

# Package ‘easyRNASeq’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Count summarization and normalization for RNA-Seq data.

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**Description** Calculates the coverage of high-throughput short-reads against a genome of reference and summarizes it per feature of interest (e.g. exon, gene, transcript). The data can be normalized as 'RPKM' or by the 'DESeq' or 'edgeR' package.

**Imports** Biobase (>= 2.24.0), BiocGenerics (>= 0.10.0), biomaRt (>= 2.20.0), Biostrings (>= 2.32.1), DESeq (>= 1.16.0), edgeR (>= 3.6.6), genomeIntervals (>= 1.20.1), GenomicAlignments (>= 1.0.2), GenomicRanges (>= 1.16.3), graphics, IRanges (>= 1.22.9), LSD (>= 2.5), methods, parallel, Rsamtools (>= 1.16.1), ShortRead (>= 1.22.0), utils

**Suggests**

BiocStyle (>= 1.2.0), BSgenome (>= 1.32.0), BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3 (>= 1.3.1000), GenomicFeatures (>= 1.16.2), RnaSeqTutorial (>= 0.2.0), RUnit (>= 0.4.26)

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**R topics documented:**

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---

AnnotParam class      *Class "AnnotParam"*

---

**Description**

A class holding all the necessary parameters to retrieve the necessary annotation for processing an RNA-Seq experiment.

**Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("AnnotParamCharacter", ...)` or `new("AnnotParamObject", ...)` (both subject to API changes) or using the [AnnotParam](#) constructor (failsafe, preferred). The class `AnnotParam` in itself is virtual and hence cannot be instantiated.

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**See Also**

- [RnaSeqParam](#)
- [RnaSeqParam](#) constructor
- [RnaSeqParam](#) accessors
- [simpleRNASeq](#) function
- [AnnotParam](#) constructor

**Examples**

```
showClass("AnnotParam")
```

---

BamParam class      *Class "BamParam"*

---

**Description**

A class describing the parameters of a bam file issued from an RNA-Seq experiment.

**Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("BamParam", ...)` or using the `BamParam` constructor.

**Slots from the Class**

The `BamParam` class has the following slots:

- `paired`
- `stranded`
- `yieldSize`

all of which can be accessed using the accordingly names accessor.

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**See Also**

- [BamParam accessors](#)
- [RnaSeqParam](#)
- [RnaSeqParam constructor](#)
- [RnaSeqParam accessors](#)
- [simpleRNASeq function](#)
- [AnnotParam](#)
- [AnnotParam constructor](#)

**Examples**

```
showClass("BamParam")
```

---

basename methods	<i>Extend the <code>basename</code> function to display Rsamtools BamFile class <code>basename</code></i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Display the basename of the bam file represented by a `BamFile` object.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature BamFile
basename(path)
```

**Arguments**

`path`            an object of class `BamFile` or `BamFileList`

**Methods**

`list("signature(object = \"BamFile\")")` Display the basename of the bam file linked to by a `BamFile` object.

---

count,character-method  
*count method*

---

## Description

This function is to supersede the `easyRNASeq` function in order to consolidate the option parameters as well as the option output. Ideally, the only output would be a `SummarizedExperiment`.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature character
count(filesDirectory = getwd(),
      outputFormat = "SummarizedExperiment", ...)
```

## Arguments

`filesDirectory` The directory where the files to be used are located.

`outputFormat` By default, `easyRNASeq` returns a `SummarizedExperiment`. If one of `DESeq`, `edgeR`, `RNAseq`, `matrix` is provided then the respective object is returned. Ideally, this option should get deprecated and only a `SummarizedExperiment` returned.

... currently additional arguments to the `easyRNASeq` function.

## Value

Returns a `SummarizedExperiment`. If the `outputFormat` option has been set, a corresponding object is returned: a count table (a matrix of m features x n samples), a `DESeq::newCountDataset`, a `edgeR::DGEList` or `RNAseq`.

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

## See Also

[RNAseq SummarizedExperiment](#) [edgeR::DGEList](#) [DESeq::newCountDataset](#) [easyRNASeq:knownOrganisms](#)  
[ShortRead:readAligned](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
library(BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3)

## creating a count table from 4 bam files
sumExp <- count(filesDirectory=system.file(
  "extdata",
  package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
```

```

pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\\.bam$",
readLength=30L,
organism="Dmelanogaster",
chr.sizes=seqlengths(Dmelanogaster),
annotationMethod="rda",
annotationFile=system.file(
  "data",
  "gAnnot.rda",
  package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
count="exons"
)

## the counts
assays(sumExp)
## the sample info
colData(sumExp)
## the features info
rowData(sumExp)

## End(Not run)

```

---

Defunct functions

*The following function are defunct:*

- `lotDispersionEstimates,DGEList-method`
- 

### Description

- The `plotDispersionEstimates,DGEList-method` function is superseded by the `plotBCV` function as the **edgeR** `DGEList` object structure changed
- 

Deprecated functions

*The following function have been deprecated:*

- `easyRNASeq`
  - `fetchCoverage`
  - `fetchAnnotation`
  - `knownOrganisms`
- 

### Description

- The `easyRNASeq` function is superseded by the `simpleRNASeq` function to consolidate and prune the overall package. The changes are based on user comments and on the general standardization occurring in the field.
- The `fetchCoverage` function only had two parameters deprecated as the consequence of the package consolidation. As the `scanBam` function is not called directly anymore but through higher level functions (from the `GenomicRanges` package), the `'what'` and `'isUnmapped-Query'` parameters were obsolete.

---

DESeq additional methods

*Extension for the DESeq package*

---

## Description

- `multivariateConditions` is simply an accessor for the `multivariateConditions` slot of a `CountDataSet` object
- `plotDispLSD` is a function similar to `plotDispEsts` that adds a density estimate as a colored heatmap from grey (few) to yellow (many).
- `plotDispersionEstimates` offers the functionality to plot the dispersion estimate as described in the **DESeq** vignette.

## Usage

```
multivariateConditions(obj)
plotDispLSD(obj, name = NULL, ymin,
linecol = "#00000080", xlab = "mean of normalized counts",
ylab = "dispersion", log = "xy", cex = 0.45, ...)
plotDispersionEstimates(obj, cond, log, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>obj</code>	An object of class <code>CountDataSet</code>
<code>cex</code>	standard <code>plot.default</code> parameter
<code>cond</code>	A character string describing the first condition
<code>linecol</code>	defines the line color
<code>log</code>	A character string passed onto <code>plot.default</code>
<code>name</code>	argument passed to the <b>DESeq</b> <code>fitInfo</code> function.
<code>xlab</code>	standard <code>plot.default</code> parameter
<code>ylab</code>	standard <code>plot.default</code> parameter
<code>ymin</code>	numeric value defining the lower limit for the y axis
<code>...</code>	Additional plotting parameters

## Value

- `multivariateConditions` returns a boolean describing whether the data to analyze is multivariate or not
- `plotDispLSD` and `plotDispersionEstimates` returns nothing

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme, Bastian Schiffthaler

**See Also**

[CountDataSet plotDispEsts](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
## these are helper function for the DESeq package
## refer to its vignette first
cds <- newCountDataSet(countData,conditions)
cds <- estimateSizeFactors(cds)
cds <- estimateDispersions(cds)
mVar <- multivariateConditions(cds)
plotDispersionEstimates(cds,conditions[1])

## End(Not run)
```

---

easyRNASeq accessors *Accessors for RNAseq class*

---

**Description**

These functions and generics define ‘accessors’ (to get and set values) for objects in the **easyRNASeq** package.

**Usage**

```
genomicAnnotation(obj)
readCounts(obj,count=c("exons","features","genes","islands","transcripts"),
summarization=c("bestExons","geneModels"),unique=FALSE)
genomicAnnotation(obj) <- value
```

**Arguments**

obj	An object derived from class RNAseq.
count	The type of count you want to access, ‘genes’, ‘features’, ‘exons’, ‘transcripts’ or ‘islands’
summarization	If count is set to genes, precise the type of summarization, ‘bestExons’ or ‘geneModels’
unique	For the ‘exons’ count only. Should the counts returned be unique for their identifier (i.e. the matrix row names)?
value	The replacement value.

**Value**

Usually, the value of the corresponding slot, or other simple content described on the help page of easyRNASeq.



**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**Examples**

```
rnaSeq<-new("RNAseq")
##set organisme name of an RNAseq object
organismName(rnaSeq) <- "Dmelanogaster"
##get organisme name of an RNAseq object
orgName<-organismName(rnaSeq)
```

---

easyRNASeq annotation methods

*Get genic annotation from a gff3/gtf file or using biomaRt*

---

**Description**

The annotation can be retrieved in two ways

- **biomaRt** Use **biomaRt** and Ensembl to get organism specific annotation.
- **gff3/gtf** Use a gff3 or gtf local annotation file.
- When using **biomaRt**, it is important that the **organism** argument to **AnnotParam** is set the prefix of one of the value available using the **biomaRt listDatasets** function, e.g. "Dmelanogaster".
- When reading from a gff3/gtf file, a version 3 formatted gff or a gtf (an Ensembl defined gff2 version) is expected. The function **genomeIntervals readGff3** is used to import the data.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature AnnotParam
getAnnotation(obj, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<b>obj</b>	An object of class <b>AnnotParam</b>
<b>verbose</b>	a boolean to turn on verbosity
<b>...</b>	See details

**Details**

... are for additional arguments, passed to the **biomaRt getBM** function or to the **readGffGtf** internal function that takes an optional arguments: **annotation.type** that default to "exon". This is used to select the proper rows of the gff or gtf file.

**Value**

A [GRanges](#) containing the fetched annotations.

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
getAnnotation(
  AnnotParam(
    organism="Dmelanogaster",
    datasource=system.file(
      "extdata",
      "Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",
      package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
    type="gff3"
  ))

## End(Not run)
```

---

easyRNASeq AnnotParam accessors

*Accessors for AnnotParam class*

---

**Description**

These functions and generics define ‘accessors’ (to get and set values) for [AnnotParam](#) objects within the **easyRNASeq** package. Implemented are:

- `datasource`
- `type`

**Usage**

```
datasource(object)
## S4 method for signature AnnotParam
type(x)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	An object derived from class <code>AnnotParam</code> .
<code>object</code>	An object derived from class <code>AnnotParam</code> .

**Value**

The value of the corresponding slot.

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**See Also**

The [AnnotParam](#) class. The type and organism generics are imported from the [BSgenome](#) and [Biostrings](#) package, respectively.

**Examples**

```
annot <- AnnotParam(  
  datasource=system.file(  
    "extdata",  
    "Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",  
    package="RnaSeqTutorial")  
)  
## get the datasource Parameter  
datasource(annot)
```

---

easyRNASeq AnnotParam constructor  
*AnnotParam constructor*

---

**Description**

This constructs a [AnnotParam](#) object. The `datasource` parameter (see details) is mandatory, however other parameters, *i.e.* when the `datasource` is not a [GRangesList](#) or [RangedData](#) default to "genes" and "gff3", indicating that the `datasource` is in the gff3 format and that the contained information needs to be grouped by "genes". This representing the most common use case. Hence, it is left to the user to refine the parameters accordingly to the annotation he is providing or wishes to retrieve.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature character  
AnnotParam(datasource = character(0), type = c("gff3",  
  "biomaRt", "gtf", "rda"))
```

**Arguments**

`datasource` a character or a [RangedData](#) or a [GRangesList](#) object. See details.  
`type` one of NULL, biomaRt, gff3, gtf or rda. Default to NULL. See details.

**Details**

Note that calling the constructor without argument fails, as the `datasource` is a mandatory parameter. Calling the constructor with additional (not all) parameters will affect the value of the selected parameters, leaving the other parameters unaffected. There are three parameters for an [AnnotParam](#) object:

- `datasource` If no type is provided, the `datasource` should be either a [GRangesList](#) (preferred) or a [RangedData](#) (subject to future deprecation) object containing the genic information. These can be obtained using the [getAnnotation](#) function.
- `type` One of `biomaRt`, `gff3`, `gtf` or `rda`. The default is "gff3". In all cases, the `datasource` is a character describing:
  - For `biomaRt`, the name of the organism as known by the `ensembl` Mart, *e.g.* `dme-lanogaster` or `hsapiens`.
  - For `gff3`, `gtf` or `rda`, the filename (including the full or relative path).

### See Also

- [GRangesList](#)
- [RangedData](#)
- [getAnnotation](#)

### Examples

```
## create an object to retrieve annotation from biomaRt
annotParam <- AnnotParam(datasource="Hsapiens",type="biomaRt")

## get the datasource and type
datasource(annotParam)
type(annotParam)

## create an object to retrieve annotation from an rda object
## Not run:
library(RnaSeqTutorial)
annotParam <- AnnotParam(datasource=system.file(
  package="RnaSeqTutorial",
  "data", "gAnnot.rda"
),type="rda")

## End(Not run)
```

---

easyRNASeq BamParam accessors

*Accessors for BamParam class*

---

### Description

These functions and generics define ‘accessors’ (to get and set values) for [BamParam](#) objects within the **easyRNASeq** package.

### Usage

```
yieldSize(object,...)
paired(object)
stranded(object)
```

**Arguments**

object	An object derived from class BamParam.
...	Additional parameter inherited from the <a href="#">Rsamtools</a> package <code>yieldSize</code> function. Ignored here.

**Value**

The value of the corresponding slot.

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**See Also**

The [BamParam](#) class The [RnaSeqParam](#) `yieldSize` accessor

**Examples**

```
bp <- BamParam()
## get the yieldSize Parameter
ysize <-yieldSize(bp)
```

---

easyRNASeq BamParam constructor

*BamParam constructor*

---

**Description**

This constructs a [BamParam](#) object. The default parameters are derived from the currently most common RNA-Seq experimental use-case and are detailed below:

- `paired` is TRUE, *i.e.* paired-end sequencing is expected.
- `stranded` is FALSE *i.e.* stranded sequencing is not expected.
- `yieldSize` is set to 1,000,000. This is the amount of reads iteratively processed from the bam file stream. It is a compromise between speed, process-parallelization and memory usage.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature ANY
BamParam(paired = TRUE, stranded = FALSE,
         yieldSize = 1000000L)
```

**Arguments**

<code>paired</code>	TODO
<code>stranded</code>	TODO
<code>yieldSize</code>	TODO

**Details**

Calling the constructor without argument result in the default parameter described above to be returned. Calling the constructor with any parameter will affect the value of the selected parameters, leaving the other parameters unaffected.

**Examples**

```
## the defaults
BamParam()

## change the default
BamParam(paired=FALSE)
BamParam(stranded=TRUE,yieldSize=1L)
```

---

easyRNASeq correction methods

*easyRNASeq count table correction to RPKM*

---

**Description**

Convert a count table obtained from the easyRNASeq function into an RPKM corrected count table.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature matrix,ANY,vector,vector
RPKM(obj, from = c("exons", "features",
  "transcripts", "bestExons", "geneModels", "islands"), lib.size = numeric(1),
  feature.size = integer(1), simplify = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>feature.size</code>	Precise the feature (e.g. exons, genes) sizes. It should be a named numeric list, named after the feature names.
<code>from</code>	Determine the kind of coverage to use, choice limited to: exons, features, transcripts, bestExons, geneModels or islands.
<code>lib.size</code>	Precise the library size. It should be a named numeric list, i.e. named after the sample names.
<code>obj</code>	An object of class <a href="#">RNAseq</a> or a <code>matrix</code> , see details
<code>simplify</code>	If set to <code>TRUE</code> , whenever a feature (exon, feature, ...) is duplicated in the count table, it is only returned once.
<code>...</code>	additional arguments. See details

**Details**

RPKM accepts two sets of arguments:

- `RNAseq`, character the ... are additional arguments to be passed to the [readCounts](#) method.
- `matrix`, named vector normalize a count matrix by providing the feature sizes (e.g. gene sizes) as a named vector where the names match the row names of the count matrix and the lib sizes as a named vector where the names match the column names of the count matrix.

**Value**

A matrix containing RPKM corrected read counts.

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**See Also**

[readCounts](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
## get an RNAseq object
rnaSeq <- easyRNASeq(filesDirectory=
  system.file(
    "extdata",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
  pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\\\.bam$",
  format="bam",
  readLength=36L,
  organism="Dmelanogaster",
  chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
  annotationMethod="rda",
  annotationFile=system.file(
    "data",
    "gAnnot.rda",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
  count="exons",
  outputFormat="RNAseq")

## get the RPKM
rpkm <- RPKM(rnaSeq, from="exons")

## the same from a count table
count.table <- readCounts(rnaSeq, count="exons")

## get the RPKM
## verify that the feature are sorted as the count.table
all(.getName(rnaSeq, "exon") == rownames(count.table))
feature.size <- unlist(width(ranges(rnaSeq)))
```

```
## verify that the samples are ordered in the same way
all(names(librarySize(rnaSeq)) == colnames(count.table))

## get the RPKM
rpkm <- RPKM(count.table,
feature.size=feature.size,
lib.size=librarySize(rnaSeq))

## End(Not run)
```

---

easyRNASeq coverage methods

*Compute the coverage from a Short Read Alignment file*

---

## Description

Computes the genomic reads' coverage from a read file in bam format or any format supported by **ShortRead**.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature RNAseq
fetchCoverage(obj, format = c("aln", "bam"),
  filename = character(1), filter = srFilter(), type = "SolexaExport",
  chr.sel = c(), validity.check = TRUE, chr.map = data.frame(),
  ignoreWarnings = FALSE, gapped = TRUE, paired = FALSE,
  stranded = FALSE, bp.coverage = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

obj	An <a href="#">RNAseq</a> object
bp.coverage	a boolean that default to FALSE to decide whether coverage is to be calculated and stored by bp
chr.map	A data.frame describing the mapping of original chromosome names towards wished chromosome names. See details.
chr.sel	A vector of chromosome names to subset the final results.
filename	The full path of the file to use
filter	The filter to be applied when loading the data using the "aln" format
format	The format of the reads, one of "aln", "bam". If not "bam", all the types supported by the ShortRead package are supported too.
gapped	Is the bam file provided containing gapped alignments?
ignoreWarnings	set to TRUE (bad idea! they have a good reason to be there) if you do not want warning messages.
paired	Is the bam file containing PE reads?



stranded	Is the bam file from a strand specific protocol?
type	The type of data when using the "aln" format. See the <b>ShortRead</b> package.
validity.check	Shall UCSC chromosome name convention be enforced
...	additional arguments. See details

### Details

... for fetchCoverage: Can be used for readAligned method from package **ShortRead**. The use of the dots for the scanBamFlag method from package **Rsamtools** has been deprecated, as were the 'what' and 'isUnmappedQuery' argument to the function

### Value

An **RNAseq** object. The slot readCoverage contains a SimpleRleList object representing a list of coverage vectors, one per chromosome.

### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

### See Also

[Rle ShortRead:readAligned](#)

### Examples

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
library(BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3)

obj <- new(RNAseq,
  organismName="Dmelanogaster",
  readLength=36L,
  chrSize=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster))
)

obj <- fetchCoverage(
  obj,
  format="bam",
  filename=system.file(
    "extdata",
    "ACACTG.bam",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial")
)

## End(Not run)
```

---

easyRNASeq deprecated annotation methods

*Fetch genic annotation from a gff/gtf file or using biomaRt*

---

## Description

The annotation can be retrieved in two ways

- `biomaRt` Use `biomaRt` and `Ensembl` to get organism specific annotation.
- `gff/gtf` Use a `gff` or `gtf` local annotation file.

When using **biomaRt**, it is important that the `organismName` slot of the `RNAseq` object is set the prefix of one of the value available using the `biomaRt listDatasets` function, e.g. "Dmelanogaster". When reading from a `gff/gtf` file, a version 3 formatted `gff` (`gtf` are modified `gff3` from `Ensembl`) is expected. The function `genomeIntervals readGff3` is used to read the data in. Another annotation caveat is the reference names, *i.e.* the chromosome/scaffold names used in the alignment files and those fetched when retrieving the genic annotation might differ. **easyRNASeq** tries to be clever in this case and guess the correspondance. However, it is not always obvious. Organisms were this has been checked can be listed with the `knownOrganisms` function.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature RNAseq
fetchAnnotation(obj, annotationMethod = c("biomaRt", "gff",
    "gtf"), filename = character(1), ignoreWarnings = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>obj</code>	An object of class <code>RNAseq</code>
<code>annotationMethod</code>	one of <code>biomaRt</code> , <code>gff</code> , <code>gtf</code>
<code>filename</code>	If the method is <code>gff</code> or <code>gtf</code> , the actual <code>gtf</code> , <code>gff</code> filename
<code>ignoreWarnings</code>	set to <code>TRUE</code> (bad idea! they have a good reason to be there) if you do not want warning messages.
<code>...</code>	See details

## Details

`...` are for additional arguments, passed to the `biomaRt getBM` function or to the `readGffGtf` internal function that takes an optional arguments: `annotation.type` that default to "exon". This is used to select the proper rows of the `gff` or `gtf` file.

## Value

- For `fetchAnnotation`: A `RangedData` containing the fetched annotations.
- For `knownOrganisms`: A vector containing the known organisms

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
obj <- new(RNAseq,
  organismName="Dmelanogaster",
  readLength=36L,
  chrSize=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster))
)

obj <- fetchAnnotation(obj,
  annotationMethod="gff",
  filename=system.file(
    "extdata",
    "Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"))

## End(Not run)

knownOrganisms()
```

---

easyRNASeq GenomicRanges package extension

*Extension of the GenomicRanges package*

---

**Description**

Describes extensions to the [GenomicRanges](#) package. For [GRanges](#) and [GRangesList](#) objects:

- `colnames` returns the column name of a [GRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object.
- `unsafeAppend` appends two [GAlignments](#) object together bypassing most sanity checks. Faster than the standard `c` or `append` function.

**Usage**

```
colnames(x, do.NULL = TRUE, prefix = "col")
unsafeAppend(obj1, obj2)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	An object of the <a href="#">GRanges</a> or <a href="#">GRangesList</a> class
<code>do.NULL</code>	see <a href="#">colnames</a> for details
<code>prefix</code>	see <a href="#">colnames</a> for details
<code>obj1</code>	A <a href="#">GAlignments</a> object
<code>obj2</code>	A <a href="#">GAlignments</a> object

## Details

- `colnames` returns the actual column names of the `elementMetadata` slot of the `GRanges` or `GRangesList` object. The `elementMetadata` contains a `DataFrame` object used to store additional information provided by the user, such as exon ID in our case.
- `unsafeAppend` appends two `GAlignments` objects.

## Value

- `colnames`: A vector of column names.
- `unsafeAppend`: A `GAlignments` object

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

## See Also

- [DataFrame](#)
- [GRanges](#)
- [GRangesList](#)
- [GAlignments colnames](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:
## an example of a RangedData annotation
gAnnot <- RangedData(
  IRanges(
    start=c(10,30,100),
    end=c(21,53,123)),
  space=c("chr01", "chr01", "chr02"),
  strand=c("+", "+", "-"),
  transcripts=c("trA1", "trA2", "trB"),
  gene=c("gA", "gA", "gB"),
  exon=c("e1", "e2", "e3"),
  universe = "Hs19"
)

## an example of a GRangesList annotation
grngs <- as(gAnnot, "GRanges")

## accessing the colnames
colnames(grngs)

## creating a GRangesList
grngsList<-split(grngs, seqnames(grngs))

## accessing the colnames
colnames(grngsList)
```

```
## End(Not run)

## For unsafeAppend
library(GenomicAlignments)
unsafeAppend(GAlignments(),GAlignments())
```

---

easyRNASeq island methods

*Identify expressed regions de-novo*

---

## Description

Process the coverage to locate regions with a minimum coverage (min.cov). If regions are separated by a gap shorter than a maximum length (max.gap), they are unified. Only islands longer than min.length are returned. These functions are now outdated and would need to be actualized.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature RNAseq
findIslands(obj, max.gap = integer(1), min.cov = 1L,
  min.length = integer(1), plot = TRUE, ...)
```

## Arguments

obj	An object of class RNAseq
max.gap	Maximum gap between two peaks to build an island
min.cov	Minimum coverage for an island to be returned
min.length	Minimum size of an island to be returned
plot	If TRUE, draw plots of coverage distribution. Help the user to select an appropriate value for the minimum coverage.
...	See details

## Details

... are for providing additional options to the [hist](#) plot function.

## Value

An RNAseq object with the readIsland slot set with a RangedData containing the selected islands and the readCount slot actualized with a list containing the count table per island.

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

## Examples

```
## Not run:
## NOTE that this function might need to be actualized
obj <- new(RNAseq,
  organismName="Dmelanogaster",
  readLength=36L,
  chrSize=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster))
)

obj <- fetchCoverage(
  obj,
  format="bam",
  filename=system.file(
    "extdata",
    "ACACTG.bam",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial")
)

obj <- findIslands(
  obj,
  max.gap=10L,
  min.cov=10L,
  min.length=200L)

## End(Not run)
```

---

easyRNASeq package	<i>Count summarization and normalization pipeline for Next Generation Sequencing data.</i>
--------------------	--

---

## Description

Offers functionalities to summarize read counts per feature of interest, e.g. exons, transcripts, genes, etc. Offers functionalities to normalize the summarized counts using 3rd party packages like [DESeq](#) or [edgeR](#).

## Details

Package: easyRNASeq  
Type: Package  
Version: 2.0.8  
Date: 2014-07-15  
License: Artistic-2.0  
LazyLoad: yes  
Depends: methods, parallel, biomaRt, edgeR, DESeq, genomeIntervals, LSD, Rsamtools, ShortRead, RnaSeqTutorial  
Suggests: BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3

## Methods

The main function `easyRNASeq` will summarize the counts per feature of interest, for as many samples as provided and will return a count matrix (N\*M) where N are the features and M the samples. This data can be corrected to **RPKM** in which case a matrix of corrected value is returned instead, with the same dimensions. Alternatively a `SummarizedExperiment` can be returned and this is expected to be the default in the upcoming version of `easyRNASeq` (as of 1.5.x). If the necessary sample information are provided, the data can be normalized using either `DESeq` or `edgeR` and the corresponding package object returned. For more insider details, and step by step functions, see:

[ShortRead methods](#) for pre-processing the data. [easyRNASeq annotation methods](#) for getting the annotation. [easyRNASeq](#)

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme, Bastian Schiffthaler, Ismael Padioleau

## See Also

The class RNAseq specification: [RNAseq](#)

The default output class specification: [SummarizedExperiment](#)

The imported packages: [biomaRt](#) [edgeR](#) [genomeIntervals](#) [Biostrings](#) [BSgenome](#) [DESeq](#) [GenomicRanges](#) [IRanges](#) [Rsamtools](#) [ShortRead](#)

The suggested packages: [parallel](#) [GenomicFeatures](#)

The following classes and functions that are made available from other packages:

- Classes [BamFileList](#) [RangedData](#) [SummarizedExperiment](#)
- Functions/Methods [The SummarizedExperiment assay accessor](#) [The IRanges constructor](#) [The RangedData constructor](#) [The BamFileList constructor](#) [For the SRFilterResult,](#) [chromosomeFilter](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
library(BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3)

## creating a count table from 4 bam files
count.table <- easyRNASeq(filesDirectory=
  system.file(
    "extdata",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
  pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\..bam$",
  format="bam",
  readLength=36L,
  organism="Dmelanogaster",
  chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
  annotationMethod="rda",
```

```
annotationFile=system.file(
  "data",
  "gAnnot.rda",
  package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
count="exons")

## End(Not run)
```

---

easyRNASeq RnaSeqParam accessors  
*Accessors for RnaSeqParam class*

---

### Description

These functions and generics define ‘accessors’ (to get and set values) for [RnaSeqParam](#) objects within the **easyRNASeq** package. Implemented are:

- `annotParam`
- `bamParam`
- `countBy`
- `datasource`
- `paired`
- `precision`
- `stranded`
- `yieldSize`

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature RnaSeqParam
yieldSize(object)
```

### Arguments

`object`            An object derived from class `RnaSeqParam`.

### Value

The value of the corresponding slot.

### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme



### See Also

- The [AnnotParam](#) class
- The [BamParam](#) class
- The [RnaSeqParam](#) class

The [BamParam](#) `yieldSize` accessor

### Examples

```
## create the necessary AnnotParam
annotParam <- AnnotParam(
  datasource=system.file(
    "extdata",
    "Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"))

## create the RnaSeqParam
rsp <- RnaSeqParam(annotParam=annotParam)
## get the yieldSize Parameter
ysize <- yieldSize(rsp)
```

---

easyRNASeq RnaSeqParam constructor

*RnaSeqParam constructor*

---

### Description

This constructs a [RnaSeqParam](#) object, that combines all the necessary parameters for the analysis of RNA-Seq data. As much as possible, these parameters are determined automatically. It describes three sets of parameters:

- parameters describing the annotation
- parameters describing the BAM files, *i.e.* the type of sequencing that was conducted.
- parameters describing how the counting should be done.

The first two are provided through specific objects: [AnnotParam](#) and [BamParam](#) respectively. The third one is a set constituted of:

- `countBy`: the feature per which the counts should be summarized ( exon, transcript or gene. A fourth possibility - feature - can be used to define arbitrary genomic loci)
- `precision`: the precision at which the counts should be performed: bp or reads. bp used to be the default in the easyRNASeq package, whereas now reads is, following the Bioconductor main stream development.

The default parameters for the [BamParam](#) parameter are derived from the currently most common RNA-Seq experimental use-case: strand-specific paired-end Illumina sequencing. See the respective manual pages of [AnnotParam](#) and [BamParam](#) for more details.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature ANY
RnaSeqParam(annotParam = AnnotParam(),
  bamParam = BamParam(), countBy = c("exons", "features", "genes",
  "transcripts"), precision = c("read", "bp"))
```

**Arguments**

annotParam	An object derived from class AnnotParam.
bamParam	An object derived from class BamParam.
countBy	TODO
precision	A character value, either 'read' or 'bp' that defines the precision at which counting is done, either per read or per covered bp. 'read' is the default.

**Examples**

```
annotParam <- AnnotParam(
  datasource=system.file(
    "extdata",
    "Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"))

## create the RnaSeqParam
rsp <- RnaSeqParam(annotParam=annotParam)

## change some defaults
RnaSeqParam(countBy="features",annotParam=annotParam)
RnaSeqParam(bamParam=BamParam(stranded=TRUE,yieldSize=1L),annotParam=annotParam)
```

---

easyRNASeq summarization methods

*Count methods for RNAseq object*

---

**Description**

Summarize the read counts per exon, feature, gene, transcript or island.

- `exonCounts`: for that summarization, reads are summarized per exons. An "exon" field is necessary in the annotation object for this to work. See [easyRNASeq annotation methods](#) for more details on the annotation object.
- `featureCounts` is similar to the 'exons' one. This is just a wrapper to summarize count for genomic features that are not exon related. I.e. one could use it to measure eRNAs. Again, a "feature" field is necessary in the annotation object for this to work.
- `geneCounts` sums the counts per either `bestExons` or `geneModels`. In either case, the annotation object needs to contain both an "exon" and a "gene" field.
- `islandCounts` sums the counts per computed islands.

- `transcriptCounts` sums the counts obtained by exons into their respective transcripts. Note that this often result in counting some reads several times. For this function to work you need both an "exon" and a "transcript" field in your annotation object. To avoid this, one could create transcript specific synthetic exons, i.e. features that would be unique to a transcript. To offer this possibility, transcripts count can be summarized from "features", in which case the annotation object need to have both the "feature" and "transcript" fields defined.

## Usage

```

exonCounts(obj)
featureCounts(obj)
transcriptCounts(obj, from="exons")
geneCounts(obj, summarization=c("bestExons", "geneModels"), ...)
islandCounts(obj, force=FALSE, ...)

```

## Arguments

<code>obj</code>	An object derived from class <code>RNAseq</code> , can be a matrix for RPKM, see details
<code>force</code>	For <code>islandCount</code> , force RNAseq to redo <code>findIsland</code>
<code>from</code>	either "exons" or "features" can be used to summarize per transcript
<code>summarization</code>	Method use for summarize genes
<code>...</code>	See details

## Details

... for

- `geneCounts`: additional options for the `.geneModelSummarization`
- `islandCounts`: additional options for `findIslands`

## Value

A numeric vector containing count per exon, feature, gene or transcript.

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

## See Also

[easyRNASeq annotation methods](#) [.geneModelSummarization](#) [findIslands](#)

## Examples

```

## Not run:
## create an RNAseq object
## summarizing 4 bam files by exons
rnaSeq <- easyRNASeq(system.file(
                                "extdata",

```

```

        package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
    organism="Dmelanogaster",
    chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
    readLength=36L,
    annotationMethod="rda",
    annotationFile=system.file(
        "data",
        "gAnnot.rda",
        package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
    format="bam",
    count="exons",
    pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\\.bam$",
    outputFormat="RNAseq")
## summing up the exons by transcript
rnaSeq <- transcriptCounts(rnaSeq)

## End(Not run)

```

---

easyRNASeq,character-method

*easyRNASeq method*

---

## Description

This function is a wrapper around the more low level functionalities of the package. Is the easiest way to get a count matrix from a set of read files. It does the following:

- [use ShortRead/Rsamtools methods](#) for loading/pre-processing the data.
- [fetch the annotations](#) depending on the provided arguments
- [get the reads coverage](#) from the provided file(s)
- [summarize the reads](#) according to the selected summarization features
- [optionally apply](#) a data correction (i.e. generating RPKM).
- [use edgeR methods](#) for post-processing the data or
- [use DESeq methods](#) for post-processing the data (either of them being recommended over RPKM).

## Usage

```

## S4 method for signature character
easyRNASeq(filesDirectory = getwd(),
  organism = character(1), chr.sizes = c("auto"), readLength = integer(1),
  annotationMethod = c("biomaRt", "env", "gff", "gtf", "rda"),
  annotationFile = character(1), annotationObject = RangedData(),
  format = c("bam", "aln"), gapped = FALSE, count = c("exons", "features",
  "genes", "islands", "transcripts"), outputFormat = c("matrix",
  "SummarizedExperiment", "DESeq", "edgeR", "RNAseq"), pattern = character(1),
  filenames = character(0), nbCore = 1, filter = srFilter(),

```

```

type = "SolexaExport", chr.sel = c(), summarization = c("bestExons",
"geneModels"), normalize = FALSE, max.gap = integer(1), min.cov = 1L,
min.length = integer(1), plot = TRUE, conditions = c(),
validity.check = TRUE, chr.map = data.frame(), ignoreWarnings = FALSE,
silent = FALSE, ...)

```

## Arguments

annotationFile	The location (full path) of the annotation file
annotationObject	A <a href="#">RangedData</a> or <a href="#">GRangesList</a> object containing the annotation.
annotationMethod	The method to fetch the annotation, one of "biomaRt", "env", "gff", "gtf" or "rda". All methods but "biomaRt" and "env" require the annotationFile to be set. The "env" method requires the annotationObject to be set.
chr.map	A data.frame describing the mapping of original chromosome names towards wished chromosome names. See details.
chr.sel	A vector of chromosome names to subset the final results.
chr.sizes	A vector or a list containing the chromosomes' size of the selected organism or simply the string "auto". See details.
conditions	A vector of descriptor, each sample must have a descriptor if you use outputFormat DESeq or edgeR. The size of this list must be equal to the number of sample. In addition the vector should be named with the filename of the corresponding samples.
count	The feature used to summarize the reads. One of 'exons', 'features', 'genes', 'islands' or 'transcripts'. See details.
filenames	The name, not the path, of the files to use
filesDirectory	The directory where the files to be used are located. Defaults to the current directory.
filter	The filter to be applied when loading the data using the "aln" format
format	The format of the reads, one of "aln", "bam". If not "bam", all the types supported by the <b>ShortRead</b> package are supported too. As of version 1.3.5, it defaults to bam.
gapped	Is the bam file provided containing gapped alignments?
ignoreWarnings	set to TRUE (bad idea! they have a good reason to be there) if you do not want warning messages.
min.cov	When computing read islands, the minimal coverage to take into account for calling an island
min.length	The minimal size an island should have to be kept
max.gap	When computing read islands, the maximal gap size allowed between two islands to merge them
nbCore	defines how many CPU core to use when computing the geneModels. Use the default parallel library

normalize	A boolean to convert the returned counts in RPKM. Valid when the outputFormat is left undefined (i.e. when a matrix is returned) and when it is DESeq or edgeR. Note that it is not advised to normalize the data prior DESeq or edgeR usage!
organism	A character string describing the organism
outputFormat	By default, easyRNASeq returns a matrix. If one of DESeq,edgeR,RNAseq, <a href="#">SummarizedExperiment</a> is provided then the respective object is returned.
pattern	For easyRNASeq, the pattern of file to look for, e.g. "bam\$"
plot	Whether or not to plot assessment graphs.
readLength	The read length in bp
silent	set to TRUE if you do not want messages to be printed out.
summarization	A character defining which method to use when summarizing reads by genes. So far, only "geneModels" is available.
type	The type of data when using the "aln" format. See the ShortRead library.
validity.check	Shall UCSC chromosome name convention be enforced? This is only supported for a set of organisms, see <a href="#">easyRNASeq:knownOrganisms</a> , otherwise the argument 'chr.map' can be used to complement it.
...	additional arguments. See details

## Details

- ... Additional arguments for different functions:
  - For the **biomaRt** [getBM](#) function
  - For the [readGffGtf](#) internal function that takes an optional arguments: annotation.type that default to "exon" (used to select the proper rows of the gff or gtf file)
  - For the DESeq [estimateDispersions](#) method
  - For to the [list.files](#) function used to locate the read files.
- the annotationObject When the annotationMethods is set to env or rda, a properly formatted RangedData or GRangesList object need to be provided. Check the paragraph RangedData in the vignette or the examples at the bottom of this page for examples. The data.frame-like structure of these objects is where easyRNASeq will look for the exon, feature, transcript, or gene identifier. Depending on the count method selected, it is essential that the akin column name is present in the annotationObject. E.g. when counting "features", the annotationObject has to contain a "feature" field.
- the chr.map The chr.map argument for the easyRNASeq function only works for an "organism-Name" of value 'custom' with the "validity.check" parameter set to 'TRUE'. This data.frame should contain two columns named 'from' and 'to'. The row should represent the chromosome name in your original data and the wished name in the output of the function.
- count The count can be summarized by exons, features, genes, islands or transcripts. While exons, genes and transcripts are obvious, "features" describes any features provided by the user, e.g. enhancer loci. These are processed as the exons are. For "islands", it is for an under development function that identifies de-novo expression loci and count the number of reads overlapping them.
- chr.sizes If set to "auto", then the format has to be "bam", in which case the chromosome names and size are extracted from the BAM header

**Value**

Returns a count table (a matrix of m features x n samples). If the `outputFormat` option has been set, a corresponding object is returned: a [SummarizedExperiment](#), a [DESeq:newCountDataset](#), a [edgeR:DGEList](#) or [RNAseq](#).

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**See Also**

[RNAseq SummarizedExperiment](#) [edgeR:DGEList](#) [DESeq:newCountDataset](#) [easyRNASeq:knownOrganisms](#) [ShortRead:readAligned](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
library(BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3)

## creating a count table from 4 bam files
count.table <- easyRNASeq(filesDirectory=
  system.file(
    "extdata",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
  pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\\.bam$",
  format="bam",
  readLength=36L,
  organism="Dmelanogaster",
  chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
  annotationMethod="rda",
  annotationFile=system.file(
    "data",
    "gAnnot.rda",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
  count="exons")

## an example of a chr.map
chr.map <- data.frame(from=c("2L", "2R", "MT"), to=c("chr2L", "chr2R", "chrMT"))

## an example of a RangedData annotation
gAnnot <- RangedData(
  IRanges(
    start=c(10,30,100),
    end=c(21,53,123)),
  space=c("chr01", "chr01", "chr02"),
  strand=c("+", "+", "-"),
  transcript=c("trA1", "trA2", "trB"),
  gene=c("gA", "gA", "gB"),
  exon=c("e1", "e2", "e3"),
  universe = "Hs19"
)
```

```
## an example of a GRangesList annotation
grngs <- as(gAnnot,"GRanges")
grngsList<-split(grngs,seqnames(grngs))

## End(Not run)
```

---

edgeR additional methods

*Extension for the edgeR package*

---

## Description

This method extends the edgeR package by offering the functionality to plot the effect of the normalization factor.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature DGEList,character,character
plotNormalizationFactors(obj = DGEList(),
  cond1 = character(1), cond2 = character(1))
```

## Arguments

obj	An object of class <code>DGEList</code>
cond1	A character string describing the first condition
cond2	A character string describing the second condition

## Value

none

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

## Examples

```
## Not run:
## create the object
dgeList <- DGEList(counts,group)
## calculate the sie factors
dgeList <- calcNormFactors(dgeList)
## plot them
apply(combn(rownames(dgeList$samples),2),
  2,
  function(co,obj){plotNormalizationFactors(obj,co[1],co[2])},dgeList)

## End(Not run)
```



---

file.exists methods    *Extend the file.exists function to check the path slot of a Rsamtools BamFile class for existence*

---

### Description

Check if the bam file represented by a [BamFile](#) object exists.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature BamFile
file.exists(...)
```

### Arguments

...                    a [BamFile](#) object

### Methods

**list("signature(object = \"BamFile\")")** Checkk if the bam file linked to by a [BamFile](#) object exists.

---

genomeIntervals additional methods  
*Extension for the genomeIntervals package*

---

### Description

**coerce** This method extends the genomeIntervals package by offering the functionality to coerce a [genomeIntervals](#) object into a [RangedData](#) object or [GRangesList](#) object.

**type** Another way to access the content of the gff type column.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature Genome_intervals
type(x)
## S4 method for signature Genome_intervals
as(from,to)
```

### Arguments

from                    An object of class [Genome\\_intervals](#)  
to                        a character string; either [RangedData](#) or [GRangesList](#)  
x                         An object of class [Genome\\_intervals](#)

**Value**

**coerce** A [RangedData](#) or [GRangesList](#) containing the result of the coercion.

**type** The content of the type column, usually a factor or a character vector

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**See Also**

- [genomeIntervals](#) object
- [readGff3](#) function

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
annot<-readGff3(system.file("extdata",
                           "Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",
                           package="RnaSeqTutorial"))
gAnnot<-as(annot,"RangedData") type(annot)
type(annot)

## End(Not run)
```

---

getBamFileList	<i>Get a BamFileList from a list of filenames</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

A utility function to create a `linkS4class{BamFileList-class}BamFileList` object from a set of filenames. The filenames need to contain the file path if they are not in the working directory.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature character
getBamFileList(filenames = character(0))
```

**Arguments**

`filenames` a character vector containing fully defined filenames

**Value**

a `linkS4class{BamFileList-class}BamFileList`

**See Also**

`linkS4class{BamFileList-class}BamFileList` [dir](#)

## Examples

```
library("RnaSeqTutorial")

## creating a BamFileList using a directory and pattern
bfl <- getBamFileList(
  dir(path=system.file("extdata",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
    pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\\\.bam$",
    full.names=TRUE))

## using filenames
filenames <- dir(path=
  system.file("extdata",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
  pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\\\.bam$",
  full.names=TRUE)
bfl <- getBamFileList(filenames)

## get them recursively
filenames <- dir(path=
  system.file("extdata",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
  pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\\\.bam$",
  full.names=TRUE, recursive=TRUE)
bfl <- getBamFileList(filenames)
```

---

IRanges additional methods

*Extension of the IRanges package*

---

## Description

Return the ranges of the genomic annotation.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature RNaseq
ranges(x)
```

## Arguments

x                    An object of the [RNaseq](#) class

## Details

It retrieves the object stored in the genomicAnnotation slot of the RNaseq object and apply the ranges function on it. The object retrieved can be of the [RangedData](#) or [GRangesList](#) class.

**Value**

An `IRangesList` object, where the split is performed by seqnames (*e.g.* chromosomes).

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
obj <- new(RNaseq,
  organismName="Dmelanogaster",
  readLength=36L,
  chrSize=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster))
)

obj <- fetchAnnotation(obj,
  method="gff",
  filename=system.file(
    "extdata",
    "annot.gff",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"))
ranges(obj)

## End(Not run)
```

---

parallel additional methods

*parallel additional methods*

---

**Description**

Functions defined in the easyRNASeq package that enhance the parallel package.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature list,function
parallelize(obj = list(), fun = NULL,
  nnodes = 1, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>fun</code>	the function to be applied in parallel
<code>nnodes</code>	the number of nodes to use
<code>obj</code>	the object which processing has to be parallelizes
<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to the function fun

**Details**

The parallelize function ease the use of the parallel package. If the number of nodes provided by the user is 1, then a simple 'lapply' is used, otherwise a cluster object is created and the object dispatched for parallelization.

**Value**

the result of the [clusterApply](#) function.

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**See Also**

[clusterApply](#) [makePSOCKcluster](#) [stopCluster](#)

**Examples**

```
parallelize(list(a<-c(1,2),b<-c(2,1)),sum,nnodes=1)
```

---

print methods

*Pretty print the content of classes from the easyRNASeq package.*

---

**Description**

Print information about a [RNAseq](#), [AnnotParam](#), [BamParam](#) or [RnaSeqParam](#) object.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature RNAseq  
print(x, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	An object from class <a href="#">RNAseq</a> , <a href="#">AnnotParam</a> , <a href="#">BamParam</a> or <a href="#">RnaSeqParam</a>
verbose	A logical to have a verbose or not output. Default to FALSE For object of the <a href="#">RNAseq</a> class only.
...	Additional arguments, currently unused.

**Value**

Print information about the provided object.

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

---

RNAseq class      *Class "RNAseq"*

---

### Description

A class holding all the necessary information and annotation to summarize counts (number of reads) per features (i.e. exons or transcripts or genes) for RNA-Seq experiments.

### Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("RNAseq", ...)`.

### Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

### See Also

- [RangedData](#)
- [RleList](#)
- [easyRNASeq](#) function
- [RNAseq](#) accessors
- [easyRNASeq](#) annotation methods
- [easyRNASeq](#) correction methods
- [easyRNASeq](#) coverage methods
- [easyRNASeq](#) summarization methods
- [print](#)

### Examples

```
showClass("RNAseq")
```

---

RnaSeqParam class      *Class "RnaSeqParam"*

---

### Description

A class holding all the necessary parameters to process a bam file issued from an RNA-Seq experiment together with the related annotation to compute a count-table using the [simpleRNASeq](#) function. The precision slot is used to determine the count unit:

- `readsdefault`. The standard [GenomicAlignments](#) [summarizeOverlaps](#) function is used to extract the read counts
- `bp`The [easyRNASeq](#) [summarization](#) functions are used to extract the read covered bp counts

## Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("RnaSeqParam", ...)` or using the `RnaSeqParam` constructor.

## Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

## See Also

- [RnaSeqParam constructor](#)
- [RnaSeqParam accessors](#)
- [simpleRNASeq function](#)
- [AnnotParam](#)
- [AnnotParam constructor](#)
- [BamParam](#)
- [BamParam constructor](#)
- [summarizeOverlaps](#)
- [easyRNASeq summarization functions](#)

## Examples

```
showClass("RnaSeqParam")
```

---

ShortRead additional methods

*Methods extending the ShortRead package functionalities*

---

## Description

These are functions extending the ShortRead packages capabilities:

## Usage

```
demultiplex(obj, barcodes=c(), barcodes.qty=12, barcode.length=6,  
edition.dist=2, type=c("independant", "within"), index.only=FALSE)  
barcodePlot(obj, barcodes=c(), type=c("independant", "within"),  
barcode.length=6, show.barcode=20, ...)  
chastityFilter(.name="Illumina Chastity Filter")  
naPositionFilter(.name="NA Position Filter")
```

**Arguments**

<code>.name</code>	An internal string describing the filter
<code>obj</code>	An object derived from class <a href="#">AlignedRead</a>
<code>barcodes</code>	A character vector describing the multiplex (i.e. barcode) sequences used in the experiment.
<code>barcodes.qty</code>	An integer describing the number of barcodes
<code>barcode.length</code>	An integer describing the barcode length in bp
<code>edition.dist</code>	The maximal edition distance (i.e. the number of changes to apply), to accept an incorrectly sequenced barcode.
<code>index.only</code>	simply return the index and not the barcode themselves.
<code>show.barcode</code>	An integer specifying how many barcodes should be displayed in the final output.
<code>type</code>	The type of barcode used. <code>independent</code> represents barcodes generated by the illumina protocol; i.e. a separate additional sequencing step performed once the first mate has been sequenced. <code>within</code> represents barcodes that are part of the sequenced reads as established by Lefrancois P et al., BMC Genomics, 2009
<code>...</code>	additional graphic parameters

**Details**

- `barcodePlot` Creates a plot showing the barcode distribution of a multiplexed sequencing library.
- `chastityFilter` Creates a [SRFilter](#) instance that filters SolexaExport read according to the chastity filtering value.
- `demultiplex` Split a single [AlignedRead](#) object into a list of [AlignedRead](#) objects according to the barcodes provided by the user.
- `naPositionFilter` Creates a [SRFilter](#) instance that filters SolexaExport read having an NA position.

When demultiplexing, the function if provided with just the [AlignedRead](#) will try to find out how many barcodes were used and what they are. This is unwise to do as many barcodes will get wrongly sequenced and not always the most frequent ones are the one you used! It's therefore strongly advised to specify the barcodes' sequences that were used.

**Value**

- `barcodePlot` returns invisibly the barcode frequencies.
- `chastityFilter` returns a [SRFilter](#) instance.
- `demultiplex` returns a list of [AlignedRead](#) objects.
- `naPositionFilter` returns a [SRFilter](#) instance.

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme



**See Also**[SRFilter AlignedRead](#)**Examples**

```
## Not run:
## the barcode
barcodes=c("ACACTG","ACTAGC","ATGGCT","TTGCCA")

## the multiplexed data
alns <- readAligned(
  system.file(
    "extdata",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
  pattern="multiplex_export",
  filter=compose(
    chastityFilter(),
    nFilter(2),
    chromosomeFilter(regex="chr")),
  type="SolexaExport",
  withAll=TRUE)

## barcode plot
barcodePlot(alns,
  barcodes=barcodes,
  type="within",
  barcode.length=6,
  show.barcode=20,
  main="All samples",
  xlim=c(0,0.5))

## demultiplexing
dem.alns <- demultiplex(alns,
  barcodes=barcodes,
  edition.dist=2,
  barcodes.qty=4,
  type="within")

## plotting again
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
barcode.frequencies <- lapply(
  names(dem.alns$barcodes),
  function(barcode,alns){
    barcodePlot(
      alns$barcodes[[barcode]],
      barcodes=barcode,
      type="within",barcode.length=6,
      show.barcode=20,
      main=paste(
        "Expected barcode:",
        barcode))
  },dem.alns)
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

---

show methods	<i>Display the content of classes from the easyRNASeq package.</i>
--------------	--

---

### Description

Display the content of a [RNAseq](#), [AnnotParam](#), [BamParam](#) or [RnaSeqParam](#) object.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature RNAseq
show(object)
```

### Arguments

object            Any R object

### Methods

**list("signature(object = \"RNAseq\")")** Display the values of the different slots of the [RNAseq](#) object.

**Annot/Bam/RnaSeqParam** The respective object settings.

---

simpleRNASeq, BamFileList, RnaSeqParam-method	<i>simpleRNASeq method</i>
---	----------------------------

---

### Description

This function is a wrapper around the more low level functionalities of the package. It is the simplest way to get a [SummarizedExperiment](#) object from a set of bam files. [SummarizedExperiment](#) are containers meant to hold any Next-Generation Sequencing experiment results and metadata. The [simpleRNASeq](#) method replaces the [easyRNASeq](#) function to simplify the usability. It does the following:

- use [GenomicRanges](#) for loading/pre-processing the data.
- fetch [annotations](#) depending on the selected parameters
- extract the reads [coverage](#) from the provided file(s)
- [summarizes](#) the read counts according to the selected summarization
- returns a [SummarizedExperiment](#) object.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature BamFileList,RnaSeqParam
simpleRNASeq(bamFiles = BamFileList(),
  param = RnaSeqParam(), nnodes = 1, verbose = TRUE, override = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

bamFiles	a <a href="#">BamFileList</a> object
nnodes	The number of CPU cores to use in parallel
override	Should the provided parameters override the detected ones
param	RnaSeqParam a <a href="#">RnaSeqParam</a> object that describes the RNA-Seq experimental setup.
verbose	a logical to be report progress or not.

**Value**

returns a [SummarizedExperiment](#) object.

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**See Also**

- For the input:
  - [AnnotParam](#)
  - [BamParam](#)
  - [RnaSeqParam](#)
- For the output: [SummarizedExperiment](#)
- For related functions:
  - [BamFile](#)
  - [BamFileList](#) [getBamFileList](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
## the data
library("RnaSeqTutorial")

## get the BamFileList
bamFiles <- getBamFileList(
  dir(path=system.file("extdata",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
    pattern="^[A,T].*\\.bam$",
    full.names=TRUE))

## create the AnnotParam
```

```

annotParam <- AnnotParam(system.file(
  "extdata",
  "Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",
  package="RnaSeqTutorial"))

## create the RnaSeqParam
rnaSeqParam <- RnaSeqParam(annotParam=annotParam)

## get a SummarizedExperiment containing the counts table
sexp <- simpleRNASeq(
  bamFiles=bamFiles,
  param=rnaSeqParam,
  verbose=TRUE
)

## get the counts
assay(sexp)$exons

## End(Not run)

```

---

validate, BamFile-method

*Extension of the Rsamtools package*

---

## Description

Describes extensions to the Rsamtools package.

- For [BamFile](#) and [BamFileList](#) objects:
  - validate validates a [BamFile](#) or [BamFileList](#) object.

## Usage

```

## S4 method for signature BamFile
validate(obj, header = TRUE, cross.validation = TRUE)

```

## Arguments

obj	An object of the <a href="#">BamFile</a> or <a href="#">BamFileList</a> class
header	a boolean to (de)activate the check for a BAM header
cross.validation	a boolean - only valid for <a href="#">BamFileList</a> objects - to (de)activate the cross validation of all the BAM files header

## Details

validate checks whether the BAM file exists and if a BAI index is present.

**Value**

`validate` returns invisibly a vector of boolean. Fails anyway if any file is missing.

**Author(s)**

Nicolas Delhomme

**See Also**

- [BamFile](#)
- [BamFileList](#)

**Examples**

```
filenames <- dir(path=system.file("extdata",  
                                package="RnaSeqTutorial"),  
                pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\\\.bam$",  
                full.names=TRUE)  
  
bfl <- BamFileList(filenames, index=filenames)  
  
validate(bfl)
```

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