# Using the GEOquery package

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# 1 Overview of GEO

The NCBI Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) serves as a public repository for a wide range of high-throughput experimental data. These data include single and dual channel microarray-based experiments measuring mRNA, genomic DNA, and protein abundance, as well as non-array techniques such as serial analysis of gene expression (SAGE), mass spectrometry proteomic data, and high-throughput sequencing data.

At the most basic level of organization of GEO, there are four basic entity types. The first three (Sample, Platform, and Series) are supplied by users; the fourth, the dataset, is compiled and curated by GEO staff from the user-submitted data.<sup>1</sup>

#### 1.1 Platforms

A Platform record describes the list of elements on the array (e.g., cDNAs, oligonucleotide probesets, ORFs, antibodies) or the list of elements that may be detected and quantified in that experiment (e.g., SAGE tags, peptides). Each Platform record is assigned a unique and stable GEO accession number (GPLxxx). A Platform may reference many Samples that have been submitted by multiple submitters.

# 1.2 Samples

A Sample record describes the conditions under which an individual Sample was handled, the manipulations it underwent, and the abundance measurement of each element derived from it. Each Sample record is assigned a unique and stable GEO accession number (GSMxxx). A Sample entity must reference only one Platform and may be included in multiple Series.

#### 1.3 Series

A Series record defines a set of related Samples considered to be part of a group, how the Samples are related, and if and how they are ordered. A Series provides a focal point and description of the experiment as a whole. Series records may also contain tables describing extracted data, summary conclusions, or analyses. Each Series record is assigned a unique and stable GEO accession number (GSExxx). Series records are available in a couple of formats which are handled by GEOquery independently. The smaller and new GSEMatrix files are quite fast to parse; a simple flag is used by GEOquery to choose to use GSEMatrix files (see below).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See http://www.ncbi.nih.gov/geo for more information

#### 1.4 Datasets

GEO DataSets (GDSxxx) are curated sets of GEO Sample data. A GDS record represents a collection of biologically and statistically comparable GEO Samples and forms the basis of GEO's suite of data display and analysis tools. Samples within a GDS refer to the same Platform, that is, they share a common set of probe elements. Value measurements for each Sample within a GDS are assumed to be calculated in an equivalent manner, that is, considerations such as background processing and normalization are consistent across the dataset. Information reflecting experimental design is provided through GDS subsets.

# 2 Getting Started using GEOquery

Getting data from GEO is really quite easy. There is only one command that is needed, getGEO. This one function interprets its input to determine how to get the data from GEO and then parse the data into useful R data structures. Usage is quite simple:

#### > library(GEOquery)

This loads the GEOquery library.

- > # If you have network access, the more typical way to do this
- > # would be to use this:
- > # gds <- getGEO("GDS507")
- > gds <- getGEO(filename=system.file("extdata/GDS507.soft.gz",package="GEOquery"))</pre>

Now, gds contains the R data structure (of class GDS) that represents the GDS507 entry from GEO. You'll note that the filename used to store the download was output to the screen (but not saved anywhere) for later use to a call to getGEO(filename=...).

We can do the same with any other GEO accession, such as GSM3, a GEO sample.

- > # If you have network access, the more typical way to do this
- > # would be to use this:
- > # gds <- getGEO("GSM11805")
- > gsm <- getGEO(filename=system.file("extdata/GSM11805.txt.gz",package="GEOquery"))

# 3 GEOquery Data Structures

The GEOquery data structures really come in two forms. The first, comprising GDS, GPL, and GSM all behave similarly and accessors have similar effects on each. The fourth GEOquery data structure, GSE is a composite data type made up of a combination of GSM and GPL objects. I will explain the first three together first.

## 3.1 The GDS, GSM, and GPL classes

Each of these classes is comprised of a metadata header (taken nearly verbatim from the SOFT format header) and a GEODataTable. The GEODataTable has two simple parts, a Columns part which describes the column headers on the Table part. There is also a *show* method for each class. For example, using the gsm from above:

```
> # Look at gsm metadata:
> Meta(gsm)
$channel_count
[1] "1"
$comment
[1] "Raw data provided as supplementary file"
$contact_address
[1] "715 Albany Street, E613B"
$contact_city
[1] "Boston"
$contact_country
[1] "USA"
$contact_department
[1] "Genetics and Genomics"
$contact_email
[1] "mlenburg@bu.edu"
$contact_fax
[1] "617-414-1646"
$contact_institute
[1] "Boston University School of Medicine"
$contact_name
[1] "Marc, E., Lenburg"
$contact_phone
[1] "617-414-1375"
$contact_state
```

```
[1] "MA"
$contact_web_link
[1] "http://gg.bu.edu"
$`contact_zip/postal_code`
[1] "02130"
$data_row_count
[1] "22283"
$description
[1] "Age = 70; Gender = Female; Right Kidney; Adjacent Tumor Type = clear cell; Adjacent
[2] "Keywords = kidney"
[3] "Keywords = renal"
[4] "Keywords = RCC"
[5] "Keywords = carcinoma"
[6] "Keywords = cancer"
[7] "Lot batch = 2004638"
$geo_accession
[1] "GSM11805"
$last_update_date
[1] "May 28 2005"
$molecule_ch1
[1] "total RNA"
$organism_ch1
[1] "Homo sapiens"
$platform_id
[1] "GPL96"
$series_id
[1] "GSE781"
$source_name_ch1
[1] "Trizol isolation of total RNA from normal tissue adjacent to Renal Cell Carcinoma"
```

\$status

```
[1] "Public on Nov 25 2003"
$submission_date
[1] "Oct 20 2003"
$supplementary_file
[1] "ftp://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/geo/DATA/supplementary/samples/GSM11nnn/GSM11805/GSM1180
$title
[1] "NO35 Normal Human Kidney U133A"
$type
[1] "RNA"
> # Look at data associated with the GSM:
> # but restrict to only first 5 rows, for brevity
> Table(gsm)[1:5,]
          ID_REF VALUE ABS_CALL
1 AFFX-BioB-5_at 953.9
2 AFFX-BioB-M_at 2982.8
                                P
3 AFFX-BioB-3_at 1657.9
                                P
4 AFFX-BioC-5_at 2652.7
                               Ρ
5 AFFX-BioC-3_at 2019.5
                                P
> # Look at Column descriptions:
> Columns(gsm)
    Column
    ID_REF
1
    VALUE
3 ABS_CALL
                                                                   Description
1
                          MAS 5.0 Statistical Algorithm (mean scaled to 500)
3 MAS 5.0 Absent, Marginal, Present call with Alpha1 = 0.05, Alpha2 = 0.065
   The GPL behaves exactly as the GSM class. However, the GDS has a bit more informa-
tion associated with the Columns method:
> Columns(gds)
     sample disease.state individual
```

RCC

1 GSM11815

```
RCC
                                    023
   GSM11832
3
                       RCC
   GSM12069
                                    001
                       RCC
   GSM12083
                                    005
5
   GSM12101
                       RCC
                                    011
6
   GSM12106
                       RCC
                                    032
7
   GSM12274
                       RCC
                                      2
                                      3
8
   GSM12299
                       RCC
9
                       RCC
                                      4
   GSM12412
10 GSM11810
                    normal
                                    035
11 GSM11827
                                    023
                    normal
12 GSM12078
                                    001
                    normal
13 GSM12099
                                    005
                    normal
14 GSM12269
                    normal
                                      1
                                      2
15 GSM12287
                    normal
16 GSM12301
                                      3
                    normal
                                      4
17 GSM12448
                    normal
1
               Value for GSM11815: C035 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol iso
2
               Value for GSM11832: C023 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol iso
3
               Value for GSM12069: C001 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol iso
4
5
```

```
Value for GSM12083: C005 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol iso
              Value for GSM12101: C011 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol iso
6
              Value for GSM12106: C032 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol iso
7
                Value for GSM12274: C2 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol iso
8
                Value for GSM12299: C3 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol iso
9
                Value for GSM12412: C4 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol iso
10
        Value for GSM11810: NO35 Normal Human Kidney U133B; src: Trizol isolation of tot
        Value for GSM11827: NO23 Normal Human Kidney U133B; src: Trizol isolation of tot
11
12
        Value for GSM12078: NO01 Normal Human Kidney U133B; src: Trizol isolation of tot
13
        Value for GSM12099: NO05 Normal Human Kidney U133B; src: Trizol isolation of tot
          Value for GSM12269: N1 Normal Human Kidney U133B; src: Trizol isolation of tot
14
15 Value for GSM12287: N2 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol isolation of tot
16 Value for GSM12301: N3 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol isolation of tot
17 Value for GSM12448: N4 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol isolation of tot
```

#### 3.2 The GSE class

The *GSE* is the most confusing of the GEO entities. A GSE entry can represent an arbitrary number of samples run on an arbitrary number of platforms. The *GSE* has a metadata section, just like the other classes. However, it doesn't have a GEODataTable. Instead, it contains two lists, accessible using *GPLList* and GSMList, that are each lists of *GPL* and *GSM* objects. To show an example:

```
> # Again, with good network access, one would do:
> # gse <- getGEO("GSE781",GSEMatrix=FALSE)</pre>
> gse <- getGEO(filename=system.file("extdata/GSE781_family.soft.gz",package="GEOquery
Parsing....
> Meta(gse)
$contact_address
[1] "715 Albany Street, E613B"
$contact_city
[1] "Boston"
$contact_country
[1] "USA"
$contact_department
[1] "Genetics and Genomics"
$contact_email
[1] "mlenburg@bu.edu"
$contact_fax
[1] "617-414-1646"
$contact_institute
[1] "Boston University School of Medicine"
$contact_name
[1] "Marc, E., Lenburg"
$contact_phone
[1] "617-414-1375"
$contact_state
[1] "MA"
$contact_web_link
[1] "http://gg.bu.edu"
$`contact_zip/postal_code`
```

[1] "02130"

```
$contributor
[1] "Marc, E, Lenburg"
                           "Louis,S,Liou"
                                                  "Norman, P, Gerry"
[4] "Garrett, M, Frampton"
                           "Herbert, T, Cohen"
                                                  "Michael,F,Christman"
$email
[1] "geo@ncbi.nlm.nih.gov"
$geo_accession
[1] "GSE781"
$institute
[1] "NCBI NLM NIH"
$last_update_date
[1] "May 29 2005"
$name
```

- -

[1] "Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO)"

\$platform\_id

[1] "GPL96" "GPL97"

\$pubmed\_id

[1] "14641932"

#### \$sample\_id

- [1] "GSM11805" "GSM11810" "GSM11814" "GSM11815" "GSM11823" "GSM11827"
- [7] "GSM11830" "GSM11832" "GSM12067" "GSM12069" "GSM12075" "GSM12078"
- [13] "GSM12079" "GSM12083" "GSM12098" "GSM12099" "GSM12100" "GSM12101"
- [19] "GSM12105" "GSM12106" "GSM12268" "GSM12269" "GSM12270" "GSM12274"
- [25] "GSM12283" "GSM12287" "GSM12298" "GSM12299" "GSM12300" "GSM12301"
- [31] "GSM12399" "GSM12412" "GSM12444" "GSM12448"

#### \$status

[1] "Public on Nov 25 2003"

\$submission\_date

[1] "Oct 24 2003"

#### \$summary

[1] "Each total RNA sample is hybridized to two different arrays: Affymetrix U133A (GP

```
[2] ""
 [3] "For most of the normal tissue samples there is a renal clear cell carcinoma sample
 [4] ""
 [5] "For most of the renal clear cell carcinoma samples there is a corresponding adjace
 [6] "Keywords = kidney"
 [7] "Keywords = renal"
 [8] "Keywords = RCC"
 [9] "Keywords = carcinoma"
[10] "Keywords = cancer"
[11] "Keywords: parallel sample"
$supplementary_file
[1] "ftp://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/geo/DATA/supplementary/series/GSE781/GSE781_RAW.tar"
$title
[1] "Normal and Renal Cell Carcinoma Kidney Tissue, Human"
$type
[1] "Expression profiling by array"
$web_link
[1] "http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/projects/geo"
> # names of all the GSM objects contained in the GSE
> names(GSMList(gse))
 [1] "GSM11805" "GSM11810" "GSM11814" "GSM11815" "GSM11823" "GSM11827"
 [7] "GSM11830" "GSM11832" "GSM12067" "GSM12069" "GSM12075" "GSM12078"
[13] "GSM12079" "GSM12083" "GSM12098" "GSM12099" "GSM12100" "GSM12101"
[19] "GSM12105" "GSM12106" "GSM12268" "GSM12269" "GSM12270" "GSM12274"
[25] "GSM12283" "GSM12287" "GSM12298" "GSM12299" "GSM12300" "GSM12301"
[31] "GSM12399" "GSM12412" "GSM12444" "GSM12448"
> # and get the first GSM object on the list
> GSMList(gse)[[1]]
An object of class "GSM"
channel_count
[1] "1"
comment
[1] "Raw data provided as supplementary file"
contact_address
```

[1] "715 Albany Street, E613B"

```
contact_city
[1] "Boston"
contact_country
[1] "USA"
contact_department
[1] "Genetics and Genomics"
contact_email
[1] "mlenburg@bu.edu"
contact_fax
[1] "617-414-1646"
contact_institute
[1] "Boston University School of Medicine"
contact_name
[1] "Marc, E., Lenburg"
contact_phone
[1] "617-414-1375"
contact_state
[1] "MA"
contact_web_link
[1] "http://gg.bu.edu"
contact_zip/postal_code
[1] "02130"
data_row_count
[1] "22283"
description
[1] "Age = 70; Gender = Female; Right Kidney; Adjacent Tumor Type = clear cell; Adjacent
[2] "Keywords = kidney"
[3] "Keywords = renal"
[4] "Keywords = RCC"
[5] "Keywords = carcinoma"
[6] "Keywords = cancer"
[7] "Lot batch = 2004638"
geo_accession
[1] "GSM11805"
last_update_date
[1] "May 28 2005"
molecule_ch1
[1] "total RNA"
organism_ch1
[1] "Homo sapiens"
platform_id
[1] "GPL96"
```

```
series_id
[1] "GSE781"
source_name_ch1
[1] "Trizol isolation of total RNA from normal tissue adjacent to Renal Cell Carcinoma"
status
[1] "Public on Nov 25 2003"
submission_date
[1] "Oct 20 2003"
supplementary_file
[1] "ftp://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/pub/geo/DATA/supplementary/samples/GSM11nnn/GSM11805/GSM1180
[1] "NO35 Normal Human Kidney U133A"
type
[1] "RNA"
An object of class "GEODataTable"
***** Column Descriptions *****
    Column
1
   ID_REF
    VALUE
3 ABS_CALL
                                                                  Description
1
                          MAS 5.0 Statistical Algorithm (mean scaled to 500)
3 MAS 5.0 Absent, Marginal, Present call with Alpha1 = 0.05, Alpha2 = 0.065
***** Data Table *****
          ID_REF VALUE ABS_CALL
1 AFFX-BioB-5_at 953.9
2 AFFX-BioB-M_at 2982.8
                               Ρ
                               P
3 AFFX-BioB-3_at 1657.9
4 AFFX-BioC-5_at 2652.7
                               Ρ
5 AFFX-BioC-3_at 2019.5
                               P
22278 more rows ...
> # and the names of the GPLs represented
> names(GPLList(gse))
[1] "GPL96" "GPL97"
```

See below for an additional, preferred method of obtaining GSE information.

# 4 Converting to BioConductor ExpressionSets and limma MALists

GEO datasets are (unlike some of the other GEO entities), quite similar to the *limma* data structure *MAList* and to the *Biobase* data structure *ExpressionSet*. Therefore, there are two functions, GDS2MA and GDS2eSet that accomplish that task.

## 4.1 Getting GSE Series Matrix files as an ExpressionSet

GEO Series are collections of related experiments. In addition to being available as SOFT format files, which are quite large, NCBI GEO has prepared a simpler format file based on tab-delimited text. The getGEO function can handle this format and will parse very large GSEs quite quickly. The data structure returned from this parsing is a list of ExpressionSets. As an example, we download and parse GSE2553.

```
> # Note that GSEMatrix=TRUE is the default
> gse2553 <- getGEO('GSE2553',GSEMatrix=TRUE)</pre>
> show(gse2553)
$GSE2553_series_matrix.txt.gz
ExpressionSet (storageMode: lockedEnvironment)
assayData: 12600 features, 181 samples
  element names: exprs
protocolData: none
phenoData
 sampleNames: GSM48681 GSM48682 ... GSM48861 (181 total)
 varLabels: title geo_accession ... data_row_count (30 total)
 varMetadata: labelDescription
featureData
 featureNames: 1 2 ... 12600 (12600 total)
 fvarLabels: ID PenAt ... Chimeric_Cluster_IDs (13 total)
 fvarMetadata: Column Description labelDescription
experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
Annotation: GPL1977
> show(pData(phenoData(gse2553[[1]]))[1:5,c(1,6,8)])
                                                                  title type
GSM48681
                              Patient sample ST18, Dermatofibrosarcoma RNA
GSM48682
                                   Patient sample ST410, Ewing Sarcoma
GSM48683
                                    Patient sample ST130, Sarcoma, NOS
                                                                         RNA
GSM48684 Patient sample ST293, Malignant Peripheral Nerve Sheath Tumor
                                                                         R.N.A
```

Patient sample ST367, Liposarcoma

RNA

GSM48685

source_name_ch1	
Dermatofibrosarcoma	GSM48681
Ewing Sarcoma	GSM48682
Sarcoma, NOS	GSM48683
Malignant Peripheral Nerve Sheath Tumor	GSM48684
GSM48685 Liposarcom	

## 4.2 Converting GDS to an ExpressionSet

Taking our gds object from above, we can simply do:

```
> eset <- GDS2eSet(gds,do.log2=TRUE)</pre>
```

Now, eset is an *ExpressionSet* that contains the same information as in the GEO dataset, including the sample information, which we can see here:

#### > eset

GSM12083 GSM12083

GSM12101 GSM12101

GSM12106 GSM12106

GSM12274 GSM12274

```
ExpressionSet (storageMode: lockedEnvironment)
assayData: 22645 features, 17 samples
  element names: exprs
protocolData: none
phenoData
  sampleNames: GSM11815 GSM11832 ... GSM12448 (17 total)
  varLabels: sample disease.state individual description
  varMetadata: labelDescription
featureData
  featureNames: 200000_s_at 200001_at ... AFFX-TrpnX-M_at (22645 total)
  fvarLabels: ID Gene title ... GO:Component ID (21 total)
  fvarMetadata: Column labelDescription
experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
  pubMedIds: 14641932
Annotation:
> pData(eset)
           sample disease.state individual
GSM11815 GSM11815
                            RCC
                                        035
GSM11832 GSM11832
                            RCC
                                       023
GSM12069 GSM12069
                            RCC
                                       001
```

RCC

RCC

RCC

**RCC** 

005

011 032

2

```
GSM12412 GSM12412
                            RCC
                                          4
GSM11810 GSM11810
                                        035
                         normal
GSM11827 GSM11827
                                        023
                         normal
GSM12078 GSM12078
                         normal
                                        001
                                        005
GSM12099 GSM12099
                         normal
GSM12269 GSM12269
                                          1
                         normal
                                          2
GSM12287 GSM12287
                         normal
GSM12301 GSM12301
                                          3
                         normal
                                          4
GSM12448 GSM12448
                         normal
GSM11815
                    Value for GSM11815: CO35 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Triz
GSM11832
                    Value for GSM11832: CO23 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Triz
GSM12069
                    Value for GSM12069: CO01 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Triz
GSM12083
                    Value for GSM12083: C005 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Triz
                    Value for GSM12101: C011 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Triz
GSM12101
GSM12106
                    Value for GSM12106: CO32 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Triz
GSM12274
                      Value for GSM12274: C2 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Triz
GSM12299
                      Value for GSM12299: C3 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Triz
GSM12412
                      Value for GSM12412: C4 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Triz
GSM11810
              Value for GSM11810: NO35 Normal Human Kidney U133B; src: Trizol isolation
GSM11827
              Value for GSM11827: NO23 Normal Human Kidney U133B; src: Trizol isolation
GSM12078
              Value for GSM12078: NO01 Normal Human Kidney U133B; src: Trizol isolation
GSM12099
              Value for GSM12099: NO05 Normal Human Kidney U133B; src: Trizol isolation
GSM12269
                Value for GSM12269: N1 Normal Human Kidney U133B; src: Trizol isolation
GSM12287 Value for GSM12287: N2 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol isolation
GSM12301 Value for GSM12301: N3 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol isolation
GSM12448 Value for GSM12448: N4 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol isolation
```

3

**RCC** 

# 4.3 Converting GDS to an MAList

No annotation information (called platform information by GEO) was retrieved from because *ExpressionSet* does not contain slots for gene information, typically. However, it is easy to obtain this information. First, we need to know what platform this GDS used. Then, another call to getGEO will get us what we need.

```
> #get the platform from the GDS metadata
```

GSM12299 GSM12299

#### [1] "GPL97"

- > #So use this information in a call to getGEO
- > gpl <- getGEO(filename=system.file("extdata/GPL97.annot.gz",package="GEOquery"))

<sup>&</sup>gt; Meta(gds)\$platform

So, gpl now contains the information for GPL5 from GEO. Unlike *ExpressionSet*, the limma *MAList* does store gene annotation information, so we can use our newly created gpl of class *GPL* in a call to GDS2MA like so:

```
> MA <- GDS2MA(gds,GPL=gpl)</pre>
> MA
An object of class "MAList"
$M
     GSM11815 GSM11832 GSM12069 GSM12083 GSM12101 GSM12106 GSM12274 GSM12299
[1,]
       4254.0
                 5298.2
                           4026.5
                                     3498.4
                                               3566.4
                                                         4903.1
                                                                   6372.6
                                                                             4829.1
[2,]
      17996.2
                12010.7
                          10283.5
                                     2534.7
                                                        13354.0
                                                                   8563.8
                                                                            17247.6
                                              11048.4
[3,]
      41678.8
                39116.9
                          38758.9
                                    32847.7
                                              39633.9
                                                        43511.2
                                                                  46856.7
                                                                            47032.4
[4,]
      65390.9
                34806.2
                          31257.2
                                    28308.5
                                              67447.5
                                                        56989.9
                                                                  57972.5
                                                                            57570.5
[5,]
      19030.1
                15813.6
                          16355.7
                                     9579.7
                                              14273.5
                                                        17217.0
                                                                  19116.9
                                                                            17487.6
     GSM12412 GSM11810 GSM11827 GSM12078 GSM12099 GSM12269 GSM12287 GSM12301
                                     3729.9
[1,]
       5205.8
                 2756.8
                           3932.0
                                               3223.4
                                                         3640.5
                                                                   4886.3
                                                                             4070.2
[2,]
      16018.5
                 6077.0
                          15703.8
                                    10138.5
                                              11614.4
                                                         8460.5
                                                                  10282.6
                                                                            11844.3
[3,]
      22152.2
                26660.7
                          26373.6
                                    23809.6
                                              24749.3
                                                                            22733.7
                                                        21936.8
                                                                  31462.8
[4,]
      29062.2
                35140.9
                          23629.3
                                    22100.5
                                              21651.0
                                                        18550.7
                                                                  23496.5
                                                                            21315.4
[5,]
      14671.6
                17733.1
                          18022.4
                                    17957.4
                                              15958.0
                                                        15799.8
                                                                  16685.8
                                                                            18817.3
     GSM12448
[1,]
       3482.1
[2,]
       9741.6
[3,]
      25395.5
[4,]
      28631.4
[5,]
      17421.1
22640 more rows ...
```

## \$A NULL

#### \$targets

```
sample disease.state individual
1 GSM11815
                       RCC
                                   035
2 GSM11832
                       RCC
                                   023
3 GSM12069
                       RCC
                                   001
4 GSM12083
                       RCC
                                   005
5 GSM12101
                       RCC
                                   011
```

```
1 Value for GSM11815: C035 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol isolation of to 2 Value for GSM11832: C023 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol isolation of to 3 Value for GSM12069: C001 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol isolation of to
```

```
5 Value for GSM12101: C011 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol isolation of to
12 more rows ...
$genes
                                                          Gene title Gene symbol
           ID
1 200000_s_at
                                      pre-mRNA processing factor 8
                                                                           PRPF8
                                           calpain, small subunit 1
    200001_at
                                                                           CAPNS1
    200002_at
                                              ribosomal protein L35
3
                                                                           RPL35
                                              ribosomal protein L28
4 200003_s_at
                                                                           RPL28
    200004_at eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4 gamma, 2
                                                                          EIF4G2
  Gene ID UniGene title UniGene symbol UniGene ID
1
    10594
                    <NA>
                                    <NA>
                                               <NA>
2
      826
                    <NA>
                                   <NA>
                                               <NA>
3
    11224
                    <NA>
                                   <NA>
                                               <NA>
4
     6158
                    <NA>
                                   <NA>
                                               <NA>
5
     1982
                    <NA>
                                    <NA>
                                               <NA>
1
                                                  Homo sapiens pre-mRNA processing factor
2
                              Homo sapiens calpain, small subunit 1 (CAPNS1), transcript
3
                                                          Homo sapiens ribosomal protein L3
                                  Homo sapiens ribosomal protein L28 (RPL28), transcript
4
5 Homo sapiens eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4 gamma, 2 (EIF4G2), transcript
         GI GenBank Accession Platform_CLONEID Platform_ORF Platform_SPOTID
  91208425
                     NM_006445
                                            <NA>
                                                          <NA>
                                                                           <NA>
2 51599152
                     NM_001749
                                            <NA>
                                                          <NA>
                                                                           <NA>
3 78190471
                     NM_007209
                                            <NA>
                                                          <NA>
                                                                           <NA>
4 209915582
                     NM_000991
                                            < NA >
                                                          <NA>
                                                                           <NA>
5 111494227
                     NM_001418
                                            <NA>
                                                          < NA >
                                                                           <NA>
  Chromosome location
1
              17p13.3
2
             19q13.12
3
               9q34.1
4
              19q13.4
5
                 11p15
                                            Chromosome annotation
     Chromosome 17, NC_000017.10 (1553923..1588176, complement)
1
2
                Chromosome 19, NC_000019.9 (36630918..36641255)
3 Chromosome 9, NC_000009.11 (127620158..127624240, complement)
```

4 Value for GSM12083: C005 Renal Clear Cell Carcinoma U133B; src: Trizol isolation of to

Chromosome 19, NC\_000019.9 (55897300..55903453)

Chromosome 11, NC\_000011.9 (10818593..10830582, complement)

4 5

```
1
                                                                        U5 snRNA binding/
2
                              calcium ion binding///calcium-dependent cysteine-type endo
3
                                                                             mRNA binding/
4
                                                           RNA binding///protein binding/
5 DNA binding///protein binding///translation factor activity, nucleic acid binding///tr
1
2
3 RNA metabolic process///SRP-dependent cotranslational protein targeting to membrane///
4 RNA metabolic process///SRP-dependent cotranslational protein targeting to membrane///
                                                            GO: Component
1 U5 snRNP///catalytic step 2 spliceosome///nuclear speck///nucleoplasm
                                             cytoplasm///plasma membrane
3
    cytoplasm///cytosol///cytosolic large ribosomal subunit///nucleolus
4
                cytoplasm///cytosol///cytosolic large ribosomal subunit
          cytosol///eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4F complex
5
                                     GO:Function ID
               GD:0030623///GD:0017070///GD:0005515
1
2
               GD:0005509///GD:0004198///GD:0005515
3
                            GD:0003729///GD:0003735
               GD:0003723///GD:0005515///GD:0003735
4
5 GD:0003677///GD:0005515///GD:0008135///GD:0003743
1
3 GD:0016070///GD:0006614///GD:0044267///GD:0010467///GD:0016071///GD:0000184///GD:00064
4 GD:0016070///GD:0006614///GD:0044267///GD:0010467///GD:0016071///GD:0000184///GD:00064
5
                                    GO: Component ID
1 GD:0005682///GD:0071013///GD:0016607///GD:0005654
                            GD:0005737///GD:0005886
3 GD:0005737///GD:0005829///GD:0022625///GD:0005730
               GD:0005737///GD:0005829///GD:0022625
                            GD:0005829///GD:0016281
22640 more rows ...
$notes
$channel_count
[1] "1"
$dataset_id
```

```
[1] "GDS507" "GDS507" "GDS507" "GDS507" "GDS507" "GDS507" "GDS507"
 [9] "GDS507" "GDS507" "GDS507"
$description
 [1] "Investigation into mechanisms of renal clear cell carcinogenesis (RCC). Comparison
 [2] "RCC"
 [3] "normal"
 [4] "035"
 [5] "023"
 [6] "001"
 [7] "005"
 [8] "011"
 [9] "032"
[10] "1"
[11] "2"
[12] "3"
[13] "4"
$email
[1] "geo@ncbi.nlm.nih.gov"
$feature_count
[1] "22645"
$institute
[1] "NCBI NLM NIH"
$name
[1] "Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO)"
$order
[1] "none"
$platform
[1] "GPL97"
$platform_organism
[1] "Homo sapiens"
$platform_technology_type
[1] "in situ oligonucleotide"
```

```
$pubmed_id
[1] "14641932"
$ref
[1] "Nucleic Acids Res. 2005 Jan 1;33 Database Issue:D562-6"
$reference_series
[1] "GSE781"
$sample_count
[1] "17"
$sample_id
 [1] "GSM11815,GSM11832,GSM12069,GSM12083,GSM12101,GSM12106,GSM12274,GSM12299,GSM12412"
 [2] "GSM11810,GSM11827,GSM12078,GSM12099,GSM12269,GSM12287,GSM12301,GSM12448"
 [3] "GSM11810,GSM11815"
 [4] "GSM11827,GSM11832"
 [5] "GSM12069,GSM12078"
 [6] "GSM12083,GSM12099"
 [7] "GSM12101"
 [8] "GSM12106"
 [9] "GSM12269"
[10] "GSM12274,GSM12287"
[11] "GSM12299,GSM12301"
[12] "GSM12412,GSM12448"
$sample_organism
[1] "Homo sapiens"
$sample_type
[1] "RNA"
$title
[1] "Renal clear cell carcinoma (HG-U133B)"
$type
 [1] "gene expression array-based" "disease state"
 [3] "disease state"
                                    "individual"
 [5] "individual"
                                    "individual"
 [7] "individual"
                                    "individual"
 [9] "individual"
                                    "individual"
```

"individual"

[11] "individual"

```
[13] "individual"

$update_date
[1] "Mar 04 2004"

$value_type
[1] "count"

$web_link
[1] "http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/projects/geo"
```

Now, MA is of class *MAList* and contains not only the data, but the sample information and gene information associated with GDS507.

# 4.4 Converting GSE to an ExpressionSet

First, make sure that using the method described above in the section "Getting GSE Series Matrix files as an ExpressionSet" for using GSE Series Matrix files is not sufficient for the task, as it is much faster and simpler. If it is not (i.e., other columns from each GSM are needed), then this method will be needed.

Converting a GSE object to an ExpressionSet object currently takes a bit of R data manipulation due to the varied data that can be stored in a GSE and the underlying GSM and GPL objects. However, using a simple example will hopefully be illustrative of the technique.

First, we need to make sure that all of the GSMs are from the same platform:

```
> gsmplatforms <- lapply(GSMList(gse),function(x) {Meta(x)$platform})
> gsmplatforms

$GSM11805
[1] "GPL96"

$GSM11810
[1] "GPL97"

$GSM11814
[1] "GPL96"

$GSM11815
[1] "GPL97"
```

\$GSM11827

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM11830

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM11832

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12067

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM12069

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12075

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM12078

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12079

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM12083

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12098

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM12099

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12100

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM12101

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12105

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM12106

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12268

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM12269

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12270

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM12274

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12283

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM12287

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12298

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM12299

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12300

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM12301

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12399

[1] "GPL96"

\$GSM12412

[1] "GPL97"

\$GSM12444

[1] "GPL96"

#### \$GSM12448

#### [1] "GPL97"

Indeed, they all used GPL5 as their platform (which we could have determined by looking at the GPLList for gse, which shows only one GPL for this particular GSE.). So, now we would like to know what column represents the data that we would like to extract. Looking at the first few rows of the Table of a single GSM will likely give us an idea (and by the way, GEO uses a convention that the column that contains the single "measurement" for each array is called the "VALUE" column, which we could use if we don't know what other column is most relevant).

#### > Table(GSMList(gse)[[1]])[1:5,]

```
ID_REF VALUE ABS_CALL
1 AFFX-BioB-5_at 953.9 P
2 AFFX-BioB-M_at 2982.8 P
3 AFFX-BioB-3_at 1657.9 P
4 AFFX-BioC-5_at 2652.7 P
5 AFFX-BioC-3_at 2019.5 P
```

- > # and get the column descriptions
- > Columns(GSMList(gse)[[1]])[1:5,]

```
Column

1 ID_REF

2 VALUE

3 ABS_CALL
NA <NA>
NA.1 <NA>
```

Description

```
MAS 5.0 Statistical Algorithm (mean scaled to 500)

MAS 5.0 Absent, Marginal, Present call with Alpha1 = 0.05, Alpha2 = 0.065

NA

NA.1

NA.1
```

We will indeed use the "VALUE" column. We then want to make a matrix of these values like so:

```
> # get the probeset ordering
> probesets <- Table(GPLList(gse)[[1]])$ID
> # make the data matrix from the VALUE columns from each GSM
> # being careful to match the order of the probesets in the platform
```

```
> # with those in the GSMs
> data.matrix <- do.call('cbind',lapply(GSMList(gse),function(x)</pre>
+
                                          \{tab \leftarrow Table(x)\}
+
                                           mymatch <- match(probesets,tab$ID_REF)</pre>
                                           return(tab$VALUE[mymatch])
+
                                         }))
> data.matrix <- apply(data.matrix,2,function(x) {as.numeric(as.character(x))})</pre>
> data.matrix <- log2(data.matrix)</pre>
> data.matrix[1:5,]
      GSM11805 GSM11810 GSM11814 GSM11815
                                             GSM11823 GSM11827
                                                                  GSM11830
[1,] 10.926963
                     NA 11.105254
                                         NA 11.275019
                                                             NA 11.438636
[2,]
      5.749534
                     NA 7.908092
                                         NA 7.093814
                                                             NA
                                                                 7.514122
[3,]
      7.066089
                     NA
                        7.750205
                                         NA 7.244126
                                                                 7.962896
[4,] 12.660353
                     NA 12.479755
                                         NA 12.215897
                                                             NA 11.458355
                          6.061776
                                              6.565293
[5,]
      6.195741
                     NA
                                         NA
                                                             NA
                                                                  6.583459
     GSM11832 GSM12067 GSM12069 GSM12075 GSM12078 GSM12079 GSM12083
                               NA 11.222795
[1,]
           NA 11.424376
                                                   NA 11.469845
           NA 7.901470
                               NA 6.407693
[2,]
                                                   NA 5.165912
                                                                       NA
[3,]
           NA 7.337176
                               NA 6.569856
                                                   NA 7.477354
                                                                       NA
[4,]
           NA 11.397568
                               NA 12.529870
                                                   NA 12.240046
                                                                       NA
[5,]
           NA
               6.877744
                               NA
                                   6.652486
                                                   NA
                                                       3.981853
                                                                       NA
      GSM12098 GSM12099
                          GSM12100 GSM12101
                                             GSM12105 GSM12106
                                                                 GSM12268
[1,] 10.823367
                     NA 10.835971
                                         NA 10.810893
                                                             NA 11.062653
[2,]
      6.556123
                     NA 8.207014
                                         NA 6.816344
                                                                 6.563768
                                                             NA
[3,]
     7.708739
                     NA 7.428779
                                            7.754888
                                         NA
                                                             NA
                                                                 7.126188
[4,] 12.336534
                     NA 11.762839
                                         NA 11.237509
                                                             NA 12.412490
[5,]
      5.501439
                     NA
                          6.247928
                                         NA
                                             6.017922
                                                             NA
                                                                  6.525129
     GSM12269
              GSM12270 GSM12274 GSM12283 GSM12287
                                                       GSM12298 GSM12299
[1,]
                                                   NA 11.566387
           NA 10.323055
                               NA 11.181028
                                                                       NA
[2,]
           NA 7.353147
                               NA
                                   5.770829
                                                   NA 6.912889
                                                                       NA
                                                      7.602142
[3,]
           NA 8.742815
                               NA 7.339850
                                                   NA
                                                                       NA
           NA 11.213408
[4,]
                               NA 12.678380
                                                   NA 12.232901
                                                                       NA
[5,]
           NA
               6.683696
                                   5.918863
                                                   NA
                                                       5.837943
                               NA
                                                                       NA
      GSM12300 GSM12301
                         GSM12399 GSM12412
                                              GSM12444 GSM12448
[1,] 11.078151
                     NA 11.535178
                                         NA 11.105450
                                                              NA
[2,]
     4.812498
                     NA 7.471675
                                         NA 7.488644
                                                             NA
     7.383704
                     NA 7.432959
                                         NA 7.381110
[3,]
                                                             NA
                                         NA 12.172834
[4,] 12.090939
                     NA 11.421802
                                                             NA
                                         NA 5.469235
[5,]
      6.281698
                     NA 5.419539
                                                             NA
```

Note that we do a "match" to make sure that the values and the platform information are in the same order. Finally, to make the *ExpressionSet* object:

```
> require(Biobase)
> # go through the necessary steps to make a compliant ExpressionSet
> rownames(data.matrix) <- probesets
> colnames(data.matrix) <- names(GSMList(gse))</pre>
> pdata <- data.frame(samples=names(GSMList(gse)))</pre>
> rownames(pdata) <- names(GSMList(gse))</pre>
> pheno <- as(pdata, "AnnotatedDataFrame")</pre>
> eset2 <- new('ExpressionSet',exprs=data.matrix,phenoData=pheno)
> eset2
ExpressionSet (storageMode: lockedEnvironment)
assayData: 22283 features, 34 samples
  element names: exprs
protocolData: none
phenoData
  sampleNames: GSM11805 GSM11810 ... GSM12448 (34 total)
  varLabels: samples
  varMetadata: labelDescription
featureData: none
experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
Annotation:
```

So, using a combination of lapply on the GSMList, one can extract as many columns of interest as necessary to build the data structure of choice. Because the GSM data from the GEO website are fully downloaded and included in the GSE object, one can extract foreground and background as well as quality for two-channel arrays, for example. Getting array annotation is also a bit more complicated, but by replacing "platform" in the lapply call to get platform information for each array, one can get other information associated with each array.

# 5 Accessing Raw Data from GEO

NCBI GEO accepts (but has not always required) raw data such as .CEL files, .CDF files, images, etc. Sometimes, it is useful to get quick access to such data. A single function, getGEOSuppFiles, can take as an argument a GEO accession and will download all the raw data associate with that accession. By default, the function will create a directory in the current working directory to store the raw data for the chosen GEO accession. Combining a simple sapply statement or other loop structure with getGEOSuppFiles makes for a very simple way to get gobs of raw data quickly and easily without needing to know the specifics of GEO raw data URLs.

## 6 Use Cases

GEOquery can be quite powerful for gathering a lot of data quickly. A few examples can be useful to show how this might be done for data mining purposes.

## 6.1 Getting all Series Records for a Given Platform

For data mining purposes, it is sometimes useful to be able to pull all the GSE records for a given platform. GEOquery makes this very easy, but a little bit of knowledge of the GPL record is necessary to get started. The GPL record contains both the GSE and GSM accessions that reference it. Some code is useful to illustrate the point:

```
> gp197 <- getGEO('GPL97')
> Meta(gp197)$title

[1] "[HG-U133B] Affymetrix Human Genome U133B Array"
> head(Meta(gp197)$series_id)

[1] "GSE362" "GSE473" "GSE620" "GSE674" "GSE781" "GSE907"
> length(Meta(gp197)$series_id)

[1] 149
> head(Meta(gp197)$sample_id)

[1] "GSM3922" "GSM3924" "GSM3926" "GSM3928" "GSM3930" "GSM3932"
> length(Meta(gp197)$sample_id)

[1] 6156
```

The code above loads the GPL97 record into R. The Meta method extracts a list of header information from the GPL record. The "title" gives the human name of the platform. The "series\_id" gives a vector of series ids. Note that there are more than 120 series associated with this platform and more than 5100 samples. Code like the following could be used to download all the samples or series. I show only the first 5 samples as an example:

```
> gsmids <- Meta(gp197)$sample_id
> gsmlist <- sapply(gsmids[1:5],getGEO)
> names(gsmlist)

[1] "GSM3922" "GSM3924" "GSM3926" "GSM3928" "GSM3930"
```

# 7 Conclusion

The GEO query package provides a bridge to the vast array resources contained in the NCBI GEO repositories. By maintaining the full richness of the GEO data rather than focusing on getting only the "numbers", it is possible to integrate GEO data into current Bioconductor data structures and to perform analyses on that data quite quickly and easily. These tools will hopefully open GEO data more fully to the array community at large.

# 8 sessionInfo

- R version 3.1.1 (2014-07-10), x86\_64-unknown-linux-gnu
- Locale: LC\_CTYPE=en\_US.UTF-8, LC\_NUMERIC=C, LC\_TIME=en\_US.UTF-8, LC\_COLLATE=C, LC\_MONETARY=en\_US.UTF-8, LC\_MESSAGES=en\_US.UTF-8, LC\_PAPER=en\_US.UTF-8, LC\_NAME=C, LC\_ADDRESS=C, LC\_TELEPHONE=C, LC\_MEASUREMENT=en\_US.UTF-8, LC\_IDENTIFICATION=C
- Base packages: base, datasets, grDevices, graphics, methods, parallel, stats, utils
- Other packages: Biobase 2.24.0, BiocGenerics 0.10.0, GEOquery 2.30.1, limma 3.20.8
- Loaded via a namespace (and not attached): RCurl 1.95-4.1, XML 3.98-1.1, tools 3.1.1