Package 'MAGeCKFlute'

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Type Package

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Description CRISPR (clustered regularly interspaced short palindrome repeats) coupled with nuclease Cas9 (CRISPR/Cas9) screens represent a promising technology to systematically evaluate gene functions. Data analysis for CRISPR/Cas9 screens is a critical process that includes identifying screen hits and exploring biological functions for these hits in downstream analysis. We have previously developed two algorithms, MAGeCK and MAGeCK-VISPR, to analyze CRISPR/Cas9 screen data in various scenarios. These two algorithms allow users to perform quality control, read count generation and normalization, and calculate beta score to evaluate gene selection performance. In downstream analysis, the biological functional analysis is required for understanding biological functions of these identified genes with different screening purposes. Here, We developed MAGeCKFlute for supporting downstream analysis. MAGeCKFlute provides

several strategies to remove potential biases within sgRNA-level read counts and gene-level beta scores. The downstream analysis with the package includes identifying essential, non-essential, and target-associated genes, and performing biological functional category analysis, pathway enrichment analysis and protein complex enrichment analysis of these genes. The package also visualizes genes in multiple ways to benefit users exploring screening data. Collectively, MAGeCKFlute enables accurate identification of essential, non-essential, and targeted genes, as well as their related biological functions. This vignette explains the use of the package and demonstrates typical workflows.

License GPL (>=3)

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arrangePathview

Kegg pathway view and arrange grobs on page

Description

Kegg pathway view and arrange grobs on page.

Usage

```
arrangePathview(
  genelist,
  pathways = c(),
  top = 4,
  ncol = 2,
  title = NULL,
  sub = NULL,
  organism = "hsa",
  view_allpath = FALSE,
  output = ".",
  path.archive = ".",
  kegg.native = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
```

)

Arguments

genelist	a data frame with columns of ENTREZID, Control and Treatment. The columns of Control and Treatment represent gene score in Control and Treatment sample.
pathways	character vector, the KEGG pathway ID(s), usually 5 digit, may also include the 3 letter KEGG species code.
top	integer, specifying how many top enriched pathways to be visualized.
ncol	integer, specifying how many column of figures to be arranged in each page.
title	optional string, or grob.
sub	optional string, or grob.

organism	character, either the kegg code, scientific name or the common name of the tar- get species. This applies to both pathway and gene.data or cpd.data. When KEGG ortholog pathway is considered, species="ko". Default species="hsa", it is equivalent to use either "Homo sapiens" (scientific name) or "human" (com- mon name).
view_allpath	boolean, specifying whether view all pathways. Default view_allpath='FALSE', and only plot top enriched pathways.
output	Path to save plot to.
path.archive	character, the directory of KEGG pathway data file (.xml) and image file (.png). Users may supply their own data files in the same format and naming convention of KEGG's (species code + pathway id, e.g. hsa04110.xml, hsa04110.png etc) in this directory. Default kegg.dir="." (current working directory).
kegg.native	logical, whether to render pathway graph as native KEGG graph (.png) or using graphviz layout engine (.pdf). Default kegg.native=TRUE.
verbose	Boolean

Value

plot on the current device

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

See Also

KeggPathwayView

Examples

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
colnames(dd)[2:3] = c("Control", "Treatment")
arrangePathview(dd, "hsa00534", title=NULL, sub=NULL, organism="hsa")
```

BarView

Bar plot

Description

Bar plot

BarView

Usage

```
BarView(
    df,
    x = "x",
    y = "y",
    fill = "#FC6665",
    bar.width = 0.8,
    position = "dodge",
    dodge.width = 0.8,
    main = NA,
    xlab = NULL,
    ylab = NA,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

df	A data frame.
x	A character, specifying the x-axis.
У	A character, specifying the x-axis.
fill	A character, specifying the fill color.
bar.width	A numeric, specifying the width of bar.
position	"dodge" (default), "stack", "fill".
dodge.width	A numeric, set the width in position_dodge.
main	A charater, specifying the figure title.
xlab	A character, specifying the title of x-axis.
ylab	A character, specifying the title of y-axis.
	Other parameters in geom_bar

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

```
mdata = data.frame(group=letters[1:5], count=sample(1:100,5))
BarView(mdata, x = "group", y = "count")
```

BatchRemove

Description

Batch effect removal

Usage

```
BatchRemove(
  mat,
  batchMat,
  log2trans = FALSE,
  pca = TRUE,
  positive = FALSE,
  cluster = FALSE,
  outdir = NULL
)
```

Arguments

mat	A data frame, each row is a gene, and each column is a sample.
batchMat	A data frame, the first column should be 'Samples' (matched colnames of mat) and the second column is 'Batch'. The remaining columns could be Covariates.
log2trans	Boolean, specifying whether do logarithmic transformation before batch re- moval.
рса	Boolean, specifying whether return pca plot.
positive	Boolean, specifying whether all values should be positive.
cluster	Boolean, specifying whether perform hierarchical clustering.
outdir	Output directory for hierarchical cluster tree.

Value

A list contrains two objects, including data and p.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

See Also

ComBat

```
edata = matrix(c(rnorm(2000, 5), rnorm(2000, 8)), 1000)
colnames(edata) = paste0("s", 1:4)
batchMat = data.frame(sample = colnames(edata), batch = rep(1:2, each = 2))
edata1 = BatchRemove(edata, batchMat)
print(edata1$p)
```

ConsistencyView Visualize the estimate cell cycle compared to control.

Description

Estimate cell cycle time in different samples by linear fitting of beta scores.

Usage

```
ConsistencyView(
   beta,
   ctrlname,
   treatname,
   main = NULL,
   filename = NULL,
   width = 5,
   height = 4,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

beta	Data frame, which has columns of ctrlname and other samples.
ctrlname	A character, specifying the names of control samples.
treatname	A character, specifying the name of treatment samples.
main	As in 'plot'.
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL", which means no output.
width	As in ggsave.
height	As in ggsave.
	Other available parameters in ggsave.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
ConsistencyView(dd, ctrlname = "dmso", treatname = "plx")
```

CutoffCalling

Description

Compute cutoff from a normal-distributed vector.

Usage

CutoffCalling(d, scale = 1)

Arguments

d	A numeric vector.
scale	Boolean or numeric, specifying how many standard deviation will be used as cutoff.

Value

A numeric value.

Examples

CutoffCalling(rnorm(10000))

DensityDiffView Density plot

Description

Plot the density of beta score deviations.

```
DensityDiffView(
   beta,
   ctrlname = "Control",
   treatname = "Treatment",
   main = NULL,
   filename = NULL,
   width = 5,
   height = 4,
   ...
)
```

DensityView

Arguments

beta	Data frame, including ctrlname and treatname as columns.
ctrlname	A character, specifying the name of control sample.
treatname	A character, specifying the name of treatment sample.
main	As in 'plot'.
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL", which means no output.
width	As in ggsave.
height	As in ggsave.
	Other parameters in ggsave.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
  "testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
# Density plot of beta score deviation between control and treatment
DensityDiffView(dd, ctrlname = "dmso", treatname = "plx")
```

DensityView

Density plot for gene beta scores in Control and Treatment

Description

Plot the density of gene beta scores in two samples.

```
DensityView(
   beta,
   samples = NULL,
   main = NULL,
   xlab = "Beta Score",
   filename = NULL,
   width = 5,
   height = 4,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

beta	Data frame, including samples as columns.
samples	Character, specifying sample names in beta.
main	As in 'plot'.
xlab	As in 'plot'.
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL", which means don't save the figure on disk.
width	As in ggsave.
height	As in ggsave.
	Other available parameters in ggsave.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

See Also

ViolinView

Examples

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
DensityView(dd, samples=c("dmso", "plx"))
#or
DensityView(dd[, c("dmso", "plx")])
```

enrich.GSE Gene set enrichment analysis

Description

A universal gene set enrichment analysis tools

```
enrich.GSE(
  geneList,
  keytype = "Symbol",
  type = "GOBP",
  organism = "hsa",
  pvalueCutoff = 0.25,
  limit = c(2, 200),
  gmtpath = NULL,
```

```
nPerm = 2000,
by = "fgsea",
verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

keytype"Entrez" or "Symbol".typeMolecular signatures for testing, available datasets include Pathway (KEGG, REACTOME, C2_CP), GO (GOBP, GOCC, GOMF), MSIGDB (C1, C2 (C2_CP) (C2_CP_PID, C2_CP_BIOCARTA), C2_CGP), C3 (C3_MIR, C3_TFT), C4, C6, C7, HALLMARK) and Complex (CORUM). Any combination of them are also accessible (e.g. 'GOBP+GOMF+KEGG+REACTOME').organism'hsa' or 'mmu'.pvalueCutoffPvalue cutoff.limitA two-length vector, specifying the minimal and maximal size of gene sets for enrichent analysis.gmtpathThe path to customized gmt file.nPermThe number of permutations.byOne of 'fgsea' or 'DOSE'	geneList	A order ranked numeric vector with geneid as names.
REACTOME, C2_CP), GO (GOBP, GOCC, GOMF), MSIGDB (C1, C2 (C2_CP (C2_CP_PID, C2_CP_BIOCARTA), C2_CGP), C3 (C3_MIR, C3_TFT), C4, C6, C7, HALLMARK) and Complex (CORUM). Any combination of them are also accessible (e.g. 'GOBP+GOMF+KEGG+REACTOME').organism'hsa' or 'mmu'.pvalueCutoffPvalue cutoff.limitA two-length vector, specifying the minimal and maximal size of gene sets for enrichent analysis.gmtpathThe path to customized gmt file.nPermThe number of permutations.byOne of 'fgsea' or 'DOSE'	keytype	"Entrez" or "Symbol".
pvalueCutoffPvalue cutoff.limitA two-length vector, specifying the minimal and maximal size of gene sets for enrichent analysis.gmtpathThe path to customized gmt file.nPermThe number of permutations.byOne of 'fgsea' or 'DOSE'	type	REACTOME, C2_CP), GO (GOBP, GOCC, GOMF), MSIGDB (C1, C2 (C2_CP (C2_CP_PID, C2_CP_BIOCARTA), C2_CGP), C3 (C3_MIR, C3_TFT), C4, C6, C7, HALLMARK) and Complex (CORUM). Any combination of them are
limitA two-length vector, specifying the minimal and maximal size of gene sets for enrichent analysis.gmtpathThe path to customized gmt file.nPermThe number of permutations.byOne of 'fgsea' or 'DOSE'	organism	'hsa' or 'mmu'.
enrichent analysis.gmtpathThe path to customized gmt file.nPermThe number of permutations.byOne of 'fgsea' or 'DOSE'	pvalueCutoff	Pvalue cutoff.
nPerm The number of permutations. by One of 'fgsea' or 'DOSE'	limit	
by One of 'fgsea' or 'DOSE'	gmtpath	The path to customized gmt file.
	nPerm	The number of permutations.
	by	One of 'fgsea' or 'DOSE'
verbose Boolean	verbose	Boolean
verbese Boolean	by	One of 'fgsea' or 'DOSE'

Value

A enrichResult instance.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

See Also

enrich.HGT enrich.ORT EnrichAnalyzer enrichResult-class

```
data(geneList, package = "DOSE")
## Not run:
    enrichRes = enrich.GSE(geneList, keytype = "entrez")
    head(slot(enrichRes, "result"))
## End(Not run)
```

enrich.HGT

Description

Do enrichment analysis using Hypergeometric test

Usage

```
enrich.HGT(
  geneList,
  keytype = "Symbol",
  type = "GOBP",
  organism = "hsa",
  pvalueCutoff = 0.25,
  limit = c(2, 200),
  universe = NULL,
  gmtpath = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

geneList	A numeric vector with gene as names.
keytype	"Entrez" or "Symbol".
type	Molecular signatures for testing, available datasets include Pathway (KEGG, REACTOME, C2_CP), GO (GOBP, GOCC, GOMF), MSIGDB (C1, C2 (C2_CP (C2_CP_PID, C2_CP_BIOCARTA), C2_CGP), C3 (C3_MIR, C3_TFT), C4, C6, C7, HALLMARK) and Complex (CORUM). Any combination of them are also accessible (e.g. 'GOBP+GOMF+KEGG+REACTOME').
organism	'hsa' or 'mmu'.
pvalueCutoff	Pvalue cutoff.
limit	A two-length vector, specifying the minimal and maximal size of gene sets for enrichent analysis.
universe	A character vector, specifying the backgound genelist, default is whole genome.
gmtpath	The path to customized gmt file.
verbose	Boolean

Value

A enrichResult instance.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

enrich.ORT

See Also

```
enrich.GSE
enrich.ORT
EnrichAnalyzer
enrichResult-class
```

Examples

```
data(geneList, package = "DOSE")
genes <- geneList[1:300]
enrichRes <- enrich.HGT(genes, type = "KEGG", keytype = "entrez")
head(slot(enrichRes, "result"))</pre>
```

enrich.ORT

```
Do enrichment analysis using over-representation test
```

Description

Do enrichment analysis using over-representation test

Usage

```
enrich.ORT(
  geneList,
  keytype = "Symbol",
  type = "GOBP",
  organism = "hsa",
  pvalueCutoff = 0.25,
  limit = c(2, 200),
  universe = NULL,
  gmtpath = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

geneList	A numeric vector with gene as names.	
keytype	"Entrez" or "Symbol".	
type	Molecular signatures for testing, available datasets include Pathway (KEGG, REACTOME, C2_CP), GO (GOBP, GOCC, GOMF), MSIGDB (C1, C2 (C2_CP (C2_CP_PID, C2_CP_BIOCARTA), C2_CGP), C3 (C3_MIR, C3_TFT), C4, C6, C7, HALLMARK) and Complex (CORUM). Any combination of them are also accessible (e.g. 'GOBP+GOMF+KEGG+REACTOME').	
organism	'hsa' or 'mmu'.	
pvalueCutoff	Pvalue cutoff.	
limit	A two-length vector, specifying the minimal and maximal size of gene sets for enrichent analysis.	
universe	A character vector, specifying the backgound genelist, default is whole genome.	
gmtpath	The path to customized gmt file.	
verbose	Boolean	

Value

A enrichedResult instance.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

See Also

enrich.HGT enrich.GSE EnrichAnalyzer enrichResult-class

Examples

```
data(geneList, package = "DOSE")
genes <- geneList[1:100]
enrichedRes <- enrich.ORT(genes, keytype = "entrez")
head(slot(enrichedRes, "result"))</pre>
```

EnrichAB

Enrichment analysis for Positive and Negative selection genes

Description

Do enrichment analysis for selected genes, in which positive selection and negative selection are termed as GroupA and GroupB

Usage

```
EnrichAB(
   data,
   pvalue = 0.25,
   enrich_method = "ORT",
   organism = "hsa",
   limit = c(1, 120),
   filename = NULL,
   out.dir = ".",
   width = 6.5,
   height = 4,
   verbose = TRUE,
   ...
)
```

EnrichAnalyzer

Arguments

data	A data frame.	
pvalue	Pvalue cutoff.	
enrich_method	One of "ORT"(Over-Representing Test) and "HGT"(HyperGemetric test).	
organism	"hsa" or "mmu".	
limit	A two-length vector (default: $c(1, 120)$), specifying the min and max size of pathways for enrichent analysis.	
filename	Suffix of output file name.	
out.dir	Path to save plot to (combined with filename).	
width	As in ggsave.	
height	As in ggsave.	
verbose	Boolean	
	Other available parameters in ggsave.	

Value

A list containing enrichment results for each group genes. This list contains eight items, which contain subitems of gridPlot and enrichRes.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

EnrichAnalyzer Enrichment analysis

Description

Enrichment analysis

```
EnrichAnalyzer(
  geneList,
  keytype = "Symbol",
  type = "Pathway+GOBP",
  method = "HGT",
  organism = "hsa",
  pvalueCutoff = 0.25,
  limit = c(2, 200),
  universe = NULL,
  filter = FALSE,
  gmtpath = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

geneList	A numeric vector with gene as names.	
keytype	"Entrez" or "Symbol".	
type	Molecular signatures for testing, available datasets include Pathway (KEGG, REACTOME, C2_CP), GO (GOBP, GOCC, GOMF), MSIGDB (C1, C2 (C2_CP) (C2_CP_PID, C2_CP_BIOCARTA), C2_CGP), C3 (C3_MIR, C3_TFT), C4, C6, C7, HALLMARK) and Complex (CORUM). Any combination of them are also accessible (e.g. 'GOBP+GOMF+KEGG+REACTOME').	
method	One of "ORT"(Over-Representing Test), "GSEA"(Gene Set Enrichment Analysis), and "HGT"(HyperGemetric test).	
organism	'hsa' or 'mmu'.	
pvalueCutoff	Pvalue cutoff.	
limit	A two-length vector (default: $c(2, 200)$), specifying the minimal and maximal size of gene sets for enrichent analysis.	
universe	A character vector, specifying the backgound genelist, default is whole genome.	
filter	Boolean, specifying whether filter out redundancies from the enrichment results.	
gmtpath	The path to customized gmt file.	
verbose	Boolean	

Value

enrichRes is an enrichResult instance.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

See Also

enrich.GSE
enrich.ORT
enrich.HGT
enrichResult-class

```
data(geneList, package = "DOSE")
## Not run:
    keggA = EnrichAnalyzer(geneList[1:500], keytype = "entrez")
    head(keggA@result)
## End(Not run)
```

EnrichedFilter Simplify the enrichment results based on Jaccard index

Description

Simplify the enrichment results based on Jaccard index

Usage

```
EnrichedFilter(enrichment = enrichment, cutoff = 0.8)
```

Arguments

enrichment	A data frame of enrichment result.
cutoff	A numeric, specifying the cutoff of Jaccard index between two pathways.

Value

A data frame.

Author(s)

Yihan Xiao

Examples

```
data(geneList, package = "DOSE")
## Not run:
    enrichRes <- enrich.HGT(geneList, keytype = "entrez")
    EnrichedFilter(enrichRes)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

. ,

EnrichedGeneView Visualize enriched pathways and genes in those pathways

Description

Visualize enriched pathways and genes in those pathways

```
EnrichedGeneView(
  enrichment,
  geneList,
  rank_by = "p.adjust",
  top = 5,
  bottom = 0,
  keytype = "Symbol",
  gene_cutoff = c(-log2(1.5), log2(1.5)),
```

```
custom_gene = NULL,
charLength = 40,
filename = NULL,
width = 7,
height = 5,
...
```

Arguments

enrichment	A data frame of enrichment result or an enrichResult object.	
geneList	A numeric geneList used in enrichment anlaysis.	
rank_by	"p.adjust" or "NES", specifying the indices for ranking pathways.	
top	An integer, specifying the number of positively enriched terms to show.	
bottom	An integer, specifying the number of negatively enriched terms to show.	
keytype	"Entrez" or "Symbol".	
gene_cutoff	A two-length numeric vector, specifying cutoff for genes to show.	
custom_gene	A character vector (gene names), customizing genes to show.	
charLength	Integer, specifying max length of enriched term name to show as coordinate lab.	
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL", which means no output.	
width	As in ggsave.	
height	As in ggsave.	
	Other available parameters in ggsave.	

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
data(geneList, package = "DOSE")
## Not run:
    enrichRes <- enrich.GSE(geneList, keytype = "Entrez")
    EnrichedGeneView(enrichment=slot(enrichRes, "result"), geneList, keytype = "Entrez")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

EnrichedView

View enriched terms

Description

Grid plot for enriched terms

Usage

```
EnrichedView(
   enrichment,
   rank_by = "pvalue",
   mode = 1,
   subset = NULL,
   top = 0,
   bottom = 0,
   x = "LogFDR",
   charLength = 40,
   filename = NULL,
   width = 7,
   height = 4,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

enrichment	A data frame of enrichment result, with columns of ID, Description, p.adjust and NES.
rank_by	"pvalue" or "NES", specifying the indices for ranking pathways.
mode	1 or 2.
subset	A vector of pathway ids.
top	An integer, specifying the number of positively enriched terms to show.
bottom	An integer, specifying the number of negatively enriched terms to show.
х	Character, "NES", "LogP", or "LogFDR", indicating the variable on the x-axis.
charLength	Integer, specifying max length of enriched term name to show as coordinate lab.
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL".
width	As in ggsave.
height	As in ggsave.
	Other available parameters in ggsave.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

See Also

EnrichedView

Examples

```
data(geneList, package = "DOSE")
## Not run:
    enrichRes = enrich.GSE(geneList, organism="hsa")
    EnrichedView(slot(enrichRes, "result"))
## End(Not run)
```

EnrichSquare Enrichment analysis for selected treatment related genes

Description

Do enrichment analysis for selected treatment related genes in 9-squares

Usage

```
EnrichSquare(
  beta,
  id = "Gene",
  keytype = "Symbol",
  x = "Control",
  y = "Treatment",
  pvalue = 0.05,
  enrich_method = "ORT",
  organism = "hsa",
  limit = c(1, 120),
  filename = NULL,
  out.dir = ".",
  width = 6.5,
  height = 4,
  verbose = TRUE,
   . . .
)
```

Arguments

beta	Data frame, with columns of "Gene", "group", and "Diff".	
id	A character, indicating the gene column in the data.	
keytype	A character, "Symbol" or "Entrez".	
х	A character, indicating the x-axis in the 9-square scatter plot.	
У	A character, indicating the y-axis in the 9-square scatter plot.	
pvalue	Pvalue cutoff.	
enrich_method	One of "ORT"(Over-Representing Test) and "HGT"(HyperGemetric test).	
organism	"hsa" or "mmu".	

FluteMLE

limit	A two-length vector (default: $c(1, 120)$), specifying the min and max size of pathways for enrichent analysis.
filename	Suffix of output file name. NULL(default) means no output.
out.dir	Path to save plot to (combined with filename).
width	As in ggsave.
height	As in ggsave.
verbose	Boolean.
	Other available parameters in ggsave.

Value

A list containing enrichment results for each group genes. Each item in the returned list has two sub items:

gridPlot	an object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.
enrichRes	a enrichResult instance.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

FluteMLE

Downstream analysis based on MAGeCK-MLE result

Description

Integrative analysis pipeline using the gene summary table in MAGeCK MLE results

```
FluteMLE(
  gene_summary,
  treatname,
  ctrlname = "Depmap",
  keytype = "Symbol",
  organism = "hsa",
  incorporateDepmap = FALSE,
  cell_lines = NA,
  lineages = "All",
  norm_method = "cell_cycle",
  posControl = NULL,
  omitEssential = FALSE,
  top = 10,
  toplabels = NA,
  scale_cutoff = 2,
  limit = c(0, 200),
  pvalueCutoff = 0.25,
  enrich_method = "ORT",
  proj = NA,
  width = 10,
```

```
height = 7,
outdir = ".",
view_allpath = FALSE,
verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gene_summary	A data frame or a file path to gene summary file generated by MAGeCK-MLE.
treatname	A character vector, specifying the names of treatment samples.
ctrlname	A character vector, specifying the names of control samples. If there is no con- trols in your CRISPR screen, you can specify "Depmap" as ctrlname and set 'incorporateDepmap=TRUE'.
keytype	"Entrez" or "Symbol".
organism	"hsa" or "mmu".
incorporateDep	map
	Boolean, indicating whether incorporate Depmap data into analysis.
cell_lines	A character vector, specifying the cell lines in Depmap to be considered.
lineages	A character vector, specifying the lineages in Depmap to be considered.
norm_method	One of "none", "cell_cycle" (default) or "loess".
posControl	A character vector, specifying a list of positive control gene symbols.
omitEssential	Boolean, indicating whether omit common essential genes from the downstream analysis.
top	An integer, specifying number of top selected genes to be labeled in rank figure.
toplabels	A character vector, specifying interested genes to be labeled in rank figure.
<pre>scale_cutoff</pre>	Boolean or numeric, specifying how many standard deviation will be used as cutoff.
limit	A two-length vector, specifying the minimal and maximal size of gene sets for enrichent analysis.
pvalueCutoff	A numeric, specifying pvalue cutoff of enrichment analysis, default 1.
enrich_method	One of "ORT"(Over-Representing Test) and "HGT"(HyperGemetric test).
proj	A character, indicating the prefix of output file name, which can't contain special characters.
width	The width of summary pdf in inches.
height	The height of summary pdf in inches.
outdir	Output directory on disk.
view_allpath	Boolean, whether output all pathway view figures (time-consuming).
verbose	Boolean

Details

MAGeCK-MLE can be used to analyze screen data from multi-conditioned experiments. MAGeCK-MLE also normalizes the data across multiple samples, making them comparable to each other. The most important ouput of MAGeCK MLE is 'gene_summary' file, which includes the beta scores of multiple conditions and the associated statistics. The 'beta score' for each gene describes how the gene is selected: a positive beta score indicates a positive selection, and a negative beta score indicates a negative selection.

FluteRRA

The downstream analysis includes identifying essential, non-essential, and target-associated genes, and performing biological functional category analysis and pathway enrichment analysis of these genes. The function also visualizes genes in the context of pathways to benefit users exploring screening data.

Value

All of the pipeline results is output into the out.dir/MAGeCKFlute_proj, which includes a pdf file and many folders. The pdf file 'FluteMLE_proj_norm_method.pdf' is the summary of pipeline results. For each section in this pipeline, figures and useful data are outputed to corresponding subfolders.

- QC: Quality control
- Selection: Positive selection and negative selection.
- Enrichment: Enrichment analysis for positive and negative selection genes.
- PathwayView: Pathway view for top enriched pathways.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

See Also

FluteRRA

Examples

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
## Not run:
    # functional analysis for MAGeCK MLE results
    FluteMLE(file3, treatname = "plx", ctrlname = "dmso", proj = "PLX")
```

End(Not run)

FluteRRA

Downstream analysis based on MAGeCK-RRA result

Description

Integrative analysis pipeline using the gene summary table in MAGeCK RRA results

```
FluteRRA(
  gene_summary,
  sgrna_summary = NULL,
  keytype = "Symbol",
  organism = "hsa",
  incorporateDepmap = TRUE,
  cell_lines = NA,
```

```
lineages = "All",
omitEssential = FALSE,
top = 5,
toplabels = NULL,
scale_cutoff = 2,
limit = c(2, 200),
pvalueCutoff = 0.25,
proj = NA,
width = 12,
height = 6,
outdir = ".",
verbose = TRUE
```

Arguments

gene_summary	A file path or a data frame of gene summary data.	
sgrna_summary	A file path or a data frame of sgRNA summary data.	
keytype	"Entrez" or "Symbol".	
organism	"hsa" or "mmu".	
incorporateDep	nap	
	Boolean, indicating whether incorporate Depmap data into analysis.	
cell_lines	A character vector, specifying the cell lines in Depmap to be considered.	
lineages	A character vector, specifying the lineages in Depmap to be considered.	
omitEssential	Boolean, indicating whether omit common essential genes from the downstream analysis.	
top	An integer, specifying number of top selected genes to be labeled in rank figure.	
toplabels	A character vector, specifying interested genes to be labeled in rank figure.	
<pre>scale_cutoff</pre>	Boolean or numeric, specifying how many standard deviation will be used as cutoff.	
limit	A two-length vector, specifying the minimal and maximal size of gene sets for enrichent analysis.	
pvalueCutoff	A numeric, specifying pvalue cutoff of enrichment analysis, default 1.	
proj	A character, indicating the prefix of output file name.	
width	The width of summary pdf in inches.	
height	The height of summary pdf in inches.	
outdir	Output directory on disk.	
verbose	Boolean	

Details

MAGeCK RRA allows for the comparison between two experimental conditions. It can identify genes and sgRNAs are significantly selected between the two conditions. The most important output of MAGeCK RRA is the file 'gene_summary.txt'. MAGeCK RRA will output both the negative score and positive score for each gene. A smaller score indicates higher gene importance. MAGeCK RRA will also output the statistical value for the scores of each gene. Genes that are significantly positively and negatively selected can be identified based on the p-value or FDR.

The downstream analysis of this function includes identifying positive and negative selection genes, and performing biological functional category analysis and pathway enrichment analysis of these genes.

getCols

Value

All of the pipeline results is output into the out.dir/proj_Results, which includes a pdf file and a folder named 'RRA'.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

See Also

FluteMLE

Examples

End(Not run)

getCols

Map values to colors

Description

Map values to colors

Usage

getCols(x, palette = 1)

Arguments

Х	A numeric vector.
palette	diverge, rainbow, sequential

Value

A vector of colors corresponding to input vector.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

getCols(1:4)

getGeneAnn

Description

Retrieve gene annotations from the NCBI, HNSC, and Uniprot databases.

Usage

getGeneAnn(org = "hsa", update = FALSE)

Arguments

org	Character, hsa (default), bta, cfa, mmu, ptr, rno, ssc are optional.
update	Boolean, indicating whether download current annotation.

Value

A data frame.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
## Not run:
    ann = getGeneAnn("hsa")
    head(ann)
```

End(Not run)

get0rg

Get the kegg code of specific mammalia organism.

Description

Get the kegg code of specific mammalia organism.

Usage

```
getOrg(organism)
```

Arguments

organism

Character, KEGG species code, or the common species name. For all potential values check: data(bods); bods. Default org="hsa", and can also be "human" (case insensitive).

getOrtAnn

Value

A list containing three elements:

org species

pkgannotation package name

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
ann = getOrg("human")
print(ann$pkg)
```

getOrtAnn

Retreive reference orthologs annotation.

Description

Retreive reference orthologs annotation.

Usage

```
getOrtAnn(fromOrg = "mmu", toOrg = "hsa", update = FALSE)
```

Arguments

fromOrg	Character, hsa (default), bta, cfa, mmu, ptr, rno, ssc are optional.
to0rg	Character, hsa (default), bta, cfa, mmu, ptr, rno, ssc are optional.
update	Boolean, indicating whether download recent annotation from NCBI.

Value

A data frame.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

```
## Not run:
   ann = getOrtAnn("mmu", "hsa")
   head(ann)
```

gsGetter

Description

Extract pathway annotation from GMT file.

Usage

```
gsGetter(
  gmtpath = NULL,
  type = "All",
  limit = c(0, Inf),
  organism = "hsa",
  update = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

gmtpath	The path to customized gmt file.
type	 Molecular signatures for testing, available datasets include Pathway (KEGG, REACTOME, C2_CP:PID, C2_CP:BIOCARTA), GO (GOBP, GOCC, GOMF), MSIGDB (C1, C2 (C2_CP (C2_CP:PID, C2_CP:BIOCARTA), C2_CGP), C3 (C3_MIR, C3_TFT), C4 (C4_CGN, C4_CM), C5 (C5_BP, C5_CC, C5_MF), C6, C7, H) and Complex (CORUM). Any combination of them are also accessible (e.g. 'GOBP+GOMF+KEGG+REACTOME').
limit	A two-length vector, specifying the minimal and maximal size of gene sets to load.
organism	'hsa' or 'mmu'.
update	Boolean, indicating whether update the gene sets from source database.

Value

A three-column data frame.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

```
gene2path = gsGetter(type = "REACTOME+CORUM")
head(gene2path)
```

hclustView

Description

Cluster and view cluster tree

Usage

```
hclustView(
   d,
   method = "average",
   label_cols = NULL,
   bar_cols = NULL,
   main = NA,
   xlab = NA,
   horiz = TRUE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

d	A dissimilarity structure as produced by dist.
method	The agglomeration method to be used. This should be (an unambiguous abbreviation of) one of "ward.D", "ward.D2", "single", "complete", "average" (= UPGMA), "mcquitty" (= WPGMA), "median" (= WPGMC) or "centroid" (= UPGMC).
label_cols	A vector to be used as label's colors for the dendrogram.
bar_cols	Either a vector or a matrix, which will be plotted as a colored bar.
main	As in 'plot'.
xlab	As in 'plot'.
horiz	Logical indicating if the dendrogram should be drawn horizontally or not.
	Arguments to be passed to methods, such as graphical parameters (see par).

Value

Plot figure on open device.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

```
label_cols = rownames(USArrests)
hclustView(dist(USArrests), label_cols=label_cols, bar_cols=label_cols)
```

HeatmapView

Description

Draw heatmap

Usage

```
HeatmapView(
  mat,
  limit = c(-2, 2),
  colPal = rev(colorRampPalette(c("#c12603", "white", "#0073B6"), space = "Lab")(199)),
  filename = NA,
  width = NA,
  height = NA,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

mat	Matrix like object, each row is gene and each column is sample.
limit	Max value in heatmap
colPal	colorRampPalette.
filename	File path where to save the picture.
width	Manual option for determining the output file width in inches.
height	Manual option for determining the output file height in inches.
	Other parameters in pheatmap.

Value

Invisibly a pheatmap object that is a list with components.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
gg = cor(dd[,2:ncol(dd)])
HeatmapView(gg, display_numbers = TRUE)
```

IdentBarView Identical bar plot

Description

Identical bar plot

Usage

```
IdentBarView(
   gg,
   x = "x",
   y = "y",
   fill = c("#CF3C2B", "#394E80"),
   main = NULL,
   xlab = NULL,
   ylab = NULL,
   filename = NULL,
   width = 5,
   height = 4,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

gg	A data frame.
x	A character, indicating column (in countSummary) of x-axis.
У	A character, indicating column (in countSummary) of y-axis.
fill	A character, indicating fill color of all bars.
main	A charater, specifying the figure title.
xlab	A character, specifying the title of x-axis.
ylab,	A character, specifying the title of y-axis.
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL", which means don't save the figure on disk.
width	As in ggsave.
height	As in ggsave.
	Other available parameters in ggsave.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
file4 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/countsummary.txt")
countsummary = read.delim(file4, check.names = FALSE)
IdentBarView(countsummary, x="Label", y="Reads")
```

IncorporateDepmap Incorporate Depmap screen into analysis

Description

Incorporate Depmap screen into analysis

Usage

```
IncorporateDepmap(
    dd,
    symbol = "id",
    cell_lines = NA,
    lineages = "All",
    na.rm = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

dd	A data frame.
symbol	A character, specifying the column name of gene symbols in the data frame.
cell_lines	A character vector, specifying the cell lines in Depmap to be considered.
lineages	A character vector, specifying the lineages in Depmap to be considered.
na.rm	Boolean, indicating whether removing NAs from the results.

Value

A data frame with Depmap column attached.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
file1 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/rra.gene_summary.txt")
gdata = ReadRRA(file1)
head(gdata)
## Not run:
   gdata = IncorporateDepmap(gdata)
   head(gdata)
## End(Not run)
```

KeggPathwayView Kegg pathway view

Description

Plot kegg pathway and color specific genes.

Usage

```
KeggPathwayView(
  gene.data = NULL,
  cpd.data = NULL,
  pathway.id,
  species = "hsa",
  kegg.dir = ".",
  cpd.idtype = "kegg",
  gene.idtype = "ENTREZ",
  gene.annotpkg = NULL,
  min.nnodes = 3,
  kegg.native = TRUE,
  map.null = TRUE,
  expand.node = FALSE,
  split.group = FALSE,
  map.symbol = TRUE,
  map.cpdname = TRUE,
  node.sum = "sum",
  discrete = list(gene = FALSE, cpd = FALSE),
  limit = list(gene = 1, cpd = 1),
  bins = list(gene = 10, cpd = 10),
  both.dirs = list(gene = TRUE, cpd = TRUE),
  trans.fun = list(gene = NULL, cpd = NULL),
  low = list(gene = "deepskyblue1", cpd = "blue"),
  mid = list(gene = "gray", cpd = "gray"),
high = list(gene = "red", cpd = "yellow"),
  na.col = "transparent",
  verbose = TRUE,
  . . .
```

)

Arguments

gene.data	Either vector (single sample) or a matrix-like data (multiple sample). Vector
	should be numeric with gene IDs as names or it may also be character of gene
	IDs. Character vector is treated as discrete or count data. Matrix-like data struc-
	ture has genes as rows and samples as columns. Row names should be gene IDs.
	Here gene ID is a generic concepts, including multiple types of gene, transcript
	and protein uniquely mappable to KEGG gene IDs. KEGG ortholog IDs are also
	treated as gene IDs as to handle metagenomic data. Check details for mappable
	ID types. Default gene.data=NULL.
cpd.data	The same as gene.data, excpet named with IDs mappable to KEGG compound IDs. Over 20 types of IDs included in CHEMBL database can be used here.

	Check details for mappable ID types. Default cpd.data=NULL. Note that gene.data and cpd.data can't be NULL simultaneously.
pathway.id	Character vector, the KEGG pathway ID(s), usually 5 digit, may also include the 3 letter KEGG species code.
species	Character, either the kegg code, scientific name or the common name of the target species. This applies to both pathway and gene.data or cpd.data. When KEGG ortholog pathway is considered, species="ko". Default species="hsa", it is equivalent to use either "Homo sapiens" (scientific name) or "human" (common name).
kegg.dir	Character, the directory of KEGG pathway data file (.xml) and image file (.png). Users may supply their own data files in the same format and naming convention of KEGG's (species code + pathway id, e.g. hsa04110.xml, hsa04110.png etc) in this directory. Default kegg.dir="." (current working directory).
cpd.idtype	Character, ID type used for the cpd.data. Default cpd.idtype="kegg" (include compound, glycan and drug accessions).
gene.idtype	Character, ID type used for the gene.data, case insensitive. Default gene.idtype="entrez", i.e. Entrez Gene, which are the primary KEGG gene ID for many common model organisms. For other species, gene.idtype should be set to "KEGG" as KEGG use other types of gene IDs. For the common model organisms, you may also specify other types of valid IDs. To check the ID list, do: data(gene.idtype.list); gene.idtype.list.
gene.annotpkg	Character, the name of the annotation package to use for mapping between other gene ID types including symbols and Entrez gene ID. Default gene.annotpkg=NULL.
min.nnodes	Integer, minimal number of nodes of type "gene", "enzyme", "compound" or "ortholog" for a pathway to be considered. Default min.nnodes=3.
kegg.native	Logical, whether to render pathway graph as native KEGG graph (.png) or using graphviz layout engine (.pdf). Default kegg.native=TRUE.
map.null	Logical, whether to map the NULL gene.data or cpd.data to pathway. When NULL data are mapped, the gene or compound nodes in the pathway will be rendered as actually mapped nodes, except with NA-valued color. When NULL data are not mapped, the nodes are rendered as unmapped nodes. This argument mainly affects native KEGG graph view, i.e. when kegg.native=TRUE. Default map.null=TRUE.
expand.node	Logical, whether the multiple-gene nodes are expanded into single-gene nodes. Each expanded single-gene nodes inherits all edges from the original multiple- gene node. This option only affects graphviz graph view, i.e. when kegg.native=FALSE. This option is not effective for most metabolic pathways where it conflits with converting reactions to edges. Default expand.node=FLASE.
split.group	Logical, whether split node groups are split to individual nodes. Each split member nodes inherits all edges from the node group. This option only affects graphviz graph view, i.e. when kegg.native=FALSE. This option also effects most metabolic pathways even without group nodes defined orginally. For these pathways, genes involved in the same reaction are grouped automatically when converting reactions to edges unless split.group=TRUE. d split.group=FLASE.
map.symbol	Logical, whether map gene IDs to symbols for gene node labels or use the graphic name from the KGML file. This option is only effective for kegg.native=FALSE or same.layer=FALSE when kegg.native=TRUE. For same.layer=TRUE when kegg.native=TRUE, the native KEGG labels will be kept. Default map.symbol=TRUE.

map.cpdname	Logical, whether map compound IDs to formal names for compound node labels or use the graphic name from the KGML file (KEGG compound accessions). This option is only effective for kegg.native=FALSE. When kegg.native=TRUE, the native KEGG labels will be kept. Default map.cpdname=TRUE.
node.sum	Character, the method name to calculate node summary given that multiple genes or compounds are mapped to it. Poential options include "sum", "mean", "median", "max", "max.abs" and "random". Default node.sum="sum".
discrete	A list of two logical elements with "gene" and "cpd" as the names. This argument tells whether gene.data or cpd.data should be treated as discrete. Default dsicrete=list(gene=FALSE, cpd=FALSE), i.e. both data should be treated as continuous.
limit	A list of two numeric elements with "gene" and "cpd" as the names. This ar- gument specifies the limit values for gene.data and cpd.data when converting them to pseudo colors. Each element of the list could be of length 1 or 2. Length 1 suggests discrete data or 1 directional (positive-valued) data, or the absolute limit for 2 directional data. Length 2 suggests 2 directional data. De- fault limit=list(gene=1, cpd=1).
bins	A list of two integer elements with "gene" and "cpd" as the names. This ar- gument specifies the number of levels or bins for gene.data and cpd.data when converting them to pseudo colors. Default limit=list(gene=10, cpd=10).
both.dirs	A list of two logical elements with "gene" and "cpd" as the names. This argument specifies whether gene.data and cpd.data are 1 directional or 2 directional data when converting them to pseudo colors. Default limit=list(gene=TRUE, cpd=TRUE).
trans.fun	A list of two function (not character) elements with "gene" and "cpd" as the names. This argument specifies whether and how gene.data and cpd.data are transformed. Examples are log, abs or users' own functions. Default limit=list(gene=NULL cpd=NULL).
low	A list of two colors with "gene" and "cpd" as the names.
mid	A list of two colors with "gene" and "cpd" as the names.
high	A list of two colors with "gene" and "cpd" as the names.
na.col	Color used for NA's or missing values in gene.data and cpd.data. d na.col="transparent".
verbose	Boolean
	Extra arguments passed to keggview.native or keggview.graph function.

Details

The function KeggPathwayView is a revised version of pathview function in pathview package. KeggPathwayView maps and renders user data on relevant pathway graphs. KeggPathwayView is a stand alone program for pathway based data integration and visualization. It also seamlessly integrates with pathway and functional analysis tools for large-scale and fully automated analysis. KeggPathwayView provides strong support for data Integration. It works with: 1) essentially all types of biological data mappable to pathways, 2) over 10 types of gene or protein IDs, and 20 types of compound or metabolite IDs, 3) pathways for over 2000 species as well as KEGG orthology, 4) varoius data attributes and formats, i.e. continuous/discrete data, matrices/vectors, single/multiple samples etc. To see mappable external gene/protein IDs do: data(gene.idtype.list), to see mappable external compound related IDs do: data(rn.list); names(rn.list). KeggPathwayView generates both native KEGG view and Graphviz views for pathways. Currently only KEGG pathways are implemented. Hopefully, pathways from Reactome, NCI and other databases will be supported in the future.

The argument low, mid, and high specifies the color spectra to code gene.data and cpd.data. When data are 1 directional (TRUE value in both.dirs), only mid and high are used to specify the color spectra. Default spectra (low-mid-high) "green"-"gray"-"red" and "blue"-"gray"-"yellow" are used for gene.data and cpd.data respectively. The values for 'low, mid, high' can be given as color names ('red'), plot color index (2=red), and HTML-style RGB, ("\#FF0000"=red).

Value

The result returned by KeggPathwayView function is a named list corresponding to the input pathway ids. Each element (for each pathway itself is a named list, with 2 elements ("plot.data.gene", "plot.data.cpd"). Both elements are data.frame or NULL depends on the corresponding input data gene.data and cpd.data. These data.frames record the plot data for mapped gene or compound nodes: rows are mapped genes/compounds, columns are:

kegg.names	standard KEGG IDs/Names for mapped nodes. It's Entrez Gene ID or KEGG Compound Accessions.
labels	Node labels to be used when needed.
all.mapped	All molecule (gene or compound) IDs mapped to this node.
type	node type, currently 4 types are supported: "gene", "enzyme", "compound" and "ortholog".
х	x coordinate in the original KEGG pathway graph.
у	y coordinate in the original KEGG pathway graph.
width	node width in the original KEGG pathway graph.
height	node height in the original KEGG pathway graph.
other columns	columns of the mapped gene/compound data and corresponding pseudo-color codes for individual samples

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
#load data
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
gene.data = dd$plx
names(gene.data) = rownames(dd)
```

```
pv.out <- KeggPathwayView(gene.data, pathway.id = "04110",
    species = "hsa", out.suffix = "gse16873", kegg.native = TRUE)
```

MapRatesView

Description

View mapping ratio of each sample

Usage

```
MapRatesView(
   countSummary,
   Label = "Label",
   Reads = "Reads",
   Mapped = "Mapped",
   filename = NULL,
   width = 5,
   height = 4,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

countSummary	A data frame, which contains columns of 'Label', 'Reads', and 'Mapped'
Label	A character, indicating column (in countSummary) of sample names.
Reads	A character, indicating column (in countSummary) of total reads.
Mapped	A character, indicating column (in countSummary) of mapped reads.
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL", which means don't save the figure on disk.
width	As in ggsave.
height	As in ggsave.
	Other available parameters in ggsave.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
file4 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/countsummary.txt")
countsummary = read.delim(file4, check.names = FALSE)
MapRatesView(countsummary)
```

MAView

Description

MAplot of gene beta scores in Control vs Treatment

Usage

```
MAView(
    beta,
    ctrlname = "Control",
    treatname = "Treatment",
    main = NULL,
    show.statistics = TRUE,
    add.smooth = TRUE,
    lty = 1,
    smooth.col = "red",
    plot.method = c("loess", "lm", "glm", "gam"),
    filename = NULL,
    width = 5,
    height = 4,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

beta	Data frame, including ctrlname and treatname as columns.
ctrlname	Character vector, specifying the name of control sample.
treatname	Character vector, specifying the name of treatment sample.
main	As in plot.
show.statistics	
	Show statistics .
add.smooth	Whether add a smooth line to the plot.
lty	Line type for smooth line.
<pre>smooth.col</pre>	Color of smooth line.
plot.method	A string specifying the method to fit smooth line, which should be one of "loess" (default), "lm", "glm" and "gam".
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL", which means don't save the figure on disk.
width	As in ggsave.
height	As in ggsave.
	Other available parameters in function 'ggsave'.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

noEnrichPlot

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
  "testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
MAView(dd, ctrlname = "dmso", treatname = "plx")
```

	Blank figure	noEnrichPlot
--	--------------	--------------

Description

Blank figure

Usage

noEnrichPlot(main = "No enriched terms")

Arguments

main The title of figure.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

normalize.loess normalize.loess

Description

Loess normalization method.

Usage

```
normalize.loess(
  mat,
  subset = sample(1:(dim(mat)[1]), min(c(5000, nrow(mat)))),
  epsilon = 10^-2,
  maxit = 1,
  log.it = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  span = 2/3,
  family.loess = "symmetric",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

mat	A matrix with columns containing the values of the chips to normalize.
subset	A subset of the data to fit a loess to.
epsilon	A tolerance value (supposed to be a small value - used as a stopping criterion).
maxit	Maximum number of iterations.
log.it	Logical. If TRUE it takes the log2 of mat.
verbose	Logical. If TRUE displays current pair of chip being worked on.
span	Parameter to be passed the function loess
family.loess	Parameter to be passed the function loess. "gaussian" or "symmetric" are acceptable values for this parameter.
	Any of the options of normalize.loess you would like to modify (described above).

Value

A matrix similar as mat.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

See Also

loess

NormalizeBeta

Examples

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
beta_loess = normalize.loess(dd[,c("dmso", "plx")])
```

NormalizeBeta

Description

Two normalization methods are available. cell_cycle method normalizes gene beta scores based on positive control genes in CRISPR screening. loess method normalizes gene beta scores using loess.

Usage

```
NormalizeBeta(
   beta,
   id = 1,
   method = "cell_cycle",
   posControl = NULL,
   samples = NULL
)
```

Arguments

beta	Data frame.
id	An integer specifying the column of gene.
method	Character, one of 'cell_cycle'(default) and 'loess'. or character string giving the name of the table column containing the gene names.
posControl	A character vector, specifying a list of positive control genes.
samples	Character vector, specifying the sample names in <i>beta</i> columns. If NULL (default), take all <i>beta</i> columns as samples.

Details

In CRISPR screens, cells treated with different conditions (e.g., with or without drug) may have different proliferation rates. So it's necessary to normalize the proliferation rate based on defined positive control genes among samples. After normalization, the beta scores are comparable across samples. loess is another optional normalization method, which is used to normalize array data before.

Value

A data frame with same format as input data beta.

Author(s)

Examples

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
  "testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
  #Cell Cycle normalization
  dd_essential = NormalizeBeta(dd, samples=c("dmso", "plx"), method="cell_cycle")
  head(dd_essential)
#Optional loess normalization (not recommended)
  dd_loess = NormalizeBeta(dd, samples=c("dmso", "plx"), method="loess")
  head(dd_loess)
```

OmitCommonEssential Omit common essential genes based on depmap data

Description

Omit common essential genes based on depmap data

Usage

```
OmitCommonEssential(dd, symbol = "id", lineages = "All", dependency = -0.5)
```

Arguments

dd	A data frame.
symbol	A character, specifying the column name of gene symbols in the data frame.
lineages	A character vector, specifying the lineages used for common essential gene selection.
dependency	A numeric, specifying the threshold for common essential gene selection.

Value

A data frame.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
file1 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/rra.gene_summary.txt")
gdata = ReadRRA(file1)
dim(gdata)
## Not run:
    rra.omit = OmitCommonEssential(gdata)
    dim(rra.omit)
```

End(Not run)

RankView

Description

Rank all genes according to beta score deviation, and label top and bottom meaningful genes. Some other interested genes can be labeled too.

Usage

```
RankView(
  rankdata,
  genelist = NULL,
  top = 10,
  bottom = 10,
  cutoff = NULL,
  main = NULL,
  filename = NULL,
  width = 5,
  height = 4,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

rankdata	Numeric vector, with gene as names.
genelist	Character vector, specifying genes to be labeled in figure.
top	Integer, specifying number of top genes to be labeled.
bottom	Integer, specifying number of bottom genes to be labeled.
cutoff	Numeric.
main	As in 'plot'.
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL", which means no output.
width	As in ggsave.
height	As in ggsave.
	Other available parameters in function 'ggsave'.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

ReadBeta

Examples

```
file1 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/rra.gene_summary.txt")
gdata = ReadRRA(file1)
rankdata = gdata$Score
names(rankdata) = gdata$id
RankView(rankdata)
```

ReadBeta

Read gene beta scores

Description

Read gene beta scores from file or data frame

Usage

```
ReadBeta(gene_summary)
```

Arguments

gene_summary A data frame or a file path to gene summary file generated by MAGeCK-MLE.

Value

A data frame, whose first column is Gene and other columns are comparisons.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
head(dd)
```

ReadGMT

Description

Parse gmt file to a data.frame write data frame to a gmt file

Usage

ReadGMT(gmtpath, limit = c(0, Inf))

writeGMT(gene2path, gmtfile)

Arguments

gmtpath	The path to gmt file.
limit	A integer vector of length two, specifying the limit of geneset size.
gene2path	A data frame. The columns should be Gene, Pathway ID, and Pathway Name.
gmtfile	Path to gmt file.

Value

An data.frame, in which the first column is gene, and the second column is pathway name. Output gmt file to local folder.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
gene2path = gsGetter(type = "Complex")
writeGMT(gene2path, "Protein_complex.gmt")
```

ReadRRA

Read gene summary file in MAGeCK-RRA results

Description

Read gene summary file in MAGeCK-RRA results

Usage

```
ReadRRA(gene_summary, score = c("lfc", "rra")[1])
```

Arguments

gene_summary	A data frame or a file path to gene summary file generated by MAGeCK-RRA.
score	"lfc" (default) or "rra", specifying the score type.

Details

If the score type is equal to lfc, then LFC will be returned. If the score type is rra, the log10 transformed RRA score will be returned. For FACS-based CRISPR screens, rra score is not recommended.

Value

A data frame including three columns, including "id", "LFC" and "FDR".

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
file1 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/rra.gene_summary.txt")
gdata = ReadRRA(file1)
head(gdata)
```

ReadsgRRA	Read sgRNA summary in MAGeCK-RRA results

Description

Read sgRNA summary in MAGeCK-RRA results

Usage

```
ReadsgRRA(sgRNA_summary)
```

Arguments

sgRNA_summary A file path or a data frame of sgRNA summary data.

Value

A data frame.

Author(s)

ResembleDepmap

Examples

ResembleDepmap

Compute the similarity between customized CRISPR screen with Depmap screens

Description

Compute the similarity between customized CRISPR screen with Depmap screens

Usage

```
ResembleDepmap(
    dd,
    symbol = "id",
    score = "Score",
    lineages = "All",
    method = c("pearson", "spearman", "kendall")[1]
)
```

Arguments

dd	A data frame.
symbol	A character, specifying the column name of gene symbols in the data frame.
score	A character, specifying the column name of gene essentiality score in the data frame.
lineages	A character vector, specifying the lineages used for common essential gene se- lection.
method	A character, indicating which correlation coefficient is to be used for the test. One of "pearson", "kendall", or "spearman".

Value

A data frame with correlation and test p.value.

Author(s)

Examples

```
file1 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/rra.gene_summary.txt")
gdata = ReadRRA(file1)
## Not run:
    rra.omit = OmitCommonEssential(gdata)
    depmap_similarity = ResembleDepmap(rra.omit)
    head(depmap_similarity)
## End(Not run)
```

retrieve_gs

Update genesets from source database

Description

Update genesets from source database

Usage

```
retrieve_gs(type = c("KEGG", "REACTOME", "CORUM"), organism = "hsa")
```

Arguments

type	A vector of databases, such as KEGG, REACTOME, CORUM.
organism	'hsa' or 'mmu'.

Value

save data to local library.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

ScatterView Scatter plot

Description

Scatter plot supporting groups.

ScatterView

Usage

```
ScatterView(
  data,
  x = "x",
  y = "y",
  label = 0,
  model = c("none", "ninesquare", "volcano", "rank")[1],
  x_cut = NULL,
  y_cut = NULL,
  slope = 1,
  intercept = NULL,
  auto_cut = FALSE,
  auto_cut_x = auto_cut,
  auto_cut_y = auto_cut,
  auto_cut_diag = auto_cut,
  groups = NULL,
  group_col = NULL,
  groupnames = NULL,
  label.top = TRUE,
  top = 0,
  toplabels = NULL,
  display_cut = FALSE,
  color = NULL,
  shape = 16,
  size = 1,
  main = NULL,
  xlab = x,
  ylab = y,
  legend.position = "none",
  . . .
)
```

Arguments

data	Data frame.
х	A character, specifying the x-axis.
У	A character, specifying the y-axis.
label	An integer or a character specifying the column used as the label, default value is 0 (row names).
model	One of "none" (default), "ninesquare", "volcano", and "rank".
x_cut	An one or two-length numeric vector, specifying the cutoff used for x-axis.
y_cut	An one or two-length numeric vector, specifying the cutoff used for y-axis.
slope	A numberic value indicating slope of the diagonal cutoff.
intercept	A numberic value indicating intercept of the diagonal cutoff.
auto_cut	Boolean, take 1.5 fold standard deviation as cutoff.
auto_cut_x	Boolean, take 1.5 fold standard deviation as cutoff on x-axis.
auto_cut_y	Boolean, take 1.5 fold standard deviation as cutoff on y-axis.
auto_cut_diag	Boolean, take 1.5 fold standard deviation as cutoff on diagonal.

groups	A character vector specifying groups. Optional groups include "top", "mid", "bottom", "left", "center", "right", "topleft", "topcenter", "topright", "midleft", "midcenter", "midright", "bottomleft", "bottomcenter", "bottomright".
group_col	A vector of colors for specified groups.
groupnames	A vector of group names to show on the legend.
label.top	Boolean, specifying whether label top hits.
top	Integer, specifying the number of top terms in the groups to be labeled.
toplabels	Character vector, specifying terms to be labeled.
display_cut	Boolean, indicating whether display the dashed line of cutoffs.
color	A character, specifying the column name of color in the data frame.
shape	A character, specifying the column name of shape in the data frame.
size	A character, specifying the column name of size in the data frame.
main	Title of the figure.
xlab	Title of x-axis
ylab	Title of y-axis.
legend.position	
	Position of legend, "none", "right", "top", "bottom", or a two-length vector indi- cating the position.
	Other available parameters in function 'geom_text_repel'.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
ScatterView(dd, x = "dmso", y = "plx", label = "Gene",
x_cut = 1, y_cut = 1, groups = "topright", top = 5, display_cut = TRUE)
```

Sel	ector
-----	-------

Select signatures from candidate list (according to the consistence in most samples).

Description

Select signatures from candidate list (according to the consistence in most samples).

Usage

```
Selector(mat, cutoff = 0, type = "<", select = 0.8)</pre>
```

sgRankView

Arguments

mat	Data matrix, each row is candidates (genes), each column is samples.
cutoff	Cutoff to define the signatures.
type	Direction to select signatures.
select	Proportion of samples in which signature is selected.

Value

An list containing two elements, first is selected signature and second is a ggplot object.

Examples

```
mat = matrix(rnorm(1000*30), 1000, 30)
rownames(mat) = paste0("Gene", 1:1000)
colnames(mat) = paste0("Sample", 1:30)
hits = Selector(mat, select = 0.68)
print(hits$p)
```

sgRankView

View sgRNA rank.

Description

View sgRNA rank.

Usage

```
sgRankView(
    df,
    gene = NULL,
    top = 3,
    bottom = 3,
    neg_ctrl = NULL,
    binwidth = 0.3,
    interval = 0.1,
    bg.col = "gray90",
    filename = NULL,
    width = 5,
    height = 3.5,
    ...
```

```
)
```

Arguments

df	A data frame, which contains columns of 'sgrna', 'Gene', and 'LFC'
gene	Character vector, specifying genes to be plotted.
top	Integer, specifying number of top genes to be plotted.
bottom	Integer, specifying number of bottom genes to be plotted.

neg_ctrl	A vector specifying negative ctrl genes.
binwidth	A numeric value specifying the bar width.
interval	A numeric value specifying the interval length between each bar.
bg.col	A character value specifying the background color.
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL", which means no output.
width	As in ggsave.
height	As in ggsave.
	Other available parameters in function 'ggsave'.

Value

An object created by ggplot.

Author(s)

Yihan Xiao

Examples

SquareView

Scatter plot of 9-Square

Description

Plot a scatter plot with Control beta score as x-axis and Treatment beta score as y-axis, and colored treatment related genes.

Usage

```
SquareView(
    beta,
    ctrlname = "Control",
    treatname = "Treatment",
    label = 0,
    label.top = TRUE,
    top = 5,
    genelist = c(),
    x_cutoff = NULL,
    y_cutoff = NULL,
    intercept = NULL,
    groups = c("midleft", "topcenter", "midright", "bottomcenter"),
    groupnames = paste0("Group", 1:length(groups)),
    main = NULL,
```

Square View

```
filename = NULL,
width = 6,
height = 4,
...
)
```

Arguments

beta	Data frame, including columns of <i>ctrlname</i> and <i>treatname</i> , with Gene Symbol as rowname.
ctrlname	A character, specifying the names of control samples.
treatname	A character, specifying the name of treatment samples.
label	An integer or a character specifying the column used as the label, default value is 0 (row names).
label.top	Boolean, whether label the top selected genes, default label the top 10 genes in each group.
top	Integer, specifying the number of top selected genes to be labeled. Default is 5.
genelist	Character vector, specifying labeled genes.
x_cutoff	An one or two-length numeric vector, specifying the cutoff used for x-axis.
y_cutoff	An one or two-length numeric vector, specifying the cutoff used for y-axis.
intercept	An one or two-length numeric vector, specifying the intercept of diagonal.
groups	A character vector, specifying which group to be colored. Optional groups include "topleft", "topcenter", "topright", "midleft", "midright", "bottomleft", "bottomcenter", "bottomright".
groupnames	A character vector, specifying group names.
main	As in 'plot'.
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL", which means don't save the figure on disk.
width	As in ggsave.
height	As in ggsave.
	Other available parameters in function 'ggsave'.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

See Also

ScatterView

Examples

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
  "testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
SquareView(dd, ctrlname = "dmso", treatname = "plx", label = "Gene")
```

TransGeneID

Gene ID conversion between ENTREZID and SYMBOL

Description

Gene ID conversion between ENTREZID and SYMBOL

Usage

```
TransGeneID(
  genes,
  fromType = "Symbol",
  toType = "Entrez",
  organism = "hsa",
  fromOrg = organism,
  toOrg = organism,
  ensemblHost = "www.ensembl.org",
  update = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

genes	A character vector, input genes to be converted.
fromType	The input ID type, one of "entrez", "symbol"(default), "hgnc", "ensembl", "full- name" and "uniprotswissprot"; you can also input other valid attribute names for biomaRt. Look at the code in examples to check valid attributes.
toType	The output ID type, similar to 'fromType'.
organism	"hsa"(default), "mmu", "bta", "cfa", "ptr", "rno", and "ssc" are optional.
fromOrg	"hsa", "mmu", "bta", "cfa", "ptr", "rno", and "ssc" are optional (Only used when transform gene ids between organisms).
toOrg	"hsa"(default), "mmu", "bta", "cfa", "ptr", "rno", and "ssc" are optional (Only used when transform gene ids between organisms).
ensemblHost	String, specifying ensembl host, you can use 'listEnsemblArchives()' to show all available Ensembl archives hosts.
update	Boolean, specifying whether update built-in gene annotation (needs network and takes time).

Value

A character vector, named by unique input gene ids.

ViolinView

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
TransGeneID("HLA-A", organism="hsa")
TransGeneID("H2-K1", toType="Symbol", fromOrg = "mmu", toOrg = "hsa")
```

ViolinView

Violin plot

Description

Plots the violin of beta scores in Control and Treatment samples.

Usage

```
ViolinView(
   beta,
   samples = NULL,
   main = NULL,
   ylab = "Beta Score",
   filename = NULL,
   width = 5,
   height = 4,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

beta	Data frame, , including samples as columns.
samples	Character, specifying the name of samples to be compared.
main	As in 'plot'.
ylab	As in 'plot'.
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL", which means don't save the figure on disk.
width	As in ggsave.
height	As in ggsave.
	Other available parameters in function 'ggsave'.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

See Also

DensityView

Examples

```
file3 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
    "testdata/mle.gene_summary.txt")
dd = ReadBeta(file3)
ViolinView(dd, samples=c("dmso", "plx"))
#or
ViolinView(dd[, c("dmso", "plx")])
```

VolcanoView Volcano View

Description

Volcano plot

Usage

```
VolcanoView(
  df,
  x = "logFC",
  y = "adj.P.Val",
  Label = NA,
  top = 5,
  topnames = NULL,
  x_cutoff = log2(1.5),
  y_cutoff = 0.05,
  mycolour = c("gray80", "#e41a1c", "#377eb8"),
  alpha = 0.6,
  force = 0.1,
  main = NULL,
  xlab = "Log2 Fold Change",
  ylab = "-Log10(Adjust.P)",
  filename = NULL,
  width = 4,
  height = 2.5,
  . . .
)
```

Arguments

df	Data frame
х	Colname of df specifying x-axis in Volcanno figure, 'logFC' (default).
У	Colname of df specifying y-axis in Volcanno figure, 'adj.P.Val' (default), which will be plot after log10 transformation.
Label	Colname of df specifying labeled terms in Volcanno figure.

VolcanoView

top	Interger, the number of top significant terms to be labeled.
topnames	Character vector, indicating interested terms to be labeled.
x_cutoff	Cutoff of x-axis.
y_cutoff	Cutoff of y-axis.
mycolour	A color vector, specifying colors of non-significant, significant up and down-regulated genes.
alpha	Parameter in ggplot.
force	Parameter for geom_text_repel.
main	Title of volcano figure.
xlab	Label of x-axis in figure.
ylab	Label of y-axis in figure.
filename	Figure file name to create on disk. Default filename="NULL", which means don't save the figure on disk.
width	Width of figure.
height	Height of figure.
	Other available parameters in ggsave.

Value

An object created by ggplot, which can be assigned and further customized.

Author(s)

Wubing Zhang

Examples

```
file1 = file.path(system.file("extdata", package = "MAGeCKFlute"),
"testdata/rra.gene_summary.txt")
gdata = ReadRRA(file1)
VolcanoView(gdata, x = "Score", y = "FDR", Label = "id")
```

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