Package 'CAMERA'

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annotate-methods

Automatic deconvolution/annotation of LC/ESI-MS data

Description

Wrapper skript for automatic annotation of isotope peaks, adducts and fragments for a (grouped) xcmsSet xs. The function returns an xsAnnotate object.

Usage

Index

```
annotate(object, sample=NA, nSlaves=1, sigma=6, perfwhm=0.6,
  cor_eic_th=0.75, graphMethod="hcs", pval=0.05, calcCiS=TRUE,
  calcIso=FALSE, calcCaS=FALSE, maxcharge=3, maxiso=4, minfrac=0.5,
  ppm=5, mzabs=0.015, quick=FALSE, psg_list=NULL, rules=NULL,
  polarity="positive", multiplier=3, max_peaks=100, intval="into")
```

Arguments

object	xcmsSet with peak group assignments
sample	xsAnnotate: Sample selection for grouped xcmsSet, see xsAnnotate-class
nSlaves	xsAnnotate: Use parallel CAMERA mode, require Rmpi
sigma	groupFWHM: multiplier of the standard deviation

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perfwhm	groupFWHM: percentage of FWHM width
cor_eic_th	groupCorr: correlation threshold (01)
graphMethod	groupCorr: Method selection for grouping peaks after correlation analysis into pseudospectra
pval	groupCorr: significant correlation threshold
calcCiS	groupCorr: Use correlation inside samples for peak grouping
calcIso	groupCorr: Use isotopic relationship for peak grouping
calcCaS	groupCorr: Use correlation across samples for peak grouping
maxcharge	findIsotopes: max. ion charge
maxiso	findIsotopes: max. number of expected isotopes
minfrac	findIsotopes: The percentage number of samples, which must satisfy the C12/C13 rule for isotope annotation
ppm	General ppm error
mzabs	General absolut error in m/z
quick	Use only groupFWHM and findIsotopes
psg_list	Calculation will only be done for the selected groups
rules	findAdducts: User defined ruleset
polarity	findAdducts: Which polarity mode was used for measuring of the ms sample
multiplier	findAdducts: If no ruleset is provided, calculate ruleset with max. number n of [nM+x] clusterions
max_peaks	How much peaks will be calculated in every thread using the parallel mode

Details

intval

Batch script for annotation of an (grouped) xcmsSet xs. Generates an xsAnnotate object by calling all involved functions for the annotation step. Function list: 1: groupFWHM(), 2: findIsotopes(), 3: groupCorr(), 4: findAdducts() Return the xsAnnotate object, which inherits all annotations. For more information about the parameters see the specific function manpages.

General used intensity value (into, maxo, intb)

Value

annotate returns an xsAnnotate object. For more information about the xsAnnotate object see xsAnnotate-class.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

```
library(CAMERA)
file <- system.file(mzdata/MM14.mzdata, package = "CAMERA")
xs <- xcmsSet(file, method="centWave", ppm=30, peakwidth=c(5,10))
xsa <- annotate(xs)</pre>
```

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annotateDiffreport Automatic deconvolution/annotation of LC/ESI-MS data

Description

Wrapper function for the xcms diffreport and the annotate function. Returns a diffreport within the annotation results.

Usage

```
annotateDiffreport(object, sample=NA, nSlaves=1, sigma=6, perfwhm=0.6,
  cor_eic_th=0.75, graphMethod="hcs", pval=0.05, calcCiS=TRUE,
  calcIso=FALSE, calcCaS=FALSE, maxcharge=3, maxiso=4, minfrac=0.5,
  ppm=5, mzabs=0.015, quick=FALSE, psg_list=NULL, rules=NULL,
  polarity="positive", multiplier=3, max_peaks=100, intval="into",
  pval_th = NULL, fc_th = NULL, sortpval=TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

object	xcmsSet with peak group assignments
sample	xsAnnotate: Sample selection for grouped xcmsSet, see xsAnnotate-class
nSlaves	xsAnnotate: Use parallel CAMERA mode, require Rmpi
sigma	groupFWHM: multiplier of the standard deviation
perfwhm	groupFWHM: percentage of FWHM width
cor_eic_th	groupCorr: correlation threshold (01)
graphMethod	groupCorr: Method selection for grouping peaks after correlation analysis into pseudospectra
pval	groupCorr: significant correlation threshold
calcCiS	groupCorr: Use correlation inside samples for peak grouping
calcIso	groupCorr: Use isotopic relationship for peak grouping
calcCaS	groupCorr: Use correlation across samples for peak grouping
maxcharge	findIsotopes: max. ion charge
maxiso	findIsotopes: max. number of expected isotopes
minfrac	findIsotopes: The percentage number of samples, which must satisfy the C12/C13 rule for isotope annotation
ppm	General ppm error
mzabs	General absolut error in m/z
quick	Use only groupFWHM and findIsotopes
psg_list	Calculation will only be done for the selected groups
rules	findAdducts: User defined ruleset
polarity	findAdducts: Which polarity mode was used for measuring of the ms sample

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multiplier	findAdducts: If no ruleset is provided, calculate ruleset with max. number n of [nM+x] clusterions
max_peaks	How much peaks will be calculated in every thread using the parallel mode
intval	General used intensity value (into, maxo, intb)
pval_th	pval threshold. Creates a new psg_list. A pseudospectra is selected if it contains peaks, with pval $<$ pval_th
fc_th	Same as pval. Select those groups with contains peaks with fold-change $>$ fc_th. Pval_th and fc_th can be combined
sortpval	Sort diffreport after pvalues
	Diffreport parameters see diffreport

Details

Batch script wrapper for combining the annotation and the diffreport for a (grouped) xcmsSet xs. Function list: 1: diffreport(), 2: groupFWHM(), 3: findIsotopes(), 4: groupCorr(), 5: findAdducts() For a speedup calculation users can create a quick run, with quick = TRUE to preselect pseudospectra of interest. The indices of those pseudospectra are set with psg_list in a second run. On the other hand, a automatic selection with pval_th and/or fc_th can be performed. Returns the normal xcms diffreport table, with the additional CAMERA slots

Value

annotateDiffreport returns an diffreport, see diffreport, within additional columns containing the annotation results.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

```
#Multiple sample
library(CAMERA)
library(faahKO)
xs.grp <- group(faahko)
xs.fill <- fillPeaks(xs.grp)

#fast preselection
# diffreport <- annotateDiffreport(xs.fill,quick=TRUE)
# index <- c(1,18,35,45,56) #Make only for those grps a adduct annotation
# diffreport2 <- annotateDiffreport(xs.fill,psg_list=index,metlin = TRUE)

#automatic selection for groups with peaks p-val < 0.05 and fold-change > 3
# diffreport <- annotateDiffreport(xs.fill,pval_th=0.05,fc=3)</pre>
```

6 calcCaS-methods

calcCaS-methods EIC correlation grouping of LC/ESI-MS data	
--	--

Description

Calculate the correlation across samples. Filtering correlation with specific parameters and returns a correlation matrix.

Usage

```
calcCaS(object,corval=0.75, pval=0.05, intval="into")
```

Arguments

object The xsAnnotate object

corval Correlation threshold for positive hits

pval P-Value threshold for significance level of correlation

intval Selection of the intensity values that should be used in the correlation analysis.

Can be into, maxo or intb.

Details

Calculate pearson correlation between the peak intensites over all samples. Afterwards use cor.test for returning only significant correlation. Returns only those correlation, which are above both threshold. Set corval and pval to 0 to get the unfiltered correlation matrix. If the object is pregrouped with groupFWHM, then the correlation is only calculated between peaks within a pseudospectrum. Otherwise between all peaks.

Value

A matrix with 4 columns:

x peak index according to peaktabley peak index according to peaktable

cor correlation value between peak x and peak y

ps pseudospektrum index for both peaks

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

See Also

calcCiS groupCorr xsAnnotate-class

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Examples

```
library(CAMERA)
#Multiple sample
library(faahKO)
xs.grp <- group(faahko)
#create xsAnnotate object
xsa <- xsAnnotate(xs.grp)
#generate pseudospectra
xsa.group <- groupFWHM(xsa)
#calculate correlation
correlationMatrix <- calcCaS(xsa.group)</pre>
```

calcCiS-methods

Calculate peak distance matrix after EIC correlation

Description

Processing an xsAnnotate object and correlates peak EIC curves from one pseudospectrum, using a precalculated EIC matrix (getAllPeakEICs). It return a weighted edge list as distance matrix between peaks according to the correlation analysis. The edge value is the pearson correlation coefficient. The list can be used as input for calcPC.

Usage

```
calcCiS(object, EIC=EIC, corval=0.75, pval=0.05, psg_list=NULL)
```

Arguments

object The xsAnnotate object

EIC EIC Matrix

corval Correlation threshold for the EIC correlation
pval pvalue for testing correlation of significance

psg_list Vector of pseudospectra indices. The correlation analysis will be only done for

those groups

Details

The algorithm correlates the EIC of a every peak with all others, to find the peaks that belong to one substance. LC/MS data should grouped with groupFWHM first. This step reduce the runtime a lot and increased the number of correct classifications. Only correlation with a higher value than the correlation threshold and significant p-values will be returned.

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Value

A matrix with 4 columns:

x peak index y peak index cor correlation value

ps pseudospectrum index, which contains x and y

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

See Also

calcCaS groupCorr getAllPeakEICs xsAnnotate-class

calcIsotopes-methods Calculate isotope distance matrix from xsAnnotate object

Description

Processing an xsAnnotate object with annotated isotopes (findIsotopes). It return a weighted edge list as distance matrix between peaks according to the isotope annotation. The edge value for recognized isotopes is 1 for all cases. The list can be used as input for calcPC.

Arguments

object xsAnnotate object

Value

A matrix with 4 columns:

x peak index y peak index

cor edge value, always 1

ps pseudospectrum index, which contains x and y

Methods

```
object = "xsAnnotate" calcIsotopes(object)
```

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl, <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

See Also

calcPC xsAnnotate-class

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calcPC-methods	Peakclustering into pseudospectra according to a distance matrix

Description

A number of clustering methods exist in CAMERA. calcPC is the generic method.

Usage

```
calcPC(object, method, ...)
```

Arguments

object xsAnnotate-class object

method Method to use for clustering. See details.
... Optional arguments to be passed along

Details

This algorithms cluster peaks from a xsAnnotate object into pseudospectra according to a provided distance matrix. Therefore all peaks are transformend into a graph, with peaks as nodes and the value from the distance matrix as edges. Afterwards a graph separation algorithm is applied, which searches in the graph for clusters. See the manpages of the specific clustering algorithms for more information.

If the xsAnnotate is pregrouped, for example groupFWHM, only the already existing groups will be further processed.

The different algorithms that can be used by specifying them with the method argument. For example to use the highly connected subgraphs approach by E. Hartuv, R. Shamir, (1999), one would use: calcPC(object, method="hcs"). This is also the default, see calcPC.hcs.

Further arguments given by . . . are passed through to the function implementing the method, which are most likely ajc. The parameter ajc is the peak distance matrix.

getOption("BioC") \$CAMERA\$findPeaks.methods returns a character vector of *nicknames* for the algorithms available.

The function returns a xsAnnotate object with grouping information, as list of peak indices. They are stored as object@pspectra.

See Also

```
calcPC.lpc calcPC.hcs xsAnnotate-class
```

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	calcPC.hcs	Peakclustering into pseudospectra with the highly connected subgraphs approach
--	------------	--

Description

Cluster peaks from an xsAnnotate object into pseudospectra

Arguments

object	xsAnnotate object
ajc	Weighted symbolic edge list as four column matrix ("x","y","cor","ps"). Columns x,y are peak indices, cor the edge value and ps the pseudospectrum index, where both peaks occur.
psg_list	additional vector ps pseudospectra indices, which are used in the clustering. If set to NULL all pseudospectra will be processed.

Details

In some cases, is the peak grouping after retentiontime with groupFWHM not enough to separate co-elution compounds. Therefore groupCorr use additional correlation analysis to achieve a separation. calcPC is part of this approach, which takes the calculated weighted edge list and performs the graph clustering. It returns an xsAnnotate object with further separated pseudospectra.

Methods

```
object = "xsAnnotate" calcPC.hcs(object, ajc=NULL, psg_list=NULL)
```

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl, <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

See Also

calcPC groupCorr highlyConnSG xsAnnotate-class

calcPC.lpc	Peakclustering	into	pseudospectra	with	the	label-propagation-
	community algo	rithm				

Description

Cluster peaks from an xsAnnotate object into pseudospectra

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Arguments

object	xsAnnotate object

ajc Weighted symbolic edge list as four column matrix ("x","y","cor","ps"). Columns

x,y are peak indices, cor the edge value and ps the pseudospectrum index, where

both peaks occur.

psg_list additional vector ps pseudospectra indices, which are used in the clustering. If

set to NULL all pseudospectra will be processed.

Details

In some cases, is the peak grouping after retentiontime with groupFWHM not enough to separate co-elution compounds. Therefore groupCorr use additional correlation analysis to achieve a separation. calcPC is part of this approach, which takes the calculated weighted edge list and performs the graph clustering. It returns an xsAnnotate object with further separated pseudospectra.

Methods

```
object = "xsAnnotate" calcPC.lpc(object, ajc=NULL, psg_list=NULL)
```

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl, <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

See Also

calcPC groupCorr xsAnnotate-class label.propagation.community

cleanParallel

Cleans up with spawned slave processes after use

Description

The spawned slaves processes, which are created within the parallel mode, are closed explicit.

Usage

```
cleanParallel(object)
```

Arguments

object xsAnnotate object

Details

The function needs a xsAnnotate object after groupCorr or groupFWHM. The resulting object is a artificial xcmsSet, where the peaks with the specific neutral loss are stored in xcmsSet@peaks.

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Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

Examples

```
library(CAMERA)
file <- system.file(mzdata/MM14.mzdata, package = "CAMERA")
xs <- xcmsSet(file, method="centWave", ppm=30, peakwidth=c(5,10))
an <- xsAnnotate(xs, polarity="positive", nSlaves=2)
an <- groupFWHM(an)
an <- findAdducts(an)
cleanParallel(an)</pre>
```

combinexsAnnos

Check CAMERA ion species annotation due to matching with opposite ion mode

Description

This function check annoations of ion species with the help of a sample from opposite ion mode. As first step it searches for pseudospectra from the positive and the negative sample within a retention time window. For every result the m/z differences between both samples are matched against specific rules, which are combinations from pos. and neg. ion species. As example M+H and M-H with a m/z difference of 2.014552. If two ions matches such a difference, the ion annotations are changed (previous annotation is wrong), confirmed or added. Returns the peaklist from one ion mode with recalculated annotations.

Usage

```
combinexsAnnos(xsa.pos, xsa.neg, pos=TRUE, tol=2, ruleset=NULL)
```

Arguments

xsa.pos	xsAnnotate object with positive ion mode
xsa.neg	xsAnnotate object with neagtive ion mode

pos If TRUE the peaklist from the positive mode is returned, if FALSE the negative

tol Retention time window in seconds ruleset Matrix of matching rules, see example

Details

Both xsAnnotate object should be full processed (grouping and annotation). Without previous annotation the resulting peaklist only includes annotation with matches peaks from both mode according to the rule(s). With ruleset=NULL the function only looks for M+H/M-H pairs. The ruleset is a two column matrix with includes rule indices from the rule table of both xsAnnotate objects. ruleset <- cbind(1,1) would create the M+H/M-H rule, since the first rule of xsa.pos@ruleset and xsa.neg@ruleset is M+H respectively M-H. Only rules with identical charge can be combined!

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Value

Returns a (normal) CAMERA peaklist with a additional column neg. Mode or pos. Mode, where matching peaks from the opposite mode are noted.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

Examples

```
## Not run:
#Searches for M+H/M-H combinations within a retention time window of 2 seconds
peaklist.pos <- combinexsAnnos(xsa.pos, xsa.neg, tol=2)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

findAdducts-methods

Calculate Adducts and Annotate LC/ESI-MS Spectra

Description

Annotate adducts (and fragments) for a xsAnnotate object. Returns a xsAnnotate object with annotated pseudospectra.

Usage

```
findAdducts(object, ppm=5, mzabs=0.015, multiplier=3,
polarity=NULL, rules=NULL, max_peaks=100, psg_list=NULL)
```

Arguments

object	the xsAnnotate object
ppm	ppm error for the search
mzabs	allowed variance for the search
multiplier	highest number(n) of allowed clusterion [nM+ion]
polarity	Which polarity mode was used for measuring of the ms sample
rules	personal ruleset or with NULL standard ruleset will be calculated
max_peaks	If run in parralel mode, this number defines how much peaks will be calculated in every thread
psg_list	Vector of pseudospectra indices. The correlation analysis will be only done for those groups

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Details

Adducts (and fragments) are annotated for a xsAnnotate object. For every pseudospectra group, generated bei groupFWHM and groupCorr, all possible Adducts are calculated and mapped to the peaks. If at least two adducts match, a possible molecule-mass for the group can be calculated. After the annotation every masshypothese is checked against the charge of the calculated isotopes. It is recommend to call findIsotopes() before the annotation step.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

Examples

```
library(CAMERA)
file <- system.file(mzdata/MM14.mzdata, package = "CAMERA")
xs <- xcmsSet(file, method="centWave", ppm=30, peakwidth=c(5,10))
an <- xsAnnotate(xs)
an <- groupFWHM(an)
an <- findIsotopes(an) # optional but recommended.
#an <- groupCorr(an) # optional but very recommended step
an <- findAdducts(an,polarity="positive")
peaklist <- getPeaklist(an) # get the annotated peak list</pre>
```

findIsotopes

Deconvolute/Annotate LC/ESI-MS data

Description

Annotate isotope peaks for a xsAnnotate object. Returns a xsAnnotate object with annotated isotopes.

Usage

```
findIsotopes(object, maxcharge=3, maxiso=4, ppm=5, mzabs=0.01, intval=c("maxo", "into", "intb"), minfr
```

Arguments

object	the xsAnnotate object
maxcharge	max. number of the isotope charge
maxiso	max. number of the isotope peaks
ppm	ppm error for the search
mzabs	allowed variance for the search
intval	choose intensity values for C12/C13 check. Allowed values are into, maxo, intb
minfrac	in case of multiple samples, percentaged value of samples, which have to contain the correct $C12/C13$ ratio and are not NA
isotopeMatrix	four column m/z-diff and ratio Matrix, for matching isotopic peaks.
filter	Should C12/C13 filter be applied

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Details

Isotope peaks are annotated for a xsAnnotate object according to given rules (maxcharge, maxiso). The algorithm benefits from a earlier grouping of the data, with groupFWHM. Generates a list of all possible isotopes, which is stored in object@isotopes. Those isotope information will be used in the groupCorr funtion. The itensity of the C13 isotope peak is checked against the C12 of proper ratio. In the case of mulitiple sample, all samples will be tested. Minfrac describe the minimal percentaged of samples, which must passed the test. If peaks are NA, then this sample is skipped and the ratio is (found correct C12/C13 ratio) / (samples containing C12 and C13 peak).

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

Examples

```
library(CAMERA)
file <- system.file(mzdata/MM14.mzdata, package = "CAMERA")
xs <- xcmsSet(file, method="centWave", ppm=30, peakwidth=c(5,10))
an <- xsAnnotate(xs)
an <- groupFWHM(an)
an <- findIsotopes(an)</pre>
```

findKendrickMasses

Find specfic mass defects using Kendrick mass scales

Description

Todo

Usage

```
findKendrickMasses(object, masses=c(14, 14.01565),
maxHomologue=4, error=0.002, time=60, intval="maxo",
plot=FALSE)
```

Arguments

object xsAnnotate object

masses nominal mass and exact mass

error allowed mass difference in Da for matching Kendrick mass defect

maxHomologue max number of homologue

time allowed retention time difference between homologues intval intensity value (allowed values: maxo,into or intb)

plot plot hits

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Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

Examples

```
library(CAMERA)
library(faahKO)
xs <- group(faahko)

#With specific selected sample
xsa <- xsAnnotate(xs)
#Screen for substance with CH2 differences
findKendrickMasses(xsa, masses=c(14, 14.01565), plot=TRUE)</pre>
```

findNeutralLoss

Find pseudospectra that contains a specific neutral loss

Description

The method searches in every pseudospectra for a distance between two ions matching a provided mass difference. It returns a xcmsSet object containing the matching peaks.

Usage

```
findNeutralLoss(object, mzdiff=NULL, mzabs=0, mzppm=10)
```

Arguments

object xsAnnotate object
mzdiff neutral loss in Dalton
mzabs absolut allowed mass difference
mzppm relative allowed mass difference

Details

The function needs a xsAnnotate object after groupCorr or groupFWHM. The resulting object is a artificial xcmsSet, where the peaks with the specific neutral loss are stored in xcmsSet@peaks.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

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Examples

```
library(CAMERA)
file <- system.file(mzdata/MM14.mzdata, package = "CAMERA")
xs <- xcmsSet(file, method="centWave", ppm=30, peakwidth=c(5,10))
an <- xsAnnotate(xs)
an <- groupFWHM(an)
#Searches for Peaks with water loss
xs.pseudo <- findNeutralLoss(an,mzdiff=18.01,mzabs=0.01)
xs.pseudo@peaks #show Hits</pre>
```

findNeutralLossSpecs Find pseudospectra that contains a specific neutral loss

Description

The method searches in every pseudospectra for a distance between two ions matching a provided mass difference. It returns a boolean vector with the length equals to the number of pseudospectra, where a hit is marked with TRUE.

Usage

```
findNeutralLossSpecs(object, mzdiff=NULL, mzabs=0, mzppm=10)
```

Arguments

```
object xsAnnotate object
mzdiff neutral loss in Dalton
mzabs absolut allowed mass difference
mzppm relative allowed mass difference
```

Details

The function needs a xsAnnotate object after groupCorr or groupFWHM.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

```
library(CAMERA)
file <- system.file(mzdata/MM14.mzdata, package = "CAMERA")
xs <- xcmsSet(file, method="centWave", ppm=30, peakwidth=c(5,10))
an <- xsAnnotate(xs)
an <- groupFWHM(an)
#Searches for Pseudspecta with water loss
hits <- findNeutralLossSpecs(an, mzdiff=18.01, mzabs=0.01)</pre>
```

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getAllPeakEICs

Generate EIC information from raw data

Description

Generate EIC data out of the raw data, according to the peak peaker information.

Usage

```
getAllPeakEICs(object, index)
```

Arguments

object The xsAnnotate object

index Sample index vector, with the same length as the number of peaks. Encoding

from with sample the peak should be extracted. If all peaks should be generated

from the same sample set index = rep(sample index, peak count)

Details

The function extract from the raw data the EIC curves. Therefore all .netcdf, .mzdata etc. files must be acessable. It returns a list with two item.

Value

A list with items:

EIC EIC Matrix with rows = number of peaks and columns = maxscans. It con-

tains mostly NA values and only in that part, where a peak had been found, the

intensity information.

scantimes Scantimes of each sample

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

See Also

```
xsAnnotate-class
```

```
library(CAMERA)
#Multiple sample
library(faahKO)
xs.grp <- group(faahko)
#create xsAnnotate object</pre>
```

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```
xsa <- xsAnnotate(xs.grp)
#generate pseudospectra
xsa.group <- groupFWHM(xsa)

#calculate correlation
tmp <- getAllPeakEICs(xsa.group,index=rep(1,nrow(xsa.group@groupInfo)))
#extract EIC matrix
EIC.matrix <- tmp$EIC;</pre>
```

getIsotopeCluster

Retrieve the annotated isotopes

Description

Extract all annotated isotope cluster. Returns a list with one element per cluster. A element contains the charge of the molecule and a peakmatrix with mz and intensity value.

Usage

```
getIsotopeCluster(object, number=NULL, value="maxo", sampleIndex=NULL)
```

Arguments

object xsAnnotate object

number Set to NULL extract all isotope cluster or to specific chosen ones

value Which intensity values should be extracted. Allowed values are: maxo, into,

intb

sampleIndex Selection vector with indexes to select from which sample(s) the intensity values

should be retrieved. If set to NULL the sample is selected, which has been

chosen for the pseudospectra in the grouping step

Details

This method extract the isotope annotation from a xsAnnotate object. The order of the resulting list is the same as the one in the peaklist, see getPeaklist.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

```
#single sample
library(CAMERA)
file <- system.file(mzdata/MM14.mzdata, package = "CAMERA")
xs <- xcmsSet(file, method="centWave", ppm=30, peakwidth=c(5,10))
an <- xsAnnotate(xs)
an <- groupFWHM(an)</pre>
```

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```
an <- findIsotopes(an)</pre>
 isolist <- getIsotopeCluster(an)</pre>
 isolist[[10]] #get IsotopeCluster 10
 #multiple sample
 library(faahKO)
 xs <- group(faahko)</pre>
 xs <- fillPeaks(xs)</pre>
 an <- xsAnnotate(xs)
 an <- groupFWHM(an)
 an <- findIsotopes(an)</pre>
 isolist <- getIsotopeCluster(an)</pre>
 #Select from multiple samples
 isolist <- getIsotopeCluster(an, sampleIndex=c(1,2,5))</pre>
 ##Interaction with Rdisop
## Not run:
 library(Rdisop)
 isotopes.decomposed <- lapply(isolist,function(x) {</pre>
   decomposeIsotopes(x$peaks[,1],x$peaks[,2],z=x$charge);
 }) #decomposed isotope cluster, filter steps are recommended
## End(Not run)
```

getPeaklist

Generate the annotatad peaklist

Description

Extract all information from an xsAnnotate object. Returns a peaklist with annotated peaks.

Usage

```
getPeaklist(object, intval="into")
```

Arguments

object xsAnnotate object

intval Choose intensity values. Allowed values are into, maxo, intb

Details

This function extract the peaktable from an xsAnnotate object, containing three additional columns (isotopes, adducts, pseudospectrum) with represents the annotation results. For a grouped xcmsSet it returns the grouped peaktable.

getpspectra 21

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

Examples

```
library(CAMERA)
file <- system.file(mzdata/MM14.mzdata, package = "CAMERA")
xs <- xcmsSet(file, method="centWave", ppm=30, peakwidth=c(5,10))
an <- xsAnnotate(xs)
an <- groupFWHM(an)
an <- findIsotopes(an)
an <- findAdducts(an,polarity="positive")
peaklist <- getPeaklist(an)</pre>
```

getpspectra

Retrieve a peaklist of one or more pseudospectra

Description

Extract group(s) from a xsAnnotate object. Returns a peaklist as matrix with annotated peaks.

Usage

```
getpspectra(object, grp)
```

Arguments

object xsAnnotate object

grp index of pseudo-spectra-group

Details

xsAnnotate groups LC/MS Peaklist after there EIC correlation and FWHM. These function extract one or more of these so called "pseudo spectra groups" with include the peaklist with there annotations. The annotation depends on a before called findAdducts() (and findIsotopes()). Important: The indices for the isotopes, are those from the whole peaklist. See getPeaklist().

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

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Examples

```
library(CAMERA)
file <- system.file(mzdata/MM14.mzdata, package = "CAMERA")
xs <- xcmsSet(c(file), method="centWave", ppm=30, peakwidth=c(5,10))
an <- xsAnnotate(xs)
an <- groupFWHM(an)
#For one group
peaklist <- getpspectra(an, 1)
#For two groups
peaklist <- getpspectra(an, c(1,2))</pre>
```

groupCorr

EIC correlation grouping of LC/ESI-MS data

Description

Peak grouping after correlation information into pseudospectrum groups for an xsAnnotate object. Return an xsAnnotate object with grouping information.

Usage

```
groupCorr(object,cor_eic_th=0.75, pval=0.05, graphMethod="hcs",
calcIso = FALSE, calcCiS = TRUE, calcCaS = FALSE, psg_list=NULL, xraw=NULL,
cor_exp_th=0.75, ...)
```

Arguments

object	The xsAnnotate object
cor_eic_th	Correlation threshold for EIC correlation
pval	p-value threshold for testing correlation of significance
graphMethod	Clustering method for resulting correlation graph. See calcPC for more details.
calcIso	Include isotope detection informationen for graph clustering
calcCiS	Calculate correlation inside samples
calcCaS	Calculate correlation accross samples
psg_list	Vector of pseudospectra indices. The correlation analysis will be only done for those groups
xraw	Optional xcmsRaw object, which should be used for raw data extraction
cor_exp_th	Threshold for intensity correlations across samples
	Additional parameter

groupCorr 23

Details

The algorithm calculates different informations for group peaks into so called pseudospectra. This pseudospectra contains peaks, with have a high correlation between each other. So far three different kind of information are available. Correlation of intensities across samples (need more than 3 samples), EIC correlation between peaks inside a sample and additional the informationen about recognized isotope cluster can be included. After calculation of all these informations, they are combined as edge value into a graph object. A following graph clustering algorithm separate the peaks (nodes in the graph) into the pseudospectra.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

See Also

calcCiS calcCaS calcPC xsAnnotate-class

```
library(CAMERA)
            <- system.file(mzdata/MM14.mzdata, package = "CAMERA");</pre>
file
            <- xcmsSet(file, method="centWave", ppm=30, peakwidth=c(5, 10));</pre>
XS
an
            <- xsAnnotate(xs);
an.group
            <- groupFWHM(an);
            <- findIsotopes(an.group); #optional step for using isotope information
an.iso
an.grp.corr <- groupCorr(an.iso, calcIso=TRUE);</pre>
#For csv output
# write.csv(file="peaklist_with_isotopes.csv",getPeaklist(an))
#Multiple sample
library(faahK0)
             <- group(faahko)
xs.grp
#With selected sample
             <- xsAnnotate(xs.grp, sample=1)
xsa
xsa.group
             <- groupFWHM(xsa)
             <- findIsotopes(xsa.group) #optional step</pre>
xsa.iso
xsa.grp.corr <- groupCorr(xsa.iso, calcIso=TRUE)</pre>
#With automatic selection
xsa.auto
          <- xsAnnotate(xs.grp)</pre>
xsa.grp
             <- groupFWHM(xsa.auto)</pre>
xsa.iso
             <- findIsotopes(xsa.grp) #optional step</pre>
             <- c(1,4) #Only group one and four will be calculate
index
#We use also correlation across sample
xsa.grp.corr <- groupCorr(xsa.iso, psg_list=index, calcIso=TRUE, calcCaS=TRUE)</pre>
#Note: Group 1 and 4 have no subgroups
```

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groupDen

Density-Grouping of LC/ESI-MS data

Description

Group peaks of a xsAnnotate object according to peak distributions in chromatographic time into pseudospectra-groups. Works analogous as the group.density method of xcms. Returns xsAnnotate object with pseudospectra informations.

Usage

```
groupDen(object, bw = 5 , ...)
```

Arguments

object the xsAnnotate object

bw bandwidth (standard deviation or half width at half maximum) of gaussian smooth-

ing kernel to apply to the peak density chromatogram

... Further Arguments, NYI

Details

The grouping strongly depends on the bw parameter. For an UPLC a good starting point is smaller or around 1.

Value

Returns a grouped xsAnnotate object.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

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```
xsa.grp <- groupDen(xsa)

#With automatic selection
xsa.auto <- xsAnnotate(xs)
xsa.grp.auto <- groupDen(xsa.auto)</pre>
```

groupFWHM

FWHM-Grouping of LC/ESI-MS data

Description

Group peaks of a xsAnnotate object according to there retention time into pseudospectra-groups. Uses the peak FWHMs as grouping borders. Returns xsAnnotate object with pseudospectra informations.

Usage

```
groupFWHM(object, sigma = 6 , perfwhm = 0.6, intval = "maxo")
```

Arguments

object the xsAnnotate object

sigma the multiplier of the standard deviation
perfwhm percentage of the width of the FWHM

intval intensity values for ordering. Allowed values are into, maxo, intb

Details

Every peak who eluate at the same time-point as a selected peak, will be part of the group. Same time-point is defined about the Rt_med +/- FWHM * perfwhm. For a single sample xcmsSet the selection of peaks starts at the most abundant and goes down to the smaller ones. With a multiple sample set the automatic selection uses the most abundant peak as an representative for every feature group, according to the xcms grouping. With the xsAnnotate sample parameter a sample selection can be defined to use only specific samples. See xsAnnotate-class for further information. The FWHM (full width at half maximum) of a peak is estimated as FWHM = SD * 2.35. For the calculation of the SD, the peak is assumed as normal distributed.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

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Examples

```
library(CAMERA)
#Single sample
file <- system.file(mzdata/MM14.mzdata, package = "CAMERA")</pre>
xs <- xcmsSet(file, method="centWave", ppm=30, peakwidth=c(5,10))</pre>
an
    <- xsAnnotate(xs)
    <- groupFWHM(an)
an
#Multiple sample
library(faahKO)
xs <- group(faahko)</pre>
#With specific selected sample
xs.anno <- xsAnnotate(xs, sample=1)</pre>
xs.group <- groupFWHM(xs.anno)</pre>
#With automatic selection
xs.anno.auto <- xsAnnotate(xs)</pre>
xs.group.auto <- groupFWHM(xs.anno.auto)</pre>
```

mm14

Extract of marker mixture 14 LC/MS data

Description

xcmsSet object containing quantitated LC/MS peaks from a marker mixture. The data is a centroided subset from 117-650 m/z and 271-302 seconds with 134 peaks. Positive ionization mode data in mzData file format.

Usage

```
data(mm14)
```

Format

The format is:

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```
.....$: num [1:112] 270 271 271 271 272 ...
....$ corrected:List of 1
.....$: num [1:112] 270 271 271 271 272 ...
.@ filepaths: chr "mzdata/MM14.mzdata"
..@ profinfo :List of 2
....$ method: chr "bin"
....$ step : num 0.1
..@ polarity: chr(0)
```

Details

The corresponding raw mzData files are located in the mzData subdirectory of this package.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

Source

http://doi:10.1186/1471-2105-9-504

References

Data originally reported in "Highly sensitive feature detection for high resolution LC/MS" BMC Bioinformatics; 2008; 9:504.

plotEICs-methods

Plot extracted ion chromatograms from (multiple) Pseudospectra

Description

Batch plot a list of extracted ion chromatograms to the current graphics device.

Arguments

object the xsAnnotate object
xraw xcmsRaw object underlying the the xsAnnotate
maxlabel How many m/z labels to print
sleep seconds to pause between plotting EICs

... other graphical parameters

Value

None.

Methods

```
object = "xsAnnotate" plotEICs(object, xraw, pspec=1:length(object@pspectra), maxlabel=0, sle
```

Author(s)

Steffen Neumann, <sneumann@ipb-halle.de>

See Also

```
xsAnnotate-class, png, pdf, postscript,
```

plotPsSpectrum-methods

Plot a Pseudospectrum

Description

Plot a pseudospectrum, with the most intense peaks labelled, to the current graphics device.

Usage

plotPsSpectrum(object, pspec=1:length(object@pspectra), log=FALSE, value="into", maxlabel=0, title=

Arguments

object the xsAnnotate object

pspec ID of the pseudospectrum to print

log Boolean, whether the log(intensity) should be shown

value Which of a peak's intensities should be used

maxlabel How many m/z labels to print

title Main title of the Plot

mzrange Which m/z range should plotted

sleep Time (in seconds) to wait between successive Spectra, if multiple pspec are

requested.

cexMulti Cex multiplier for peak labels

... Additional parameter for function plot

Value

None.

Methods

```
signature(object = "xsAnnotate") object deriviving from class "xsAnnotate"
```

psDist-methods 29

Author(s)

Steffen Neumann, <sneumann@ipb-halle.de>

See Also

```
xsAnnotate-class, png, pdf, postscript,
```

psDist-methods	Distance methods for xsAnnotate	

Description

The package xcms contains several methods for calculating a distance between two sets of peaks. the CAMERA method psDist is the generic wrapper to use these methods for processing two pseudospectra from two different xsAnnotate objects.

Arguments

object1	a xsAnnotate object with pseudospectra
object2	a xsAnnotate object with pseudospectra
PSpec1	index of pseudospectrum in object1
PSpec2	index of pseudospectrum in object2
method	method to use for distance calculation. See details.
	mzabs, mzppm and parameters for the distance function.

Details

Different algorithms can be used by specifying them with the method argument. For example to use the "meanMZmatch" approach one would use: specDist(object1, object2, pspectrum1, pspectrum2, method="meanThis is also the default.

Further arguments given by . . . are passed through to the function implementing the method.

A character vector of *nicknames* for all the algorithms which are available is returned by getOption("BioC")\$xcms\$specDis If the nickname of a method is called "meanMZmatch", the help page for that specific method can be accessed with ?specDist.meanMZmatch.

Value

```
mzabs maximum absolute deviation for two matching peaks
mzppm relative deviations in ppm for two matching peaks
symmetric use symmetric pairwise m/z-matches only, or each match
```

Methods

```
object1 = "xsAnnotate" specDist(object1, object2, pspectrum1, pspectrum2, method,...)
```

30 pspec2metfrag

Author(s)

Joachim Kutzera, <jkutzer@ipb-halle.de>

pspec2metfrag

Export the putative fragments as MetFrag query files

Description

MetFrag is an in-silico metabolite identification system, which aims to putatively identify compounds from fragmentation MS data, expecially from tandem-MS, but also in-source fragments might give additional hints on top of the accurate mass of the precursor alone.

Usage

```
pspec2metfrag(object, pspecidx=NULL, filedir=NULL)
pspec2metfusion(object, pspecidx=NULL, filedir=NULL)
```

Arguments

object an xsAnnotate object

pspecidx Index of pspectra to export, if NULL then all are exported.

filedir Directory for placement of batch query files

Details

For each spectrum in pspecidx (or all in the xsAnnotate object), for each [M] mass hypothesis, remove all non-fragment peaks (isotopes, clusters, adducts) and pass them to MetFrag and MetFusion batch query files.

Value

Returns a list

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

ruleSet 31

ruleSet Class ruleSet

Description

The class ruleSet is used to read lists of ions, adducts and neutral losses, and compile the dynamic ruleSet from those. This makes it possible to modify the default rules for certain analytical settings.

Slots

```
ionlistfile: File of known charged ions, an example is found in CAMERA/lists/ions.csv .
neutrallossfile: File of known neutral losses, an example is found in CAMERA/lists/neutralloss.csv.
neutraladditionfile: File of known adducts, an example is found in CAMERA/lists/lists/neutraladdition.csv .
ionlist: Known charged ions.
neutralloss: Known neutral losses.
neutraladdition: Known adducts.
maxcharge: .
mol : .
nion : .
nnloss : .
nnadd : .
nh : .
polarity : Polarity of the ruleSet.
rules: data.frame of resulting mass differences, this is the dynamic ruleSet.
lib.loc Path to local R library
```

Extends

```
Class "Versioned", directly.
```

Methods

Methods implemented for ruleSet

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Author(s)

Steffen Neumann and Carsten Kuhl

Examples

```
r <- new("ruleSet");
r2 <- setDefaultLists(r);
r3 <- readLists(r2);
r4 <- setDefaultParams(r3);
r5 <- generateRules(r4)
dim(r5@rules)</pre>
```

xsAnnotate

xsAnnotate constructor for an provided xcmsSet object

Description

This function deals with the construction of an xsAnnotate object. It extracts the peaktable from a provided xcmsSet, which is used for all further analysis. The xcmsSet can be a single sample or multiple sample experiment. Since some functions needs the raw data a selection algorithm must be choosen in the case of a multiple sample. CAMERA includes two different strategies: A defined selection of samples (sample = indices of samples) or the default automatic solution (sample = NA). The automatic solution chooses the best sample for a specific groups called pseudospectrum, see groupFWHM and groupCorr. It returns a xsAnnotate object, see xsAnnotate-class.

Usage

```
xsAnnotate(xs = NULL, sample=NA, nSlaves = 1, polarity = NULL)
```

Arguments

xs	a xcmsSet object
sample	Indices of the group xcmsSet sample, that are used for the EIC correlation step. For automatic selection don't set a value. For use all samples simply define sample = $c(1:n)$, with $n = number$ of samples.
nSlaves	For parallel mode set nSlaves higher than 1, but not higher than the number of cpu cores.
polarity	Set polarity mode: "positive" or "negative"

Value

A xsAnnotate object.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl, <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

xsAnnotate-class 33

See Also

```
xsAnnotate-class
```

Examples

```
library(faahKO)
xs <- group(faahko)
xsa <- xsAnnotate(xs, sample=c(1:12))
#With automatic selection
xsa.autoselect <- xsAnnotate(xs)</pre>
```

xsAnnotate-class

Class xsAnnotate, a class for annotated peak data

Description

This class transforms a xcmsSet object with peaks from multiple LC/MS or GC/MS samples into a set of annotation results. It contains searching algorithms for isotopes and adducts, peak grouping algorithms to find connected peak, which originate from the same molecule.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created with the xsAnnotate constructor which include the peaktable from a provided xcmsSet. Objects can also be created by calls of the form new("xsAnnotate", ...).

Slots

annoID: The assignment of mass hypotheses to correlation groups
annoID: The assignment of peaks to the mass difference rule used
derivativeIons: List with annotation result for every peak
formula: Matrix containing putative sum formula (intended for future use)
isoID: Matrix containing IDs and additional of all annotated isotope peaks
groupInfo: (grouped) Peaktable with "into" values
isotopes: List with annotated isotopid results for every peak
polarity: A single string with the polarity mode of the peaks
pspectra: List contains all pseudospectra with there peak IDs
psSamples: List containing information with sample was sample was selected as representative
(automatic selection)
ruleset: A dataframe describing the mass difference rules used for the annotion
runParallel: Flag if CAMERA runs in serial or parallel mode
sample: Number of the used xcmsSet sample (beforehand sample selection)
xcmsSet: The embedded xcmsSet

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Methods

Note

No notes yet.

Author(s)

Carsten Kuhl, <ckuhl@ipb-halle.de>

See Also

xsAnnotate

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