf/KO/ko15.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko16.CDF', package = 'faahKO'),
                  system.file('cdf/KO/ko18.CDF', package = 'faahKO'))

# targetFeatTable
targetFeatTable <- data.frame(matrix(vector(), 2, 8, dimnames=list(c(),
                  c('cpdID','cpdName','rtMin','rt','rtMax','mzMin','mz',
                  'mzMax'))), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
targetFeatTable[1,] <- c('ID-1', 'Cpd 1', 3310., 3344.888, 3390., 522.194778,
                          522.2, 522.205222)
targetFeatTable[2,] <- c('ID-2', 'Cpd 2', 3280., 3385.577, 3440., 496.195038,
                          496.2, 496.204962)
targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)] <- vapply(targetFeatTable[,c(3:8)], as.numeric,
                                   FUN.VALUE=numeric(2))

annotation <- peakPantheRAnnotation(spectraPaths=spectraPaths,
                                    targetFeatTable=targetFeatTable)

useUROI(annotation)
# [1] FALSE
}
```

[,peakPantheRAnnotation,ANY,ANY,ANY-method
                    extract parts of peakPantheRAnnotation class

Description

extract parts of peakPantheRAnnotation class

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'peakPantheRAnnotation,ANY,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j, drop = "missing"]
```

Arguments

x	object from which to extract element(s) or in which to replace element(s).
i	(sample) indices specifying elements to extract or replace
j	(compound) indices specifying elements to extract or replace
drop	not applicable

Value

(peakPantheRAnnotation) object subset

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